





















PRESCHOOL AGE PSYCHIATRIC ASSESSMENT (PAPA)

Core Diagnostic Modules DSM 5 Version (Depression, Anxiety, ODD/CD, ADHD, and Impairment Modules)

Version 10.0.0

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Derived from the Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Assessment (CAPA) Angold Cox, Prendergast, Rutter & Simonoff;

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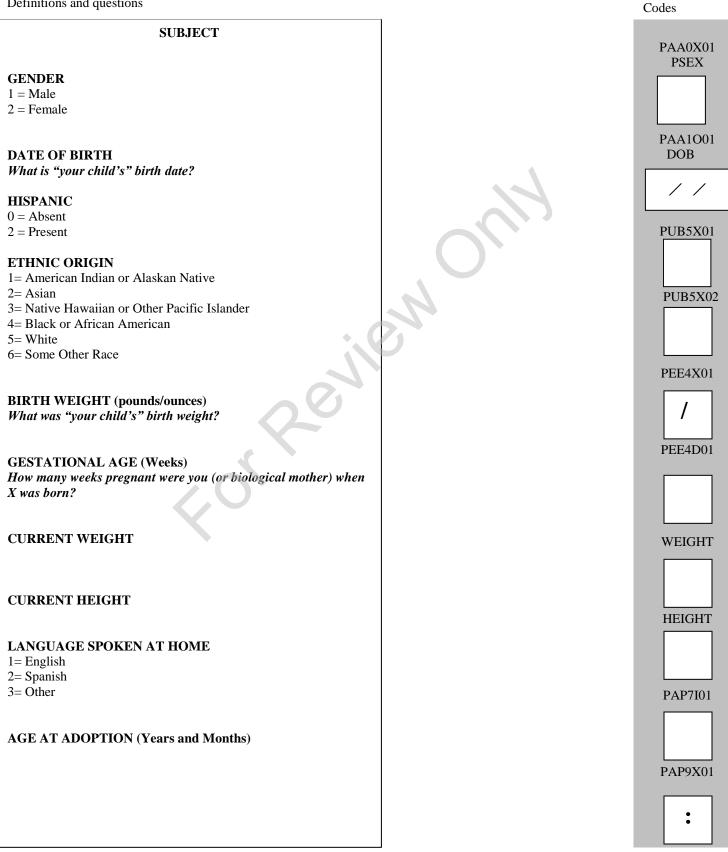
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Definitions and questions	_	Codes
INTERVIEW #		PAPAID
INTERVIEWER		PAA3X01 PVIEWER
DATE OF INTERVIEW	O	PAA4001
		//
FIRST DAY OF PRIMARY PERIOD		PAP0X01
8-0		/ /
START TIME OF INTERVIEW		PAQ1D01
		PQA9X12
END TIME OF INTERVIEW		:

Codes **QUALITY OF INTERVIEW PQA9X01** Quality of interview Code your subjective impression as to the quality of the information collected during the interview. The subject may have refused to provide adequate descriptions of symptoms or been deliberately Adequacy of Interview misleading on occasion. PQA9X02 0= Adequate Misleading Answers or Lies 2= The interview is inadequate, in relation to the specified area, only in certain parts of the interview. Note the section where data PQA9X03 **Did Not Answer Many Questions** is probably inadequate. Verbally 3= The whole interview is inadequate. PQA9X04 **Guarded Informant** Fork Refused to Continue PQA9X05 Impaired Consciousness PQA9X06 Intoxicated with Alcohol or Drugs **POA9X07** Unsuitable Interview Environment **PQA9X08** Interviewer Comments _____



PARENTAL FIGURES

What is the current marital status of the child's biological parents?

Are they married? Divorced? Separated? Do they "live together" without being married? Have they lived together for more than 6 months or less than 6 months? Have they ever lived together?

YEARS BIOLOGICAL PARENTS LIVED TOGETHER

How long have the biological parents lived together?

PARENT #1: Name_____

What is your relationship with "the child"?

Are you the biological parent? Are you the adoptive parent? Step parent? Live-in partner of one parent? More than 6 months or less than 6 months? Grandparent? Some other relative like an aunt or uncle? Foster parent? An unrelated adult serving as a parent?

Gender

M= Male F= Female

AGE How old are you?

EDUCATION

How many years of school did you complete? Did you go to college?

Codes PAB2X01 **BIOLOGICAL PARENTS** MARITAL STATUS 1= Married 2= Widowed 3= Separated 4= Divorced 5= Cohabited>6 months PAB3F01 6= Cohabited<6 months 7= Never cohabited PAB5X01 **PARENT #1:** 1= Biological parent 2= Adoptive parent 3= Step parent 4= Live-in partner of one parent (> 6 months) 5= Live-in partner of one parent (<6 months) 6= Grandparent 7= Other relative 10= Foster parent PAB5X02 11= Unrelated adult serving as parent 12= Deceased biological parent 13= Deceased non-biological parent **PAB5X03** Age in Years **EDUCATION** 1=0-8 years completed 2= Some high school 3= GED or high school equivalency PSA0X01 4= High school degree 5= Post high-school training (vocational, technical, job training) 6= Some college (0-2 years) 7=2 year associate degree 8= Some college (2-4 years) 9= 4 year college degree 10= Some graduate or professional school training 11= Completed graduate or professional degree

Definitions and questions		Codes
Parental Employment and Occupation Parent #1 <i>Are you currently employed?</i> <i>Full-time?</i> <i>Part-time?</i>	Current Employment Status 1= Employed full-time 2= Employed full-time and part-time 3= Employed part-time (1 or more jobs) 4= Not employed outside of the home 5= Student 6= Retired 7= Disabled 8= Unemployed	PSA1X01
Are you employed by a private business? Do you work for the government? Are you self-employed? Are you a homemaker (working without pay)?	Type of Employment (Current or most recent) 1= Employee of private business 2= Government employee 3= Self-employed 4= Working without pay	PSA1X02
Occupation (Current or most recent) Enter code from Census Index of Occupations	Occupation (Current or most recent)	PSA1X03
Industry (Current or most recent) Enter code from Census Index of Occupations		
Date Last Employed Code if not employed at the time of the interview <i>When was the last time you were employed?</i>	Industry (Current or most recent)	PSA1X04
	Date last employed	PSA2001

PARENTAL FIGURES

PARENT #2: Name

What is "Parent #2" relationship with "the child"? Is s/he the biological parent? Is s/he the adoptive parent? Step parent? Live-in partner of one parent? More than 6 months or less than 6 months? Grandparent? Some other relative like an aunt or uncle? Foster parent? An unrelated adult serving as a parent?

Gender

M= Male F= Female

AGE How old is "Parent #2"?

EDUCATION

How many years of school did you complete? Did you go to college?

PARENT #2:

- 1= Biological parent 2= Adoptive parent 3= Step parent 4= Live-in partner of one parent (> 6 months)
- 5= Live-in partner of one parent (<6
- months)
- 6= Grandparent 7= Other relative
- 10= Foster parent
- 11= Unrelated adult serving as parent
- 12= Deceased biological parent
- 13= Deceased non-biological parent



PAB6X03

EDUCATION

- 1=0-8 years completed
- 2= Some high school
- 3= GED or high school equivalency
- 4= High school degree
- 5= Post high-school training (vocational,
- technical, job training)
- 6= Some college (0-2 years) 7=2 year associate degree
- 8= Some college (2-4 years)
- 9=4 year college degree

10= Some graduate or professional school training

11= Completed graduate or professional degree



PAB6X01

Definitions and questions

Parental Employment and Occupation

Parent #2 *Is "Parent #2" currently employed? Full-time? Part-time?*

Is "Parent #2" employed by a private business? Does s/he work for the government? Is s/he self-employed? Is s/he a homemaker (working without pay)?

Occupation (Current or most recent) Enter code from Census Index of Occupations

Industry (Current or most recent) Enter code from Census Index of Occupations

Date Last Employed Code if not employed at the time of the interview *When was the last time s/he was employed?*

- Current Employment Status

 1 = Employed full-time

 2 = Employed full-time and part-time

 3 = Employed part-time (1 or more jobs)

 4 = Not employed outside of the home

 5 = Student

 6 = Retired

 7 = Disabled

 8 = Unemployed

 Type of Employment (Current or most recent)

 1 = Employee of private business

 2 = Government employee
 - 3 =Self-employed
 - 4= Working without pay

Occupation (Current or most recent)

Industry (Current or most recent)



PSA3X04







Codes

PARENTAL FIGURES

OTHER PARENT #1: Name_____ What is "Other Parent #1" relationship with "the child"? Is s/he the biological parent? Is s/he the adoptive parent? Step parent? Live-in partner of one parent? More than 6 months or less than 6 months? Grandparent? Some other relative like an aunt or uncle? Foster parent? An unrelated adult serving as a parent?

Gender: OTHER PARENT #1

1= Male 2= Female

AGE: OTHER PARENT #1: How old is "Other Parent #1"?

EDUCATION OTHER PARENT #1:

How many years of school did "Other Parent #1" complete? Did s/he go to college?

- **OTHER PARENT #1:**
- 1= Biological parent
- 2 = Adoptive parent
- 3= Step parent
- 4= Live-in partner of one parent (> 6
- months)
- 5= Live-in partner of one parent (<6
- months)
- 6= Grandparent 7= Other relative
- 10 = Foster parent
- 11= Unrelated adult serving as parent
- 12= Deceased biological parent
- 13= Deceased non-biological parent

Gender

- 1= Male
- 2 = Female

AGE IN YEARS

EDUCATION

1= 0-8 years completed
2= Some high school
3= GED or high school equivalency
4= High school degree
5= Post high-school training (vocational, technical, job training)
6= Some college (0-2 years)
7= 2 year associate degree
8= Some college (2-4 years)
9= 4 year college degree
10= Some graduate or professional school training
11= Completed graduate or professional degree



PSA0X03



Codes

Definitions and questions		Codes
Parental Employment and Occupation Current Employment Status: Other Parent #1 <i>Is s/he currently employed?</i> <i>Full-time?</i> <i>Part-time?</i>	Current Employment Status 1= Employed full-time 2= Employed full-time and part-time 3= Employed part-time (1 or more jobs) 4= Not employed outside of the home 5= Student 6= Retired 7= Disabled 8= Unemployed	PSA5X01
Type of Employment (Current or most recent): Other Parent #1 Is s/he employed by a private business?	Type of Employment (Current or most recent)	
Does s/he work for the government? Is s/he self-employed? Is s/he a homemaker (working without pay)?	1= Employee of private business 2= Government employee 3= Self-employed	
Occupation (Current or most recent) Enter code from Census Index of Occupations	4= Working without pay	PSA5X02
Industry (Current or most recent) Enter code from Census Index of Occupations	Occupation (Current or most recent)	PSA5X03
Date Last Employed Code if not employed at the time of the interview When was the last time s/he was employed?	Industry (Current or most recent)	PSA5X04
	Date Last Employed	PSA6001

PARENTAL FIGURES

OTHER PARENT #2: Name______ What is "Other Parent #2" relationship with "the child"? Is s/he the biological parent? Is s/he the adoptive parent? Step parent? Live-in partner of one parent? More than 6 months or less than 6 months? Grandparent? Some other relative like an aunt or uncle? Foster parent?

An unrelated adult serving as a parent?

Gender

M= Male F= Female

AGE How old is "Other Parent #2"?

EDUCATION OTHER PARENT #2:

How many years of school did "Other Parent #2" complete? Did s/he go to college?

- **OTHER PARENT #2:**
- 1= Biological parent
- 2= Adoptive parent
- 3= Step parent
- 4= Live-in partner of one parent (> 6 months)
- 5 = Live-in partner of one parent (<6
- months)
- 6= Grandparent
- 7= Other relative
- 10= Foster parent
- 11= Unrelated adult serving as parent
- 12= Deceased biological parent
- 13= Deceased non-biological parent



PAB8X03

EDUCATION

- 1= 0-8 years completed
- 2= Some High School
- 3 = GED or high school equivalency
- 4= High school degree
- 5= Post high-school training (vocational,
- technical, job training)
- 6= Some college (0-2 years)
- 7=2 year associate degree
- 8= Some college (2-4 years)
- 9= 4 year college degree
- 10= Some graduate or professional school training
- 11= Completed graduate or professional degree



Codes

PAB8X01

Definitions and questions

Parental Employment and Occupation

Current Employment Status: Other Parent #2 *Is s/he currently employed? Full-time? Part-time?*

Type of Employment (Current or most recent): Other Parent #1 Is s/he employed by a private business?

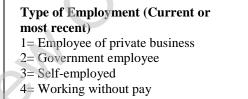
Does s/he work for the government? Is s/he self-employed? Is s/he a homemaker (working without pay)?

Occupation (Current or most recent) Enter code from Census Index of Occupations

Industry (Current or most recent) Enter code from Census Index of Occupations

Date Last Employed Code if not employed at the time of the interview *When was the last time s/he was employed?*

- **Current Employment Status**
- 1= Employed full-time
- 2= Employed full-time and part-time
- 3= Employed part-time (1 or more jobs)
- 4= Not employed outside of the home
- 5= Student
- 6= Retired 7= Disabled
- 8= Unemployed

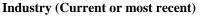


Occupation (Current or most recent)



PSA7X02

PSA7X04



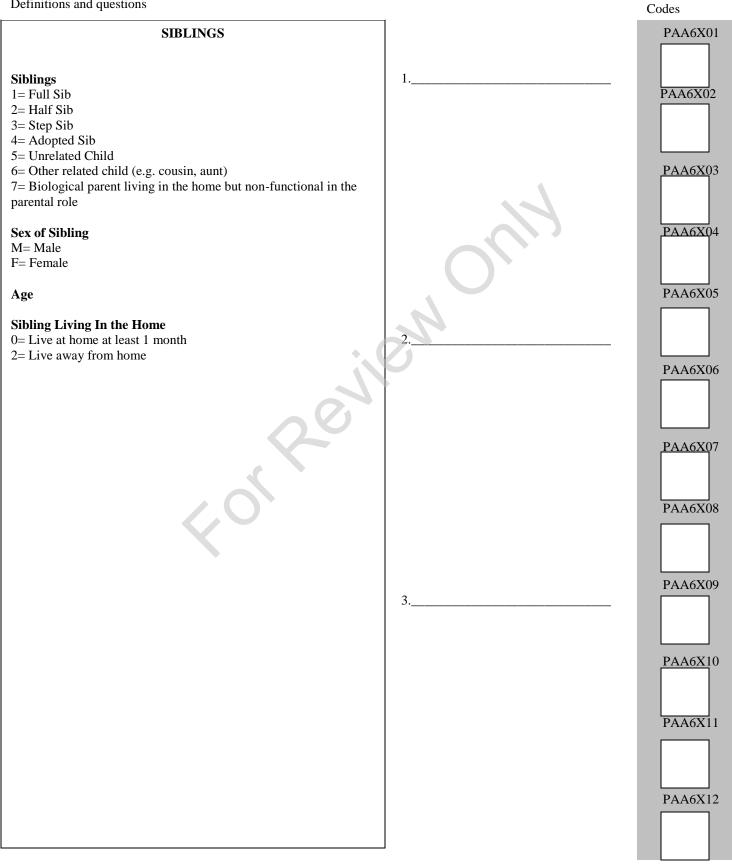
Date Last Employed

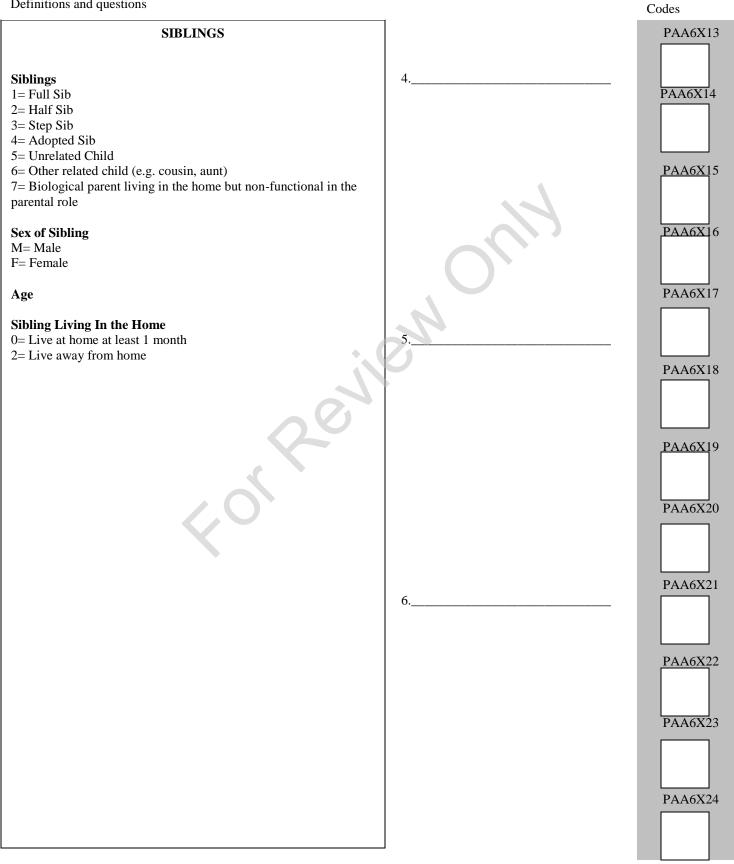
PSA8001

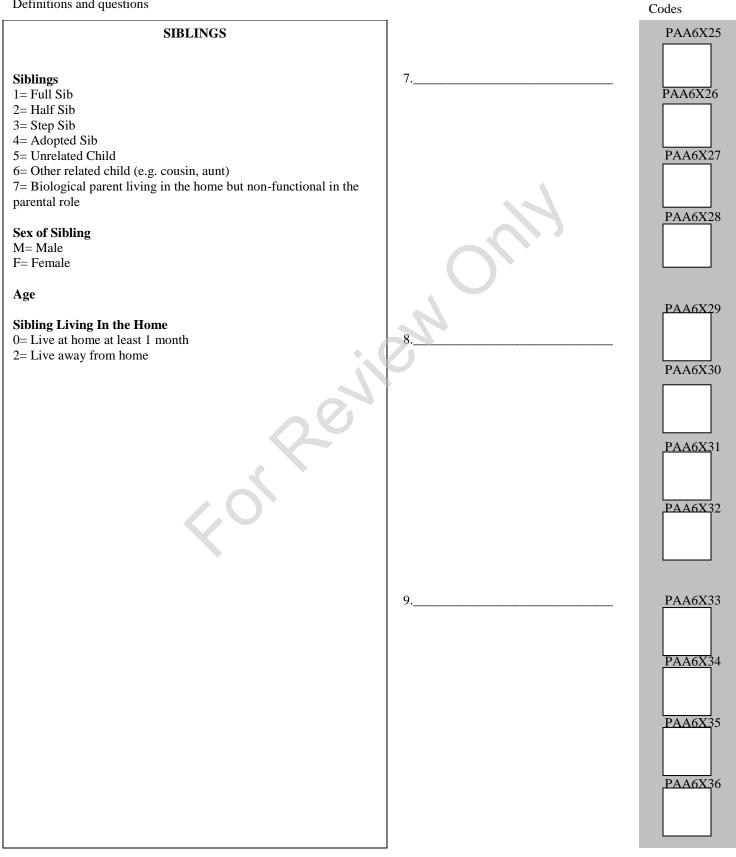


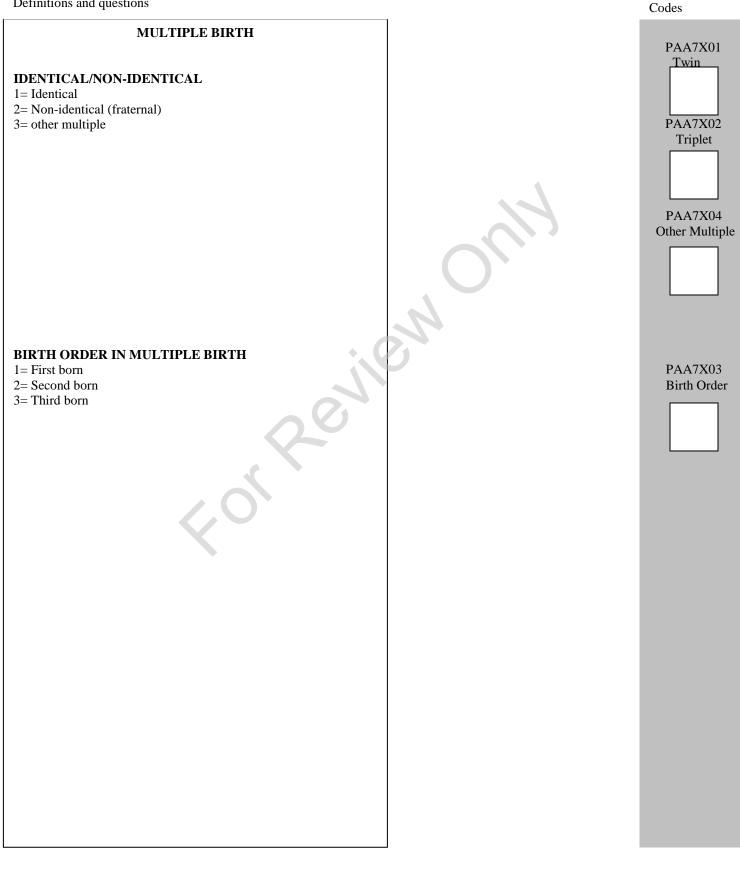


PSA7X01









Codes

OTHERS IN HOUSE	List monondont first	Codes
OTHERS IN HOUSE	List respondent first	PAA8X01
Status	1	
1= Biological parent		PAA8X02
2= Adoptive parent 3= Step parent		
4= Live-in partner of one parent (> 6 months) 5= Live-in partner of one parent (<6 months)	2	
6= Grandparent		PAA8X03
7= Other relative 8= Paying boarder		
9= Other	3	
10= Foster Parent		PAA8X04
	4	
		PAA8X05
+	$\left[2\right] $	
	5.	
		PAA8X06
	6	
		PAA8X07
	7	
		PAA8X08
	8	
		PAA8X09
	9	
		PAA8X10
	10	

LIVING AT HOME

Child lives at home for at least 4 weeks of the last 3 months.

Has s/he lived at home with you for at least 4 weeks of the last 3 months?

WEEKS LIVING AT HOME

Number of weeks living at home with Parent #1/(Parent #2).

There are 12 weeks in a 3 month period.

In the last 3 months, how many weeks has s/he lived at home?

IF NOT AT HOME ALL 12 WEEKS IN LAST 3 MONTHS, ASK:

Where else has s/he lived in the past 3 months?

IF NOT LIVING AT HOME FOR AT LEAST 4 WEEKS, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO " OTHER PARENT #1", (PAGE 3). Coding rules

Codes

PAC2I01 Intensity

LIVING AT HOME

0 = Child has lived at home for at least 4 weeks in last 3 months

2 = Child HAS NOT lived at home for at least 4 weeks in the last 3 months



NUMBER OF WEEKS LIVING AT HOME IN LAST 3 MONTHS

B-1

LIVING ELSEWHERE IN LAST 3 MONTHS

If child not living at for at least 4 weeks in past 3 months, code all items for a period of time that child was at home for at least 4 weeks (including secondary period).

When did s/he last live at home for at least 4 weeks?

IF CHILD NOT LIVING AT HOME FOR AT LEAST 4 WEEKS, CODE DATE WHEN LAST LIVED AT HOME FOR 4 WEEKS

Where has s/he been living?

IF OTHER PARENT #1, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO END.

Coding rules

Codes

CHILD LIVING ELSEWHERE

0 = Absent

2 = Present

SECONDARY PERIOD: BEGINNING DATE OF LAST MONTH LIVING AT HOME



1 = Time spent away from home and parental figures while attending special program or camp, traveling, vacationing, visiting relatives or friends.

2 = In hospital.

- 3 = In treatment facility(ies)
- 4 = Living with other parent.
- 5 = Foster care
- 6 = Other

4





PAC3X01



Definitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
OTHER PARENTING - OTHER PARENT #1		
Code here any relationship that the child has with Other Parent #1 who no longer lives in the home. CODE QUALITY OF RELATIONSHIPS EVEN IF NO CONTACT IN THE LAST 3 MONTHS.	CHILD HAS "OTHER PARENT #1" 0 = Absent 2 = Present	PAD8I01 Intensity
CODE AS PRESENT AND CONTINUE.		
Does X see or have any contact with his/her "Other Parent #1?'	OTHER PARENT #1: NUMBER OF VISITS	PAD8F01
Does s/he want to? How long are the visits to "Other Parent #1?"	OTHER PARENT #1: DURATION OF VISITS 0 = >1 week 1 = 1 day- 1 week 2 = < 1 day 3 = < 5 hours	PAD8D01
In the last 3 months, has s/he received any phone calls, texts, emails, or letters from "Other Parent #1"?	NUMBER OF PHONE CALLS/LETTERS TO OR FROM OTHER PARENT #1 IN LAST 3 MONTHS	PAD9F01
How many calls or letters? CODE QUALITY OF RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER PARENT #1 EVEN IF NO CONTACT IN THE LAST 3 MONTHS How would you describe X's relationship with "Other Parent #1?" Are there any problems?	OTHER PARENT #1: QUALITY OF RELATIONSHIP 0 = No evidence of relationship problems with absent parent. 1 = No relationship and child grieves or is angry over this. 2 = Relationship has negative aspects (e.g.	PAEOIO1
Does s/he like visiting "Other Parent#1"? Would s/he rather not see him/her?	 child argues with absent parent, or resents that parent's new partner). 3 = Relationship with absent parent almost completely negative (e.g. child very unhappy until visit ends, or persistently difficult during visits to or from absent parent). 	
IF OTHER PARENT #1, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO END.		

Definitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
OTHER PARENTING - OTHER PARENT #2		
Code here any relationship that the child has with Other Parent #2 who no longer lives in the home. CODE QUALITY OF RELATIONSHIPS EVEN IF NO CONTACT IN THE LAST 3 MONTHS.	CHILD HAS "OTHER PARENT #2" 0 = Absent 2 = Present	PAE1I01 Intensity
IF CHILD HAS "OTHER PARENT #2," CONTINUE. Does X see or have any contact with "Other Parent #2?"	OTHER PARENT #2: NUMBER OF VISITS	PAE1F01
Does s/he want to? How long are the visits to "Other Parent #2?"	DURATION OF VISITS: OTHER PARENT #2 0 = >1 week 1 = 1 day- 1 week 2 = < 1 day 3 = < 5 hours	PAE1D01
In the last 3 months, has s/he received any phone calls, texts, emails, or letters from "Other Parent #2"?	NUMBER OF PHONE CALLS/LETTERS TO OR FROM OTHER PARENT #2 IN LAST 3 MONTHS	PAE2F01
How many calls or letters? CODE QUALITY OF RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER PARENT #2 EVEN IF NO CONTACT IN THE LAST 3 MONTHS. How would you describe X's relationship with "Other Parent #2?"	OTHER PARENT #2: QUALITY OF RELATIONSHIP 0 = No evidence of relationship problems with absent parent. 1 = No relationship and child grieves or is	PAE3I01
Are there any problems? Does s/he like visiting "Other Parent #2?" Would s/he rather not see him/her?	angry over this. 2 = Relationship has negative aspects (e.g. child argues with absent parent, or resents that parent's new partner). 3 = Relationship with absent parent almost completely negative (e.g. child very unhappy until visit ends, or persistently difficult during visits to or from absent parent).	

Coding rules

Codes

CHILDCARE

DAYCARE/SCHOOL SETTINGS

Child Attends Daycare/School

It is necessary to define the subset of childcare arrangements that we call "Daycare/School" so as to provide a reference point for the daycare/school setting referred to throughout the PAPA. "Daycare/School" may refer to one setting (e.g. the child goes to preschool only) or to more and then in the afternoon goes to an in-home daycare).

Homeschooling is not considered a school setting. Conduct problems occurring while home-schooled are coded as occurring at home or elsewhere if homeschooling is held at a home other than the child's home. Daycare is a school equivalent if 3 or more NON-SIBLINGS are present and daycare provider is not child's parent (Parent #1, Parent #2, Other Parent #1, or Other Parent #2).

Determine the number of weeks the child is enrolled in a daycare/school setting in the last 3 months, the number of days the child is actually present in the last 3 months, and the number of weeks where the child is present at least 1 day per week in the last 3 months. Exclude weeks of vacation or extended illness. Include weeks when enrolled but missed daycare/school because of worry/anxiety.

CHILD ATTENDS DAYCARE/SCHOOL

Child regularly spends 1 hour or more a week in daycare/school setting. If the childcare arrangement occurs in 3 out of 4 of the weeks of a month, code as regularly occurring. If they occur every other week or less, do not code as daycare/school.

Determine the number of weeks the child is enrolled in an overall daycare/school setting in the last 3 months, the number of days the child is actually present in the last 3 months, and the number of weeks where the child is present at least 1 day per week in the last 3 months. Exclude weeks of vacation or extended illness. Include weeks when enrolled but missed daycare/school because of worry/anxiety.

Has s/he been to daycare/school in the last 3 months?

How many other children are in his/her class/daycare?

There are 12 weeks in a 3 month period.

During the last 3 months, how many weeks was s/he in daycare/school?

Was s/he out sick for a whole week? Any vacations lasting a week or more in the last 3 months? Or daycare/school holidays lasting a week? Did s/he stay home any days because s/he was worried about going to daycare/school? EXCLUDE WEEKS OF VACATION OR EXTENDED ILLNESS.

INCLUDE WEEKS ENROLLED BUT MISSED SCHOOL BECAUSE OF WORRY/ANXIETY.

THE MAXIMUM NUMBER IS 12 WEEKS.

Did s/he attend daycare/school each day?

Was s/he out sick any days?

Any vacations? Did s/he miss school because s/he was worried about going to daycare/school? TOTAL NUMBER OF DAYS PRESENT (MAXIMUM OF 60 DAYS).

NUMBER OF WEEKS PRESENT AT LEAST 1 DAY PER WEEK (MAXIMUM OF 12 WEEKS).

Coding rules	Codes
CHILD ATTENDS DAYCARE/SCHOOL 0 = Absent 2 = Present	PAY6I01 Intensity
NOMIN	
NUMBER OF WEEKS ENROLLED IN DAYCARE/SCHOOL: 3 MONTHS	PAY6F01
TOTAL NUMBER OF DAYS PRESENT: 3 MONTHS	PAY6F02
NUMBER OF WEEKS WHERE PRESENT AT LEAST 1 DAY PER WEEK: 3 MONTHS	PAY6F03

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes FOOD PREFERENCES AND APPETITE **APPETITE CHANGES REDUCED APPETITE REDUCED APPETITE PFA0I01** Reduction of normal appetite, or reduced interest in, or Intensity enthusiasm for, food. Include change in appetite due to 0 = Absent side effects of medication. 2 = Food intake has been definitely reduced below normal level because of lack of How has his/her appetite been in the last 3 months? appetite for at least 1 week. 3 = Child can only be induced to eat by Has his/her appetite been less than usual? marked parental or other persuasion. Has the amount s/he eats changed at all? IF PRESENT, ASK: In the last 3 months, has s/he been eating less than usual for at least 1 week? How much less has s/he been eating? Why is s/he eating less? PFA0001 When did his/her appetite start to fall off? Onset WEIGHT LOSS WEIGHT LOSS: 3 MONTHS Any weight loss in the last 3 months. PFA1101 Intensity 0 = Absent Has s/he lost weight during the last 3 months? 2 = Present How much weight has s/he lost in the last 3 months? WEIGHT LOSS IN POUNDS PFA1X01 PFA1001 When did s/he start losing weight? Onset / / **GROWTH DEFICIENCY: PARENT CONCERNED** PARENTAL GROWTH DEFICIENCY PFG6101 In the last 3 months, have you worried that s/he is not CONCERN Intensity growing as big or fast as s/he should be? 0 = Absent Are you happy with his/her weight? 2 = Present

When did you become concerned over his/her growth deficiency?

GROWTH DEFICIENCY: DOCTOR CONCERNED

Growth deficiency as noted by a medical doctor.

Has a doctor said that s/he is not growing as much as s/he should?

EXCESSIVE APPETITE

An increase in appetite outside the normal range of the child, including eating for comfort. Include change in appetite due to side effects of medication.

Has s/he had a bigger appetite than usual in the last 3 months?

Has s/he actually eaten more than usual?

How much more is s/he eating? IF PRESENT, ASK:

In the last 3 months, has s/he been eating more than usual for at least 1 week? Why is s/he eating more?

When did s/he start eating more?

Coding rules **GROWTH DEFICIENCY** 0 = Absent 2 = Noted by medical provider. **EXCESSIVE APPETITE** 0 = Absent 2 = Food consumption has been definitely increased above the child's usual level for at least 1 week.

PFA2I01 Intensity PFA2I01 Intensity or PFA2O01 Onset

Codes

PFG6001

/ /

Onset

FOOD REFUSAL

Refusal to eat adequate amounts of food occurring for more than 24 hours and not co-occurring with underlying medical illness (e.g. stomach flu or toothache) or orpharyngeal or nasogastric trauma.

NOTE: Child may take liquids but refuse solid foods. Include tube feedings.

In the last 3 months, has s/he simply refused to eat at all?

Has s/he refused to eat most food offered to him/her?

Has s/he refused to eat for MORE than 24 hours? Was this related to being sick? Did s/he refuse to open his/her mouth? Throw food? Did this affect his/her growth? IF FOOD REFUSAL FOR MORE THAN 24 HOURS. CONTINUE.

How many days has s/he refused food?

When did s/he start to refuse to eat?

Did s/he refuse to eat with all caregivers? Or just specific caregivers, like "Parent #2"?

1 = With all caregivers.

2 = With specific caregiver(s).

Specify

DAYS

Coding rules



Codes

Intensity



FOOD PREFERENCES AND APPETITE

FOOD SELECTIVITY

The child extremely limits the range of foods consumed resulting in impairment in functioning and/or a need for nutritional supplementation.

Do not include simple dislike of cabbage etc., which is typical of many children.

NOTE: To be rated, Food Selectively must be extensive and restrictive to the point of generally interfering with preparation of one meal for the family, that is, the parent must fix the child a meal in addition to the regular family meal.

Many children are fussy about the foods they will eat.

Is s/he choosy about the foods s/he will eat?

Do you consider him/her a picky eater?

Does s/he only eat certain foods?

Do you have to fix special meals just for him/her?

Do these food preferences interfere with family meals?

What will s/he eat? When you go out to eat as a family, do you have to bring food for him/her to eat? Do you find it difficult to travel with him/her because of his/her picky eating? What sort of things won't s/he eat? Why is that? Will s/he eat these things if s/he is pushed?

When did s/he start to get choosy like that?

IF FOOD SELECTIVITY, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "GAGGING WHEN EATING OR ANTICIPATION OF EATING", (PAGE 5).

Coding rules

Codes

FOOD SELECTIVITY

0 = Absent

extreme fads.

2 = The child eats only within the range of his/her fads.3 = Eating with others difficult because of

Intensity

PFA4I01

PFA4O01 Onset

Definitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
FOOD SELECTIVITY DUE TO APPEARANCE		
Child avoids eating certain foods due to appearance. Child may avoid eating food based on the color (i.e. red, green,	FOOD SELECTIVITY DUE TO APPEARANCE	PFA4I02 Intensity
etc.) or the appearance, that is, food looks "gross" or "disgusting" to child.	0 = No	
	2 = Yes	
Is s/he picky about eating because of the way food looks?		
Does s/he avoid certain foods because of the color?		
For example, red foods or green foods, etc.? Is s/he disgusted or "grossed out" by the appearance of some foods?		
Is that with most food or just some foods? What does s/he say?		
FOOD SELECTIVITY DUE TO TEXTURE		
Child avoids to eat certain types of food (e.g., crunchy food; hard food; soft food) because of their texture. It significantly	FOOD SELECTIVITY DUE TO TEXTURE 0 = No	PFA6I15 Intensity
limits his/her food choices.	2 = Yes	
Is s/he picky about eating because of the texture of some foods?		
Does s/he refuse to eat certain foods because it is too hard?		
Or it is too crunchy?		
<i>Does s/he avoid certain foods because the texture is too soft?</i>		
Are his/her food choices limited because s/he doesn't like the texture of certain foods in his/her mouth?		
What does s/he say?		
	l	

Definitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
FOOD SELECTIVITY DUE TO TASTE		
Child avoids certain foods based on taste. The child may avoid sweet, sour, bitter or salty foods. Do not include simple dislike of vegetables, etc. Is s/he picky about eating because of the way food	FOOD SELECTIVITY DUE TO TASTE 0 = No 2 = Yes	PFA4I03 Intensity
tastes?		
Does s/he say food tastes "disgusting" or "revolting" to him/her?		
Does s/he avoid eating certain foods because they taste too sweet or sour?		
Or bitter or salty? Does s/he prefer "bland" or tasteless food?		
What happens?		
FOOD SELECTIVITY DUE TO SMELL		
Child avoids certain foods based on the smell. Child may not be able to tolerate being in the same room because of the smell of certain foods.	FOOD SELECTIVITY DUE TO SMELL 0 = No 2 = Yes	PFA4I04 Intensity
Is s/he picky about eating because of the way food smells?	2 - 163	
Is s/he able to tolerate being in the same room with food s/he finds unappealing?		
What happens?		
SOCIAL IMPAIRMENT DUE TO FOOD SELECTIVITY		
Child experiences marked interference with psychosocial functioning. Child may experience social impairment with relationships with family members or friends. Selective	SOCIAL IMPAIRMENT DUE TO FOOD SELECTIVITY	PFA4I05 Intensity
eating may limit the number of place the child can go.	0 = No 2 = Yes	
Does his/her picky eating upset you (or "Parent #2")?		
Does his/her picky eating affect his/her relationship with family or friends?		
Does it limit the places you can take him/her?		
Does it limit what you can do with others?		

HEALTH IMPAIRMENT DUE TO FOOD SELECTIVITY

Child may be dependent on enteral feeding or oral nutritional supplements. Child may experience significant weight loss or failure to meet expected weight gain or developmental norms.

Has his/her picky eating affected his/her health?

Have others commented on his/her health?

Does s/he have to take nutritional supplements?

Like "PediaSure" or "Boost"?

Has s/he experienced weight loss or trouble maintaining his/her weight?

Has s/he been on a feeding tube?

Coding rules	Codes
HEALTH IMPAIRMENT DUE TO FOOD SELECTIVITY	PFA4I06 Intensity
0 = No	
2 = Yes	

GAGGING WHEN EATING OR ANTICIPATION OF EATING

Child gags related to food or eating, either in anticipation of or consequence of eating.

Do not rate episodes of gagging when associated with underlying medical illness.

Does s/he gag when s/he eats?

Does s/he gag when you START making food?

Does s/he gag when s/he ANTICIPATES having to eat?

Are there certain types of food that make him/her gag? What happens? Are there certain types of food that make him/her gag in anticipation of seeing, smelling, or tasting them? What are they?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

When did this start?

VOMITING WHEN EATING OR ANTICIPATION OF EATING

Child experiences episodes of vomiting related to food or eating, either in anticipation of or consequence of eating.

Do not rate episodes of vomiting when associated with underlying medical illness such as the stomach flu.

Does s/he vomit when s/he eats?

Does s/he vomit when you START making food?

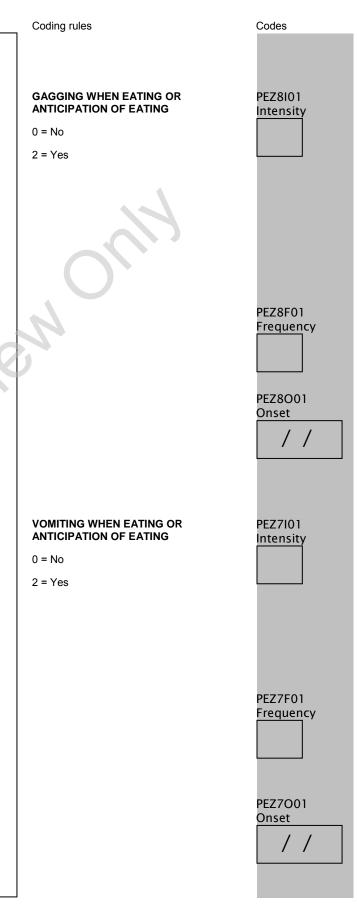
Does s/he vomit when s/he ANTICIPATES having to eat?

Are there certain types of food that make him/her vomit? What happens? What are they?

Are there certain types of food that makes your child vomit in anticipation of seeing, smelling, or tasting them?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

When did this start?



Eating and Other Food Related Behaviors Section

INDIFFERENCE TO FOOD

Child is indifferent to food. Child has a "take it or leave attitude about food or eating. Distinguish from decrea appetite, which is coded separately. Differentiate from Selective Eating and/or simple dislike of certain food

Does s/he enjoy food?

Does s/he have a "take it or leave it" attitude abo food or eating?

Do you have to "coax" him/her to eat?

Does s/he forget to eat?

Does s/he not seem to care about food? Does it seem that s/he eats with little pleasure?

How often does s/he feel this way?

When did this first start?

ment DSM 5 10.0.0		
	Coding rules	Codes
DO		
I. Child has a "take it or leave it" ing. Distinguish from decreased separately. Differentiate from imple dislike of certain foods.	INDIFFERENCE TO FOOD0 = Absent2 = Child is indifferent to food.	PFG5I01 Intensity
it or leave it" attitude about		
him/her to eat?		
?		
are about food? ats with little pleasure?		PFG5F01
this way?		PFG5001
Fork		Onset

AVERSION TO FOOD

Child has an aversion to food (e.g., finds it's taste, smell or texture repulsive; child can barely be in the same room with it). Distinguish from decreased appetite, which is coded separately. Differentiate from food fads and simple dislike of certain foods.

Does s/he find most foods unappealing?

Does s/he find food repulsive or disgusting?

Or gross?

Why?

How often does s/he feel this way?

When did this start?

What bothers him/her about food? Is it the taste of food? Or the smell? Or texture? Anything else that I haven't mentioned?

Does his/her "disgust" for food get in the way of his/her relationships with others? How about with family members?

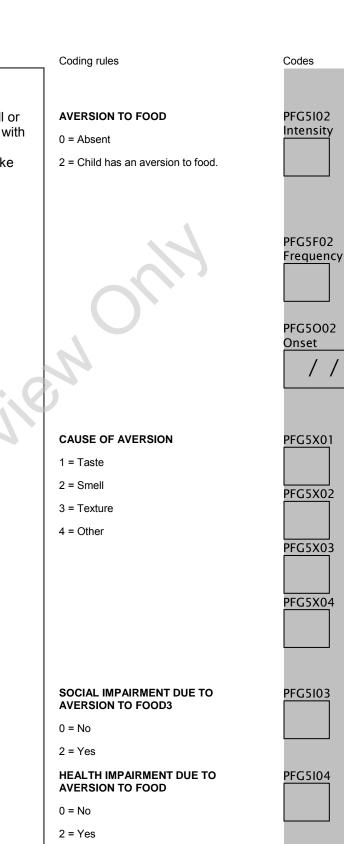
Does it limit the places you can take him/her?

Does it limit what you can do with others?

Has his/her picky eating affected his/her health? Have others commented on his/her health?

Does s/he have to take nutritional supplements? Like PediaSure or Boost?

Has s/he experienced weight loss or trouble maintaining his/her weight? Has s/he been on a feeding tube?



APPETITE CHANGES

REDUCED APPETITE

Reduction of normal appetite, or reduced interest in, or enthusiasm for, food. Include change in appetite due to side effects of medication.

How has his/her appetite been in the last 3 months?

Has his/her appetite been less than usual?

Has the amount s/he eats changed at all?

IF PRESENT, ASK:

In the last 3 months, has s/he been eating less than usual for at least 1 week?

How much less has s/he been eating? Why is s/he eating less?

When did his/her appetite start to fall off?

WEIGHT LOSS

Any weight loss in the last 3 months.

Has s/he lost weight during the last 3 months?

How much weight has s/he lost in the last 3 months?

When did s/he start losing weight?

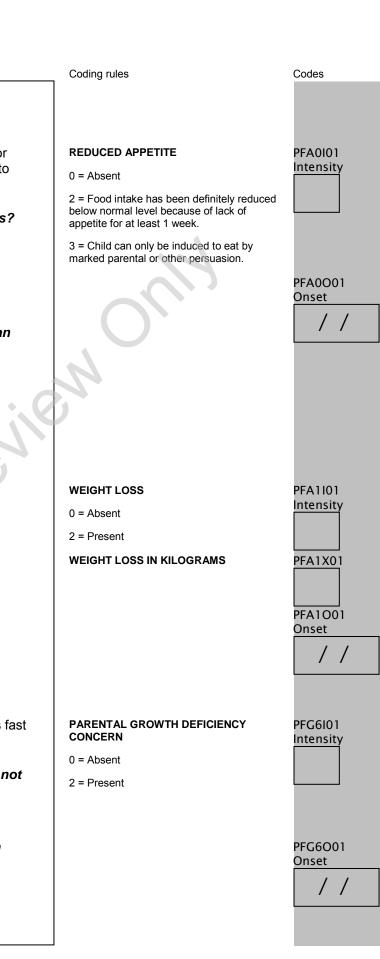
GROWTH DEFICIENCY: PARENT CONCERNED

Parental concern that child is not growing as big or as fast as developmental norms.

In the last 3 months have you worried that s/he is not growing as big or fast as s/he should be?

Are you happy with his/her weight?

When did you become concerned over his/her growth deficiency?



GROWTH DEFICIENCY: DOCTOR CONCERNED

Growth deficiency as noted by a medical doctor.

Has a doctor said that s/he is not growing as much as s/he should?

When did the doctor become concerned over his/her growth deficiency?

EXCESSIVE APPETITE

An increase in appetite outside the normal range of the child, including eating for comfort. Include change in appetite due to side effects of medication.

Has s/he had a bigger appetite than usual in the last 3 months?

Has s/he actually eaten more than usual?

IF PRESENT, ASK:

In the last 3 months, has s/he been eating more than usual for at least 1 week?

How much more is s/he eating? Why is s/he eating more?

When did s/he start eating more?





GROWTH DEFICIENCY

0 = Absent

2 = Noted by medical provider.







EXCESSIVE APPETITE

0 = Absent

2 = Food consumption has been definitely increased above the child's usual level for at least 1 week.



PFA2O01 Onset



FOOD REFUSAL

Refusal to eat adequate amounts of food occurring for more than 24 hours and not co-occurring with underlying medical illness (e.g. stomach flu or toothache) or orpharyngeal or nasogastric trauma.

NOTE: Child may take liquids but refuse solid foods. Include tube feedings.

In the last 3 months, has s/he simply refused to eat at all?

Has s/he refused to eat most food offered to him/her?

Has s/he refused to eat for MORE than 24 hours? Was this related to being sick? Did s/he refuse to open his/her mouth? Throw food? Did this affect his/her growth? IF FOOD REFUSAL FOR MORE THAN 24 HOURS, CONTINUE.

How many days has s/he refused food?

When did s/he start to refuse to eat?

ORPHARYNGEAL (OP) OR NASOGASTRIC (NG) TRAUMA

Traumatic event related to the child's mouth or throat or gastrointestinal tract (e.g., choking, insertion of tubes in throat or stomach).

Has s/he EVER had a traumatic experience related to his/her mouth, throat, or stomach?

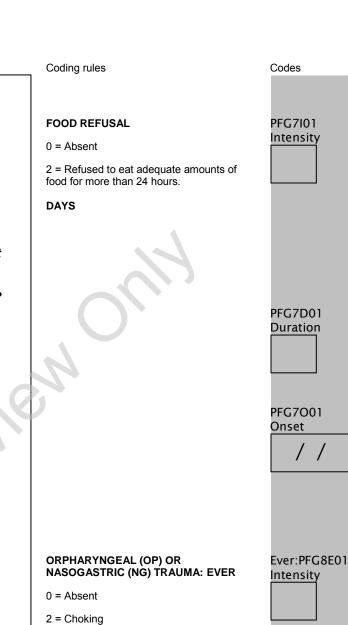
Like experiencing a bad choking episode?

Or having a tube down his/her throat or stomach?

CODE WORST EVENT.

When was the first time this happened?

IF OP/NG TRAUMA EVER PRESENT, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO END.



3 = Insertion of nasogastric or endotracheal tube.

Ever:PFG8O01 Onset



Eating and Other Food Related Behaviors Section

FOOD REFUSAL FOLLOWING OP OR NG TRAUMA

Refusal to eat adequate amounts of food (solids and/or liquids), for more than 24 hours, following a traumatic event related to the child's mouth or throat or gastrointestinal tract (e.g., choking, insertion of tubes in throat or stomach).

Because of the traumatic event (choking or tube down throat), has s/he refused food in the last 3 months?

Did s/he refuse to eat for MORE than 24 hours? Was it with all food? Did s/he refuse to open his/her mouth?

In the last 3 months, how many days has s/he refused to eat food?

When did this start in the last 3 months?

Coding rules	Codes
TRAUMATIC FOOD REFUSAL: 3 MONTHS	PFG9l01 Intensity
0 = Absent	
2 = Present for more than 24 hours.	
DAYS	
EL.	
	PFG9D02 Duration



nset	02	
/	/	

SLEEP BEHAVIORS

SLEEP ARRANGEMENTS

The sleeping arrangement that the child is supposed to adhere to. Code actual departures from this arrangement (such as a child's refusal to sleep in his/her own bed) in the appropriate places elsewhere. If the sleep arrangements have changed during the primary period, code the highest coding that occurred during the primary period for at least one week.

Now I want to talk with you about his/her sleep.

First, I would like to ask about the sleeping arrangements in your home.

Where is s/he supposed to sleep?

Does s/he have his/her own bed?

Or does s/he share a bed with another child? **Does s/he share a room with another child?**

Whom?

Some families have a "family bed" where kids and parents usually sleep together in one bed. How about your family?

LOCATION OF SLEEP INITIATION

Place where child usually (50% or more) goes to sleep for the night. Place where child falls asleep.

Sometimes children fall asleep in places different than where they sleep during the night.

Where does s/he fall asleep most nights?

In his/her own bed? Sibling's bed, even though his/her own bed is available? Your bed? Somewhere else? Coding rules

Codes

PFJ5X01

Intensity

SLEEP ARRANGEMENTS

1 = Own room: Child sleeps alone in own bedroom.

2 = Shared room: Child sleeps in a room with one or more siblings, but not parent(s), in own bed.

3 = Parental room: Child sleeps in parent room in own bed.

4 = Sibling bed: Shares bed with sibling or other child.

5 = Parental bed: Shares bed with parent(s). Child has no bed.

6 = Family Bed: Child sleeps with parents on regular basis. Child may or may not have own bed.

7 = Other

Specify

LOCATION OF SLEEP INITIATION

- 1 = Own bed
- 2 = Sibling's bed (when own bed available).
- 3 = Parent's bed
- 4 = Couch/Sofa

5 = Other

Specify



RELUCTANCE TO INITIATE SLEEP ALONE

Persistent reluctance or refusal to initiate sleep without being near a major attachment figure.

Is s/he reluctant to go to sleep on his/her own?

Does s/he need you or another adult close by in order to fall asleep?

Does s/he need his/her sibling in the room in order to fall asleep?

Does s/he get really upset if you don't stay with him/her while s/he falls asleep? Does s/he get upset most nights? Could s/he go to sleep on his/her own if s/he had to?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

When did this start?

SLEEPS WITH FAMILY MEMBER DUE TO A RELUCTANCE TO SLEEP ALONE

Sleeps part of the night or whole night with a family member because of persistent refusal to sleep (through the night) without being near a major attachment figure.

Exclude sleeping in a "family bed" with parents.

Does s/he sleep with you for part of the night?

Or the whole night?

Does s/he sleep with any other family member(s)?

Whom does s/he sleep with?

How often does s/he sleep with family member(s)?

How long does s/he sleep with a family member?

When did this start?

Coding rules **RELUCTANCE TO GO TO SLEEP ALONE** 0 = Absent 2 = Sometimes reluctant to go to sleep

3 = Almost always reluctant to go to sleep alone. Protest nearly every night unless family member in room with him/her while s/he falls asleep.





/ /

SLEEPS WITH FAMILY MEMBER

0 = Absent

alone.

2 = Present



PF16101

Intensity

HOURS : MINUTES



Duration





Codes

PBF0I01

Intensity

Definitions and questions Coding rules **BEDTIME RESISTANCE** BEDTIME RESISTENCE Child's regular opposition to stopping daytime activities in order to go to bed for the night. 0 = Absent 1 = Mild resistance easily circumvented by CONSIDER TRIGGERS TO TANTRUMS. parent. 2 = Resistance that deteriorates into conflict IF NO CONFLICT BECAUSE PARENT HAS GIVEN UP, between parent and child. May include CODE AS SUCH. tears/tantrums on part of child. 3 = Resistance is so great that it takes more Tell me about a typical evening putting him/her to bed. than 1 hour once parent has decided it is really time for bed. What happens when you tell him/her that it is time for 4 = Parent has given up. bed? Does s/he put up a big fuss? Or get angry or upset? What happens? How long does his/her fussing last? Does it take as long as 1 hour to get him/her to bed because of the fussing? Have you given up trying to put him/her to bed on time? How often does this happen? When did it start? TIME TO SLEEP INITIATION From the time parent says goodnight, after any rituals are completed, the average time it takes the child to fall asleep. How long does it take him/her to fall asleep? **HOURS : MINUTES**



PF18F01

PF18001 Onset

PFL9D01

/ /

Frequency

Codes

MEDICATION FOR INSOMNIA

Note here any medication (prescription or over the counter) specifically used in an attempt to improve sleep pattern.

Note name of drug. Remember to code medication in Incapacities section.

Does s/he take anything to help him/her sleep?

What does s/he take? Does it work?

NIGHT WAKING

Child wakes up from sleep during the night after child has been asleep for over ten minutes.

IF CHILD GETS INTO PARENT'S BED, THIS INFORMATION MAY BE RELEVANT TO ITEM "SLEEPS WITH FAMILY MEMBER(S)"

Does s/he wake up during the night?

Why does s/he wake up?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

On average, how long would you say s/he is awake per night?

When did this start?

MEDICATION FOR INSOMNIA 0 = Absent 2 = Present NIGHT WAKING 0 = Absent 2 = Child wakes up during the night.

Coding rules



Codes

PFB7105

Intensity



HOURS : MINUTES





RISING TO CHECK ON FAMILY MEMBERS

Rising at night to check that attachment figures are still present and/or free from harm.

Sometimes children wake up in the night and check on "family members".

Does s/he get up to check that "family members" are OK?

Does s/he wake you up when s/he checks on you? Is s/he able to go back to bed and fall asleep on his/her own after getting up to check on you?

How often does s/he do that?

When did s/he start getting up to check on the family?

HYPERSOMNIA - INCREASED NEED FOR SLEEP

Total hours sleep exceed usual amount by at least one hour, unless subject prevented from sleeping.

Does s/he feel sleepy during the day?

More sleepy than usual? Does s/he drop off to sleep in the day?

More than most other kids? What was s/he doing at the time that s/he fell asleep? Could s/he stop him/herself from feeling this way? Always or just sometimes?

How often does s/he feel sleepy like that?

How long is s/he sleepy like that?

When did s/he start feeling more sleepy than usual?

Coding rules
RISES TO CHECK ON FAMILY MEMBERS
0 = Absent
2 = Sometimes rises to check on family members but without waking them.
3 = Wakes family members up when checks on them.



Codes

PBF1101

Intensity

INCREASED NEED FOR SLEEP

0 = Absent

2 = Hypersomnia occurs in at least 2 activities and is at least sometimes uncontrollable.

3 = Hypersomnia occurs in nearly all activities and is nearly always uncontrollable.



PFB8101

Intensity

Frequency

HOURS : MINUTES







RESTLESS SLEEP

Sleep is described as restless.

How would you describe an average night's sleep him/her?

Does s/he sleep soundly?

Or does s/he toss and turn?

Is his/her sleep restless?

How often does this happen?

When did his/her sleep become restless?

INA	DEQU	ATELY	RESTED	BY	SLEEP

Sleep disturbance does not meet criteria for insomnia subject describes being inadequately rested by sleep waking.

Does s/he usually get a good night's sleep?

Does s/he seem inadequately rested when s/he g up?

Or after sleeping during the day? How does s/he feel?

How often does this happen?

When did that start?

	Coding rules	Codes
	RESTLESS SLEEP	PFD3101
p for	0 = Absent	Intensity
0101	2 = Present	
		PFD3F01 Frequenc PFD3O01 Onset
a, but o upon	INADEQUATELY RESTED BY SLEEP	PFD4I01 Intensity
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
iets		

requency

/ /

PFD4F01 Frequency PFD4001 Onset



DAYTIME SLEEPINESS

Child falls asleep during the day at times other than scheduled or expected naps.

Does s/he seem sleepy during the day?

More sleepy than usual? Does s/he fall asleep in the middle of activities?

More than most other kids?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

How long is s/he asleep for?

When did s/he begin to feel sleepy in this way?

TIREDNESS

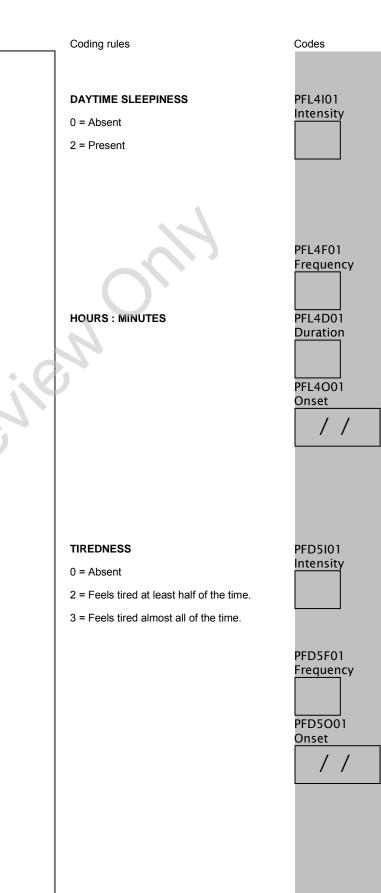
A feeling of being tired or weary at least half the time.

Has s/he been feeling especially tired or weary?

How much of the time has s/he felt tired like that? Is it as much as half the time?

How often does this happen?

When did s/he begin to feel tired or weary?



FATIGABILITY

Child becomes tired or "worn out" more easily than usual.

Has s/he become tired or "worn out" more easily than usual?

Does s/he feel exhausted even by things that would have been no problem before?

When s/he gets tired like that, does it take a long time to get over it? Is that more than usual for him/her?

How often does this happen?

How long has s/he felt that way?

NIGHTMARES

Frightening dreams that waken the child with a markedly unpleasant affect on wakening (which may be followed rapidly by feelings of relief).

If Nightmares are associated with separation anxiety, code them more specifically as Separation Dreams.

If Nightmares are associated with traumatic events and meet criteria for codings, code them here and in the PTSD section.

In the last 3 months has s/he had any bad dreams or nightmares that have woken him/her up?

What are they about? What are they like?

How often has s/he had nightmares in the last 3 months?

When was the first time s/he had a nightmare?

Coding rules

Codes

PFD6101

Intensity

FATIGABILITY

0 = Absent

2 = Increased fatigability not meeting criteria for 3.

3 = Even minimal physical activity or play rapidly result in child feeling exhausted, and recovery from that exhaustion is slow.





NIGHTMARES

0 = Absent

2 = Bad dreams have woken the child in the last 3 months.



PFB9F01 Frequency



SEPARATION DREAMS

Unpleasant dreams involving theme of separation.

Has s/he had any bad dreams about you leaving him/her?

Has s/he had any bad dreams about getting separated from you?

Or being kidnapped?

Did they wake him/her from sleep?

How often does s/he have these bad dreams?

When did s/he start to have bad dreams?

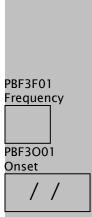
Coding	rules
County	luica

Codes

PBF3I01 Intensity

SEPARATION DREAMS

- 0 = Absent
- 2 = Separation dreams recalled in a.m.
- 3 = Separation nightmares wake child.



Sleep	Behaviors
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SEPARATION ANXIETY

FEAR/ANXIETY ABOUT POSSIBLE HARM

Unrealistic and persistent worry or fear about possible harm befalling major attachment figures, or fear that they will leave and will not return. Includes fear or subjective anxious affect related to the possibility of bad things happening at home while the child is at daycare/school.

How does s/he react when s/he is separated from you or other household members?

When s/he is away from you, is s/he afraid that YOU might come to some harm?

Is s/he afraid that YOU might leave him/her and not come back?

Is s/he afraid or worry that something bad might happen at home when s/he is away at daycare/school?

What does s/he think might happen? What do you do about that? What is s/he doing when s/he is afraid? Do these fears or worries affect him/her at home or at daycare/school? Can you reassure him/her?

How often does this happen?

How long does this feeling last?

When was the first time this happened?

FEAR	ABOUT	POSSIBLE	HARM

0 = Absent

Coding rules

2 = Fear is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time.

3 = Fear is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable.

HOURS : MINUTES

PBE8D01 Duration

PBE8F01 Frequency

PBE8O01 Onset



Codes

PBE8101

Intensity

FEAR/ANXIETY ABOUT CALAMITOUS SEPARATION

Unrealistic and persistent worry or fear that an unexpected calamitous event will separate the child from a major attachment figure, e.g., the child will be lost, kidnapped, killed, or be the victim of an accident.

Is s/he afraid that S/HE might come to some harm while s/he is away from the family?

Is s/he afraid that S/HE might be kidnapped or taken away from you?

Is s/he frightened that s/he may be hurt or taken away from you? What is s/he doing when s/he feels this way?

Can you reassure him/her that s/he is safe?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

How long does this feeling last?

When was the first time this happened?

FEAR ABOUT CALAMITOUS SEPARATION

0 = Absent

Coding rules

2 = Fear is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time.

3 = Fear is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable.



Codes

PBE9F01 Frequency

PBE9D01

HOURS : MINUTES





AVOIDANCE OF BEING ALONE

Persistent avoidance of being alone due to anxiety about being away from attachment figures.

Does s/he seem to be afraid of being alone?

Does s/he try to avoid being alone?

Does s/he like to be near you most of the time?

Does s/he follow you around the house?

Does s/he become upset or protest if you leave the room s/he is in?

Does s/he ask you to be in the bathroom with him/her? Or to escort him/her to an empty room to retrieve a toy? Does s/he deliberately choose not to be in a room because s/he would be alone?

Does s/he insist that you remain in a room while s/he plays?

What does she do to avoid being alone? Can s/he play alone in one room while you are in another room?

Can you reassure him/her? Always or just sometimes?

How often does this happen?

When did it start?

Coding rules

Codes

AVOIDANCE OF BEING ALONE

0 = Absent

2 = At least sometimes tries to avoid being alone because of at least sometimes uncontrollable fear or anxiety about being away from attachment figures.

3 = Almost always tries to avoid being alone because of nearly always uncontrollable fear or anxiety about being away from attachment figures. Follows "parent" around the house.



PBF4F01 Frequency





ANTICIPATORY DISTRESS/RESISTANCE TO SEPARATION

Signs or complaints of excessive distress in anticipation of separation from major attachment figures; or significant reluctance or resistance to separation such as crying, pleading with parents not to leave.

Does s/he become frightened or upset when s/he realizes you are going to leave him/her at daycare/school?

What is it like when s/he finds out you are going to leave him/her with a babysitter or other care giver?

Does s/he plead or beg you not to leave him/her?

Does s/he cry uncontrollably? Does s/he hold on to your clothes or body? Does s/he have a tantrum, like screaming, hitting, biting or throwing things?

Can the teacher soothe or distract him/her? What about with another family member like grandmother?

What happens when s/he goes to a friend's house? Can you comfort or reassure him/her?

How often does this happen?

When was the first time this happened?

0 = Absent activities.

Coding rules Codes ANTICIPATORY DISTRESS/RESISTANCE TO SEPARATION 2 = At least sometimes uncontrollable distress related to potential separation from attachment figures. At least sometimes unresponsive to reassurance. 3 = Nearly always uncontrollable distress related to potential separation from attachment figures. Usually unresponsive to reassurance and occurring in most





Onset

Coding rules Codes WITHDRAWAL WHEN ATTACHMENT FIGURE ABSENT Social withdrawal, apathy, sadness, or difficulty WITHDRAWAL PBF6101 concentrating on work or play when not with a major Intensity 0 = Absent attachment figure. 2 = At least sometimes uncontrollable withdrawal etc., when not with attachment How does s/he act AFTER you leave him/her at figures. daycare, with a babysitter, or other caregiver? 3 = Nearly always uncontrollable withdrawal etc., in most activities, when not with Does s/he act sad or withdrawn AFTER you are gone? attachment figures. Can s/he play or become engaged in an activity, such as reading or watching TV? What if s/he is left with friends or relatives? Does anything make him/her feel better? Can s/he stop him/herself from being sad or withdrawn? Always or just sometimes? PBF6F01 How often in the last 3 months has she acted like this when Frequency you have gone away? How long does it take for him/her to cheer up or begin to **HOURS : MINUTES** PBF6D01 play? Duration Does s/he stay withdrawn until you return? PBF6001 When was the first time this happened? Onset

ACTUAL DISTRESS WHEN ATTACHMENT **FIGURE ABSENT**

Signs or complaints of excessive distress, fear or agitation, when separated from major attachment figure.

AFTER you have left him/her, does s/he get very upset or frightened because you are not with him/her?

Does s/he cry uncontrollably when you are gone?

Does s/he scream, hit, kick, or bite? Does s/he throw things or try to break toys? Does s/he talk about where you are when you are not with him/her because s/he is afraid of being away from you?

Does s/he go to the window or door and look for you because s/he is afraid of being away from you?

Does s/he want to call you on the phone? Can s/he be comforted or reassured? Always or just sometimes?

How often does this happen?

How long does that last?

When was the first time this happened?

DISTRESS PBF7I01 Intensity 0 = Absent 2 = At least sometimes uncontrollable distress etc., when not with attachment figure. 3 = Nearly always uncontrollable distress etc., in most activities, when not with attachment figure. **HOURS : MINUTES**

Coding rules

PBF7F01 Frequency PBF7D01 Duration PBF7001 Onset



Codes

PHYSICAL SYMPTOMS OF SEPARATION

Complaints of physical symptoms, e.g. stomachaches, headaches, nausea, vomiting, when separation from major attachment figures is anticipated or occurs. Exclude for davcare/school attendance, which is coded separately.

REMEMBER TO COMPLETE ANXIOUS AUTONOMIC SYMPTOMS AND SOMATIC SYMPTOMS SECTION IF, FOR EXAMPLE. STOMACH ACHES OCCUR WITH SEPARATION. BE SURE TO CODE IN THE SOMATIC COMPLAINTS SECTION AS WELL.

Does s/he complain of headaches, stomach aches, sore throat or other aches or pains when s/he ANTICIPATES being separated from you or "Parent #2"?

How about when s/he is ACTUALLY separated from vou?

EXCLUDE TIMES WHEN GOING TO DAYCARE/SCHOOL.

How often does this happen?

When did it start?

PARENT CHANGED PLANS TO LEAVE CHILD **BECAUSE OF CHILD'S DISTRESS AT** SEPARATION

"Parent" changed plans at least once in the last 3 months because of child's distress or fear in anticipation of separation from major attachment figure.

In the last 3 months, have you changed your plans to leave him/her because s/he was so upset or frightened about being separated from you?

Have you cancelled an evening out or taken your child with you because s/he is so upset about you leaving? Have you changed your work or childcare plans because s/he is so frightened about you leaving him/her?

How often has this happened?

When was the first time this happened?

Coding rules	Codes
-	
PHYSICAL SYMPTOMS ON SEPARATION	PBI0I01 Intensity
0 = No	
2 = Yes	
	PBIOF01 Frequency
OUR	PBI0O01 Onset
2	

PARENT CHANGED PLANS TO LEAVE CHILD DUE TO CHILD'S DISTRESS

0 = No

2 = Yes, on at least one occasion in last 3 months



PBI1F01	
Frequen	су



Preschool Age Psychiatric Assessment DSM 5 10.0.0		
Definitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
FEAR/ANXIETY FEAR/ANXIETY ABOUT DAYCARE/SCHOOL ATTENDANCE SCREEN: 3 MONTHS		
In the last 3 months, does s/he get worried or upset on mornings when s/he has to go to daycare/school?	FEAR ANXIETY ABOUT DAYCARE/SCHOOL ATTENDANCE: 3 MONTHS	PBI5I01 Intensity
Has s/he been scared or anxious about going to daycare or school in the last 3 months?	0 = No 2 = Yes	
In the last 3 months, does s/he cry, scream, or have a tantrum about going to school/daycare?		
Have you had to pick him/her up early from daycare/school because she was too afraid or upset to stay?		
IF YES TO ANY QUESTION, CODE YES AND CONTINUE WITH SECTION.	S. S	
Forber		

Preschool Age Psychiatric Assessment DSM 5 10.0.0 Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes PHYSICAL SYMPTOMS OVER DAYCARE/SCHOOL ATTENDANCE Complaints of physical symptoms, e.g. stomachaches, PHYSICAL SYMPTOMS OVER PBI2101 DAYCARE/SCHOOL ATTENDANCE headaches, nausea, vomiting when attendance at Intensity school/daycare is anticipated or occurs. 0 = No 2 = Yes REMEMBER TO COMPLETE ANXIOUS AUTONOMIC SYMPTOMS AND SOMATIC SYMPTOMS SECTION IF, FOR EXAMPLE, STOMACH ACHES OCCUR WITH SEPARATION. BE SURE TO CODE IN THE SOMATIC COMPLAINTS SECTION AS WELL. Does s/he complain of headaches, stomach aches, sore throat or other aches or pains when s/he ANTICIPATES going to daycare/school? Does this happen when s/he is on the way or ACTUALLY at daycare/school? How often does this happen? PBI2F01 Frequency When did it start? PBI2001 Onset | | IF FEAR/ANXIETY ABOUT DAYCARE/SCHOOL, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO END.

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes FEAR/ANXIETY ABOUT LEAVING HOME FEAR/ANXIETY ABOUT LEAVING HOME PBD8101 Fear or subjective anxious affect related to leaving home FOR DAYCARE/SCHOOL for daycare/school. Intensity 0 = Absent REMEMBER TO GET EXAMPLES OF BEHAVIOR. 2 = Anticipatory worry or anticipatory anxiety present and at times is responsive to reassurance. Is s/he frightened or worried about leaving home to go to daycare/school? 3 = Anticipatory worry or anticipatory anxiety occurring, present and almost Is s/he very reluctant or resistant when leaving the entirely uncontrollable. house for daycare/school? Does s/he cry uncontrollably, scream or have a tantrum when s/he has to leave for daycare/school? Is s/he afraid or worry that something might happen to you (Parent #2)? What happens? Can you reassure him/her or distract him/her? Always or just sometimes? PBD8F01 In the last 3 months, how often has this happened? Frequency **HOURS : MINUTES** PBD8D01 How long does s/he remain upset or worried? Duration When did s/he start acting this way? PBD8001 Onset

ANTICIPATORY FEAR OF DAYCARE/SCHOOL

Anticipatory fear or subjective anxious affect related to daycare/school situation.

Is s/he frightened or worried about anything at daycare/school?

Such as a particular teacher or care giver, certain activities, or the behavior of other children?

Does s/he worry about daycare/school when s/he's not there?

Can s/he tell you what makes him/her worried or afraid about daycare/school? Can anyone reassure him/her? Can s/he stop him/herself from feeling this way? Can s/he calm him/herself? Always or just sometimes?

How often does s/he say she is worried or afraid of going to daycare/preschool?

How long do these feeling last?

When did this fear begin?

ANTICIPATORY FEAR OF DAYCARE/SCHOOL 0 = Absent 2 = With anticipatory worry or

Coding rules

2 = With anticipatory worry or anticipatory anxiety intrusive into at least 2 activities that cannot be entirely controlled.

3 = With anticipatory anxiety occurring, almost entirely uncontrollably, in most activities.

HOURS : MINUTES



Codes

PBD9101

Intensity

PBD9F01 Frequency



PBD9O01 Onset



STAYS OUT OF DAYCARE/SCHOOL SOME MORNINGS (FEAR/ANXIETY)

Child stays out of daycare/school because of fear/anxiety/emotional disturbance related to daycare/school attendance. Do not include time missed for usually acceptable reasons, such as sickness.

In the last 3 months, has s/he ACTUALLY stayed home from daycare/school because s/he was so upset, frightened, or worried about going?

Does s/he cry or scream? Does s/he kick, hit or bite when s/he is so upset? Do you try to make him/her go to daycare/school? How do you do that? What happens then? How often does this happen?

How many days of daycare/school has s/he missed because of fear or anxiety? NUMBER OF 1/2 DAYS MISSED WHEN ENROLLED IN DAYCARE/SCHOOL.

3 CLASSES = 1/2 DAY

When was the first time this happened?

HAS TO BE TAKEN TO DAYCARE/SCHOOL (FEAR/ANXIETY)

Does s/he ride a bus/car pool to daycare/school?

Do you HAVE to take him/her to daycare/school sometimes because s/he is too scared or upset to ride the bus/car pool?

What happens?

How often has this happened?

When was the first time?



Codes

DAYCARE/SCHOOL NON-ATTENDANCE (FEAR/ANXIETY)

0 = Absent

Coding rules

2 = Without marked parental attempts to get him/her to daycare/school.

3 = With marked parental attempts to get him/her to daycare/school.



HAS TO TAKE CHILD TO DAYCARE/SCHOOL

0 = No

2 = Yes, on at least one occasion in last 3 months.

PBI7I01 Intensity

PBI7F01 Frequency





IF HAS TO BE TAKEN TO DAYCARE/SCHOOL (FEAR/ANXIETY), CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "PICKED UP EARLY FROM DAYCARE/SCHOOL (FEAR/ANXIETY)", (PAGE 14).

- of R-

Coding rules

Codes

Definitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
HAS TO BE TAKEN TO DAYCARE/SCHOOL (FEAR/ANXIETY) DUE TO SEPARATION ANXIETY		
Child has to be taken to Daycare/School (Fear/Anxiety) due to separation anxiety.	HAS TO BE TAKEN TO DAYCARE/SCHOOL (FEAR/ANXIETY) DUE TO SEPARATION ANXIETY	PBI7I02 Intensity
Do you take him/her to school because of his/her difficulty in separating from you?	0 = No 2 = Yes	
PICKED UP EARLY FROM DAYCARE/SCHOOL (FEAR/ANXIETY)	\mathbf{O}	
Child picked up from daycare/school before the end of the day because s/he is too afraid or upset to remain at daycare/school.	PICKED UP EARLY FROM DAYCARE/SCHOOL (FEAR/ANXIETY) 0 = No	PBI8I01 Intensity
In the last 3 months, have you had to pick him/her up from daycare/school before the day was over because s/he was too afraid or upset to be at daycare/school?	2 = Yes	
Has the teacher/caregiver called and asked you to pick him/her up before the daycare/school day was done?		
Why did the teacher/caregiver think that s/he needed to be picked up?		
How many times has this happened over the last 3 months?		PBI8F01 Frequency
When did this start?		PB18001 Onset

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes ATTEMPTS TO LEAVE DAYCARE/SCHOOL (FEAR/ANXIETY) Question in detail to differentiate anxiety over CHILD TRIES UNSUCCESSFULLY TO PBI9I01 LEAVE DAYCARE/SCHOOL daycare/school attendance from poor supervision or other Intensity (FEAR/ANXIETY) reasons for leaving such as illness. 0 = NoIn the last 3 months, has s/he TRIED to leave 2 = Yesdaycare/school without permission? PBI9F01 What happened? Frequency Why do you think s/he tried to leave? Was s/he afraid or worried? PBI9001 How often has this happened? Onset When was the first time this happened? | | ACTUALLY LEAVES DAYCARE/SCHOOL (FEAR/ANXIETY) CHILD LEAVES DAYCARE/SCHOOL PBI0101 Question in detail to differentiate anxiety over (FEAR/ANXIETY) daycare/school attendance from poor supervision or other Intensity reasons for leaving such as illness. 0 = Absent 2 = Present Has s/he ever actually left daycare/school without permission? What happened? Where did s/he go? Do you know why s/he left? Was s/he afraid or worried? How often has this happened? PBJ0F01 Frequency PBJ0001 When was the first time this happened? Onset

WORRIES

A round of painful, unpleasant, or uncomfortable thoughts that cannot be stopped voluntarily and that occurs across more than one activity.

Do not include worries coded under School Non-Attendance, or Separation Anxiety.

Most children have worries. What does s/he worry about?

Does s/he ever have things on his/her mind that bother him/her?

Does s/he worry that s/he might be sick?

Does s/he worry at all about becoming physically ill?

Does s/he worry about you or other family members becoming sick?

Does s/he worry about the future?

Does s/he worry about bad things happening to your home or town like a fire, hurricane, or earthquake?

Does s/he worry about things s/he has done?

Does s/he worry about how well s/he does things?

Like drawing a picture or playing a game? Does s/he worry about how s/he looks?

Does s/he worry about whether your family will have enough food?

Or money?

Does s/he have other worries?

What is it like when s/he worries? What is s/he worrying about? What is s/he doing when s/he is worrying? Does worrying keep him/her awake at night? Does worrying affect his/her concentration? Can s/he stop his/herself from worrying? Always or just sometimes?

How often does s/he worry about these things?

How long do these feelings last?

When was the first time s/he worried like this?

Coding r	ules
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Codes

WORRIES

0 = Absent

2 = Worrying is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time.

3 = Worrying is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable.



PCA0F01 Frequency

HOURS : MINUTES



PCA0O01 Onset

Definitions and questions	Coding rules
USE INFORMATION ABOVE TO CODE CONTENT OF WORRIES.	HYPOCHON BEING PHYS
	0 = Absent
	2 = Present
USE INFORMATION ABOVE TO CODE CONTENT OF WORRIES.	WORRY TH
	0 = Absent
	2 = Present
USE INFORMATION ABOVE TO CODE CONTENT OF	WORRY ABO
WORRIES.	0 = Absent
	2 = Present
USE INFORMATION ABOVE TO CODE CONTENT OF	WORRIES A
WORRIES.	0 = Absent
	2 = Present
USE INFORMATION ABOVE TO CODE CONTENT OF	WORRIES A
WORRIES.	0 = Absent
	2 = Present
USE INFORMATION ABOVE TO CODE CONTENT OF WORRIES.	WORRIES A PERFORMA
	0 = Absent
	2 = Present
USE INFORMATION ABOVE TO CODE CONTENT OF	WORRIES A
WORRIES.	0 = Absent
	2 = Present
USE INFORMATION ABOVE TO CODE CONTENT OF	WORRIES A
WORRIES.	0 = Absent
	2 = Present
USE INFORMATION ABOVE TO CODE CONTENT OF	OTHER WOR
WORRIES.	0 = Absent
	2 = Present
IF WORRIES, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO END.	

POCHONDRIASIS (WORRY ABOUT EING PHYSICALLY ILL)	PCA0I09
= Absent	
= Present	
ORRY THAT FAMILY MEMBER(S) ILL BECOME ILL	PCA0I10
= Absent	
= Present	
ORRY ABOUT THE FUTURE	PCA0102
= Absent	
= Present	
ORRIES ABOUT NATURAL CALAMITY	PCA0111
= Absent	
Present	
ORRIES ABOUT PAST BEHAVIOR	PCA0103
= Absent	
= Present	
ORRIES ABOUT COMPETENCE OR RFORMANCE	PCA0I04
= Absent	
= Present	
ORRIES ABOUT APPEARANCE	PCA0106
= Absent	
= Present	
ORRIES ABOUT MONEY/FOOD	PCA0107
= Absent	
= Present	
THER WORRIES	PCA0I08
= Absent	
= Present	

Codes

EXCESSIVE NEED FOR REASSURANCE

The child seeks reassurance from others about worries, but the worries continue in spite of such reassurance. Include Daycare/School-Related Worries/Anxiety, Separation Anxiety, and Worries.

Does s/he talk to people about his/her worries or fears?

How often? **Do they ever get fed up with hearing about his/her worries?**

What happens then?

Can s/he stop him/herself from talking about his/her worries?

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Coding rules

Codes

EXCESSIVE NEED FOR REASSURANCE

0 = Absent

2 = Seeks reassurance but not to the extent of interfering with ordinary social discourse.

3 = Seeks reassurance to such an extent that ordinary social discourse, with at least one person, is interfered with as evidenced by loss of patience or avoidance of contact with child by that person.



ANXIOUS AFFECT

NERVOUS TENSION

An unpleasant feeling of "nervousness," "nervous tension," "being on edge," "being keyed-up."

Do not include in this rating material coded under Separation Anxiety and School Non-Attendance (Worry/Anxiety) even if it conforms to the definition of Nervous Tension.

Is s/he sometimes tense, nervous, or on edge?

Does s/he get tense or nervous in anticipation of an event?

Does s/he get nervous or tense about things that s/he really should not worry about?

What does s/he feel "nervous" about? When does that happen? How bad is it? What is s/he doing when s/he feels this way? Do you know why? Can you get him/her to calm down? If s/he concentrates on something or is doing something s/he likes, does the nervousness go away? Always or just sometimes?

How often does s/he feel this way?

How long does the feeling last?

When did it start?

Coding rules

Codes

NERVOUS TENSION

0 = Absent

2 = Nervous tension is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time.

3 = Nervous tension is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable.



PCA3F01 Frequency

HOURS : MINUTES







SUBJECTIVE ANXIOUS AFFECT (FRIGHTENED AFFECT)

Feelings of fear and apprehension. Consider only the mood state itself here, and not its behavioral concomitants.

This overall item is not coded here but it is subclassified into Free Floating and Situation Specific Anxious Affects at the end of the section.

All anxious affect situations refer to anxietyprovoking stressors that affect the child either in the presence of the stressor or just by thinking about it. Whether cued by the presence or by the anticipation of the stressor, the key concept is controllability of the anxiety. Coding rules

Codes

SOCIAL ANXIETY

Subjective Anxious Affect specific to social interactions. The fear or anxiety experienced during the social situation is out of proportion to the actual threat or danger posed by the social situation.

Note: There is desire for involvement with familiar people.

Include fear, self-consciousness, fear of rejection, embarrassment, and concern about appropriateness of behavior when interacting with unfamiliar peers and/or adults.

Does s/he become nervous or frightened when s/he has to talk people?

Does s/he get upset when meeting new people?

Does s/he act frightened when s/he meets new children?

Does s/he become extremely shy in social situations?

Is s/he able to go to birthday parties and interact with the other people?

How about other places like the park or playground? Does s/he think s/he might do something stupid or embarrassing? Does s/he think that people might make fun of him/her? Does s/he try to hide behind you or behind furniture? Does s/he refuse to speak? Does s/he cry or scream?

Does s/he try to leave the room?

What is s/he doing at the time when s/he feels like this? Can you help him/her become more comfortable in the situation?

Can you reassure him/her? Always or just sometimes?

How often does s/he feel this way?

How long do these feelings last?

When was the first time you noticed this?

Does s/he get upset when s/he has to meet new people? Or start to cry? Or refuse to speak?

Does s/he avoid going to parties or places like the park where s/he might have to talk to people? Have you changed your plans or routines so that s/he can avoid these situations?

Coding rules	Codes
SOCIAL ANXIETY	PCA6I01 Intensity
0 = Absent	
2 = Social anxiety is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time.	
3 = Social anxiety is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable.	
4 = The child has not been in such a situation during the last 3 months because parent helped him/her to avoid it, but parent reports that anxious affect would have occurred if the child had been in situation.	
9	
	PCA6F01 Frequency
HOURS : MINUTES	
	PCA6D01
	Duration
	PCA6001
	Onset
	//
DISTRESS	
0 = Absent	
2 = New or forced social situation leads to (or would lead to) crying, lack of spontaneous speech, withdrawal from social situation, or anxious silliness.	PCA7I01
AVOIDANCE	
0 = Absent	PCA8101
1 = With accompaniment and reassurance, child is able to remain in feared situation.	
2 = Parent has regularly changed plans or routines so as to allow child to avoid feared situation.	
3 = Child lives a highly restricted life because of feared situations.	

FEAR OF ACTIVITIES IN PUBLIC

Subjective Anxious Affect specific to the public performance of activities that do not elicit fear when performed in private. The fear or anxiety experienced is out of proportion to the actual threat or danger posed by the social situation.

Include going to the bathroom at daycare/school or other public places, eating in public, speaking up at circle time or participating in "sharing" at daycare/school.

Does s/he get nervous or frightened when s/he has to do things in front of other people?

What about when s/he is called on during circle time or for show and tell?

Does it embarrass him/her to eat when other people are around?

What happens? Is s/he frightened because s/he thinks that others may think s/he is stupid? Is s/he afraid that people might laugh at him/her? Or make fun of him/her? Is s/he frightened that s/he might offend others? Is s/he scared that s/he will make a mistake? How does it affect him/her? What was s/he doing at the time? Can s/he stop from feeling that way? Can you reassure him/her? Always or just sometimes?

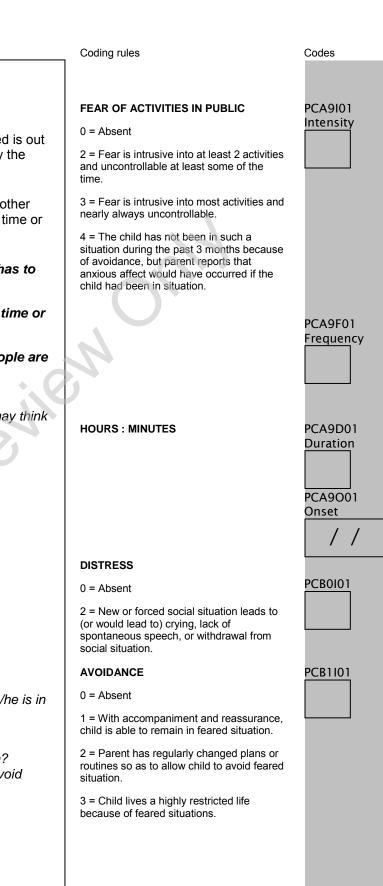
How often has s/he done that in the last 3 months?

How long does that last?

When was the first time this happened?

Does s/he get upset, cry, or refuse to speak when s/he is in this situation?

If you comfort him/her, can s/he stay in the situation? Do you change plans or routines so that s/he can avoid these situations?



AGORAPHOBIA

Subjective anxious affect specific to open spaces or crowds. Typical places and situations relevant to agoraphobia include being outside the home alone, being in a crowd, standing in line, traveling on public transport or by automobile.

Distinguish from acrophobia (fear of heights) when fear of being on bridges, etc. is described.

Distinguish from separation-related anxieties and worries, where the central fears or worries concern separation from attachment figures. When there is doubt as to the correct coding in such a case, code both the appropriate separation-related symptoms and agoraphobia and complete the coding indicating possible overlap with separation-related symptoms.

Is s/he afraid in open spaces?

How about going out in crowded places?

Or standing in line?

Is s/he afraid of using public transportation?

Or riding in automobiles?

Is s/he afraid of being in an enclosed place like a store or movie theater? Has it affected what s/he does? What effect has it had? Can s/he stop him/herself from being afraid? Always or just sometimes?

How often has that happened in the last 3 months?

How long does that last?

When was the first time this happened?

If you comfort him/her, can s/he stay in the situation? Do you change plans or routines so that s/he can avoid these situations?

IF AGORAPHOBIA PRESENT, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "ANIMAL FEARS", (PAGE 7).

Coding rules

Codes

PCB2101

Intensity

AGORAPHOBIA

0 = Absent

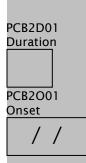
2 = Agoraphobia is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time.

3 = Agoraphobia is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable.

4 = The child has not been in the anxiety provoking situation during the past 3 months because of avoidance, but the parent reports that the anxious affect would have occurred if the child had been in such a situation.



HOURS : MINUTES



AVOIDANCE

0 = Absent

1 = With accompaniment and reassurance, child is able to remain in feared situation.

2 = Parent has regularly changed plans or routines so as to allow child to avoid feared situation.

3 = Child lives a highly restricted life because of feared situations.



Anxious Affect

SUBTYPE: AGORAPHOBIA MAY OVERLAP WITH SEPARATION-RELATED SYMPTOMS

Anxiety and/or worry may be associated with separation from attachment figures.

1.0K

Does this fear have anything to do with being separated from you?

Or from other people s/he is attached to?

SUBTYPE: AGORAPHOBIA MAY OVERLAP WITH SEPARATION-RELATED SYMPTOMS 0 = Absent

2 = Present

Coding rules



Codes

Anxious Affect

ANIMAL FEARS

Subjective Anxious Affect specific to animals. The fear or anxiety experienced is out of proportion to the actual threat or danger posed by the feared animal or situation.

Distinguish from Fear of Monsters, remembering the "monsters" can include animals that really exist under certain circumstances.

Do any animals frighten him/her?

Which ones? What happens? Does she cry? Or have a tantrum? Or cling to you? What does s/he do about it? How afraid is s/he? Can s/he stop him/herself from being afraid? Always or just sometimes?

How often has that happened in the last 3 months?

How long does that last?

When was the first time this happened?

lf i	vou	comfort	him/her,	can	s/he	stav	' in	the	situat	hinn?	,
	you	CONTION	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	can	3/110	Slay		$u \to b$	Silual	10111	

Do you change plans or routines so that s/he can avoid these situations? Like going to someone's house because they have an animal?

 Coding rules
FEAR OF ANIMALS
0 = Absent
2 = Fear is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time.
3 = Fear is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable.
4 = The child has not been in such a situation during the past 3 months because of avoidance, but parent reports that anxious affect would have occurred if the child had been in situation.
N
HOURS : MINUTES

PCB5101



1 = With accompaniment and reassurance, child is able to remain in feared situation.

2 = Parent has regularly changed plans or routines so as to allow child to avoid feared situation.

3 = Child lives a highly restricted life because of feared situations.



PCB4F01

PCB4D01 Duration

PCB4001

Onset

Frequency

Codes

FEAR OF THE DARK

Subjective anxious affect specific to the dark and being in the dark. The fear or anxiety experienced is out of proportion to the actual threat or danger posed by the feared situation.

Differentiate fear of the dark from fear of separating from "parent" or being alone in the room at bedtime.

Is s/he afraid of being in the dark?

Does s/he become upset when s/he has to go into a dark room or outside at night?

Can s/he go into a dark room by him/herself? Does s/he cry, scream or become agitated when s/he anticipates being in the dark or has to go into a dark room? What is she doing that requires him/her to go into the dark? Can s/he stop him/herself from being afraid? Can you reassure him/her? If you go with your child can s/he go into the dark? Have you changed plans or routine to accommodate your child's fear of the dark?

How often has s/he been afraid of the dark?

How long does s/he stay afraid for?

When was the first time this happened?

If you comfort him/her, can s/he stay in the situation? Do you change plans or routines so that s/he can avoid these situations? Coding rules

Codes

PCG0101

Intensity

FEAR OF THE DARK

0 = Absent

2 = Fear is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time.

3 = Fear is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable.

4 = The child has not been in such a situation during the past 3 months because of avoidance, but parent reports that anxious affect would have occurred if the child had been in situation.



PCG0102

AVOIDANCE FEAR OF THE DARK

0 = Absent

HOURS : MINUTES

1 = With accompaniment and reassurance, child is able to remain in the feared situation. For example, the child can go into a dark room or fall asleep in a dark room when accompanied by parent.

2 = Child's "parent" has regularly changed plans or routines so as to allow child to avoid feared situation.

3 = Child lives a highly restricted life because of feared situation.

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes FEAR OF CLOWNS OR COSTUMED **CHARACTERS** Subjective anxious affect specific to clowns or other FEAR OF CLOWNS OR COSTUMED PCG1101 CHARACTERS costumed characters. The fear or anxiety experienced is Intensity out of proportion to the actual threat or danger posed by 0 = Absent the feared object or situation. 2 = Fear is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the Is s/he afraid of clowns? time 3 = Fear is intrusive into most activities and How about other costumed characters? nearly always uncontrollable. Is s/he afraid of going to Chuck E. Cheese's because of 4 = The child has not been in such a the costumed characters? situation during the past 3 months because of avoidance, but parent reports that anxious affect would have occurred if the What is s/he afraid will happen if s/he encounters a clown child had been in situation. or other costumed character? How does this fear affect her routines or the routines of vour family? PCG1F01 Can s/he stop him/herself from being afraid? Frequency Can you reassure him/her? Always or just sometimes? **HOURS : MINUTES** How often has that happened in the last 3 months? PCG1D01 Duration How long does s/he stay afraid? PCG1001 Onset When was the first time this happened? AVOIDANCE PCG1102 0 = Absent If you comfort him/her, can s/he stay in the situation? Do you change plans or routines so that s/he can avoid 1 = With accompaniment and reassurance, child is able to remain in feared situation. these situations? 2 = Parent has regularly changed plans or routines so as to allow child to avoid feared situation. 3 = Child lives a highly restricted life because of feared situations.

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes FEAR OF STORMS, THUNDER AND/OR LIGHTNING Subjective anxious affect specific to storms, thunder and/or FEAR OF STORMS, THUNDER, AND/OR PCE9I01 LIGHTNING lightning. The fear or anxiety experienced is out of Intensity proportion to the actual threat or danger posed by the 0 = Absent storm or situation. 2 = Fear is present and uncontrollable at least some of the time and occurs in the Is s/he very afraid of thunder and lightning? presence of storms, thunder, and/or lightning. What happens when there is a storm? 3 = Fear is nearly always uncontrollable Is s/he afraid only if there is a storm? and occurs even in the absence of a storm. Is s/he afraid when just thinking about a storm? Can s/he stop him/herself from being afraid? 4 = No storm occurred during the primary period, but the child would have been afraid Can you reassure him/her? if one had occurred. Always or just sometimes? PCE9F01 Frequency How often has that happened in the last 3 months? HOURS : MINUTES How long does s/he stay afraid? PCE9D01 Duration When did this start? PCE9001 Onset / /

FEAR OF INJURY

Subjective anxious affect specific to the possibility of being hurt. The fear or anxiety experienced is out of proportion to the actual threat or danger posed by the feared object or situation.

Does s/he feel "nervous" or "frightened" about getting hurt or injured?

Does s/he become very afraid or upset when s/he gets a small cut or bruise?

Is s/he afraid to do things because s/he might get hurt?

Does it affect what he does? In what way? What is s/he doing that s/he is afraid of getting hurt? Can s/he stop him/herself from being afraid? Always or just sometimes?

How often has that happened in the last 3 months?

How long does s/he stay afraid for?

When was the first time you noticed this?

If you comfort him/her, can s/he stay in the situation?
Do you change plans or routines so that s/he can avoid
these situations?

	Coding rules	Codes
eing in to or	FEAR OF INJURY 0 = Absent 2 = Fear is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the	PCB6I01 Intensity
ting	time. 3 = Fear is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable.	
iets	4 = The child has not been in such a situation during the past 3 months because of avoidance, but parent reports that	
ourt?	anxious affect would have occurred if the child had been in situation.	
• 0	N	PCB6F01 Frequency
~	HOURS : MINUTES	PCB6D01 Duration PCB6O01 Onset
		//
1	 AVOIDANCE 0 = Absent 1 = With accompaniment and reassurance, child is able to remain in feared situation. 2 = Parent has regularly changed plans or routines so as to allow child to avoid feared situation. 3 = Child lives a highly restricted life because of feared situations. 	PCB7I01

FEAR OF DOCTOR OR DENTIST

Subjective Anxious Affect related to going to or anticipating going to the doctor or the dentist. The fear or anxiety experienced is out of proportion to the actual threat or danger posed by the feared object or situation.

Distinguish from Fear of Blood/Injection.

Include fear that arises on the day of or during a visit to the doctor or dentist, but only code as positive if the fear is uncontrollable at least some of the time.

Does s/he become very frightened or upset when s/he goes to the doctor or the dentist?

How about when s/he just THINKS about going to the doctor or the dentist?

What happens? What do you think frightens him/her? Can s/he stop himself/herself from being afraid? Always or just sometimes?

How often has s/he been afraid in the last 3 months?

How long does s/he remain afraid?

When did this start?

If you comfort him/her, can s/he stay in the situation?
Do you change plans or routines so that s/he can avoid
these situations?

For example, cancel or skip doctor appointments because s/he is afraid to go?

Coding rules Codes FEAR OF DOCTOR OR DENTIST PCG2101 Intensity 0 = Absent 2 = Fear is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time 3 = Fear is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable. 4 = The child has not been in such a situation during the past 3 months because of avoidance, but parent reports that anxious affect would have occurred if the child had been in situation. PCG2F01 Frequency PCG2D01 **HOURS : MINUTES** Duration PCG2001 Onset AVOIDANCE PCG2102 0 = Absent 1 = With accompaniment and reassurance, child is able to go to doctor or dentist and be examined. 2 = Child's "parent" has regularly changed plans or routines so as to allow child to avoid feared situation, including avoiding taking child to doctor or dentist.

FEAR OF BLOOD OR INJECTION

Subjective Anxious Affect in relation to sight of blood, receipt or sight of injections, or anticipation of sight of blood or injections. The fear or anxiety experienced is out of proportion to the actual threat or danger posed by the feared object or situation.

AIDS-related fears are not coded here.

Distinguish from Fear of Doctor/Dentist

Does s/he feel frightened about the sight of blood?

Is s/he afraid of getting a shot or injection?

Is s/he afraid of seeing anyone getting an injection?

How does it affect him/her?

Do doctors or nurses have to hold him/her down? Does s/he scream or cry when s/he finds out s/he is going to get a shot? Does the thought of getting a shot frighten him/her? Can s/he stop himself/herself from being afraid?

Always or just sometimes?

How often, in the last 3 months, has s/he been afraid of blood/injections?

How long does s/he stay afraid for?

When was the first time you noticed this?

Do you change plans or routines so that s/he can avoid these situations?

For example, do you cancel or skip doctor appointments because s/he is afraid of getting a shot? If you comfort him/her, can s/he stay in the situation?

Coding rules Codes FEAR OF BLOOD/INJECTION PCE0101 Intensity 0 = Absent 2 = Fear is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time 3 = Fear is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable. 4 = The child has not been in such a situation during the past 3 months because of avoidance, but parent reports that anxious affect would have occurred if the child had been in situation. PCE0F01 Frequency **HOURS : MINUTES** PCE0D01 Duration PCE0001 Onset AVOIDANCE PCE1101 0 = Absent 1 = Child can be reassured about the sight of blood or cooperate about receiving a shot if accompanied/reassured. 2 = "Parent" has developed routines that allow child to avoid feared situation including postponing shots or immunizations.

OTHER ANXIETY OR FEAR PROVOKING SITUATIONS

Subjective anxious affect related to other fear provoking situations. The fear or anxiety experienced is out of proportion to the actual threat or danger posed by the feared object or situation.

Are there any other things that s/he's afraid of?

Loud sounds?

Heights?

Elevators or Escalators?

Germs?

Dirt?

Illness?

Swimming?

Bathing?

Burglars/Robbers/Kidnappers?

Puppets?

Ghost?

Water?

Getting a Haircut?

Vacuum Cleaners?

Anything else I haven't mentioned?

What is s/he doing when s/he is afraid? Can s/he stop him/herself from being afraid? Always or just sometimes?

How often has s/he been afraid in the last 3 months?

How long does s/he stay afraid for?

When did this fear start?

Do you change plans or routines so that s/he can avoid these situations? If you comfort him/her, can s/he stay in the situation?

	Coding rules	Codes
r provoking	OTHER FEARS	PCB8101
out of ed by the	0 = Absent	Intensity
	2 = Fear is intrusive into at least 2 activities and uncontrollable at least some of the time.	
id of?	3 = Fear is intrusive into most activities and nearly always uncontrollable.	
	4 = The child has not been in such a situation during the past 3 months because of avoidance, but parent reports that anxious affect would have occurred if the child had been in situation.	
. 0	5	PCB8F01 Frequency
JIE	HOURS : MINUTES	PCB8D01 Duration
0		
		PCB8O01 Onset
*		/ /
months?	AVOIDANCE	PCB9101
	0 = Absent	
	1 = With accompaniment and reassurance, child is able to remain in feared situation.	
can avoid	2 = Parent has regularly changed plans or routines so as to allow child to avoid feared situation.	
ituation?	3 = Child lives a highly restricted life because of feared situations.	

FREE FLOATING ANXIOUS AFFECT

Anxiety not associated with any particular situation.

Does s/he feel frightened without knowing why?

What is s/he doing when s/he is frightened like this? Can s/he stop him/herself from being afraid? Always or just sometimes?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

How long does each episode of anxiety last?

When was the first time this happened?

IF SCHOOL/SEPARATION ANXIETY, SITUATIONAL ANXIOUS AFFECT, FREE-FLOATING, NERVOUS TENSION, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO END.

Coding rules
FREE FLOATING ANXIOUS AFFECT
0 = Absent
2 = The child feels fear, or experiences free-floating anxiety that is at least sometimes uncontrollable in 2 activities or requires excessive reassurance.
3 = The child feels fear, or experiences free-floating anxiety, that is almost completely uncontrollable in most activities.

HOURS : MINUTES



Codes

PCC1101

PCC1F01 Frequency PCC1D01 Duration PCC1O01



STARTLE RESPONSE

Exaggerated startle response to minor stimuli. Do not include startling in response to situations that would make most people jump.

Startle response may also appear in PTSD section. If so, code in both places.

Does s/he startle more easily than most people?

What sort of things makes him/her jump? Are these the kinds of things that would make most people jump?

How often has s/he been jumpy like that in the last 3 months?

When did this start?

CONCENTRATION DIFFICULTIES

Difficulty in concentrating or mind "going blank" when feeling anxious.

When s/he feels "anxious" or scared, is it hard for him/her to concentrate?

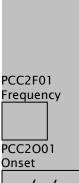
Does his/her mind seem to go blank?

What happens? Can s/he focus on a game? Does s/he seem to jump aimlessly from one activity to another because his/her anxiety makes it difficult for him/her to concentrate?

How often has s/he had this kind of difficulty concentrating in the last 3 months?

When did this start?

Coding rules **STARTLE RESPONSE** 0 = Absent 2 = Startles to an exaggerated degree on slight provocation.



CONCENTRATION DIFFICULTIES

0 = Absent

2 = Concentration impairment sufficient to interfere with ongoing activities.





PCC3O01 Onset



Anxious Affect

Codes

PCC2101

Intensity

EASY FATIGABILITY

Child becomes easily fatigued when anxious.

When s/he is worried or anxious, does s/he get tired easily?

What happens? Can s/he continue to play or interact even though s/he is tired out by being anxious? Does s/he need more sleep, either during the day as naps or at night?

How often has s/he felt like that in the last 3 months?

When did this start?

MUSCLE TENSION

Generalized tightness, stiffness, or soreness in muscles not resulting from physical exercise.

Do his/her muscles tense up when s/he is "worried," "anxious," or "frightened"?

How often has s/he felt like that in the last 3 months?

When did this start?

Coding rules

Codes

PCC4I01

Intensity

EASY FATIGABILITY

0 = Absent

2 = Feels fatigued after slight exertion but continues with tasks at hand.

3 = Fatigue leads to reduced performance of tasks at hand.





MUSCLE TENSION

0 = Absent

2 = Present



PCD0I14

Intensity

PCD0O14 Onset



Definitions and questions

 RESTLESSNESS WHEN WORRIED, ANXIOUS, OR FRIGHTENED

 Increased unnecessary whole body movements (e.g. getting up and moving around) when anxious or worried.

Does s/he get restless when s/he is "worried," "anxious," or "frightened?"

Does s/he have to keep getting up or moving around when s/he is "worried," "anxious," or "frightened"?

Does s/he become more "wild" when s/he is scared or anxious? Keyed up or on edge?

How often has s/he felt like that in the last 3 months?

When did that start?

SLEEP DISTURBANCE WHEN WORRIED/ANXIOUS

Child has difficulty falling asleep, staying asleep, restless or unsatisfying sleep when anxious or worried.

When s/he is worried or anxious, does s/he have trouble falling asleep?

Does s/he have trouble staying asleep when s/he is anxious or worried?

Would you describe his/her sleep as restless?

Does s/he feel s/he needs more sleep when s/he is worried or anxious?

How often has s/he had difficulty sleeping in the last 3 months?

When did this start?

2		

SLEEP DISTURBANCE WHEN WORRIED/ANXIOUS

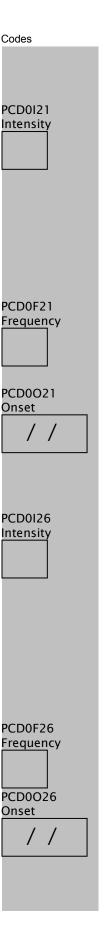
0 = No

Coding rules

RESTLESSNESS

0 = Absent 2 = Present

2 = Yes



Anxious Affect

IRRITABILITY WHEN WORRIED/ANXIOUS

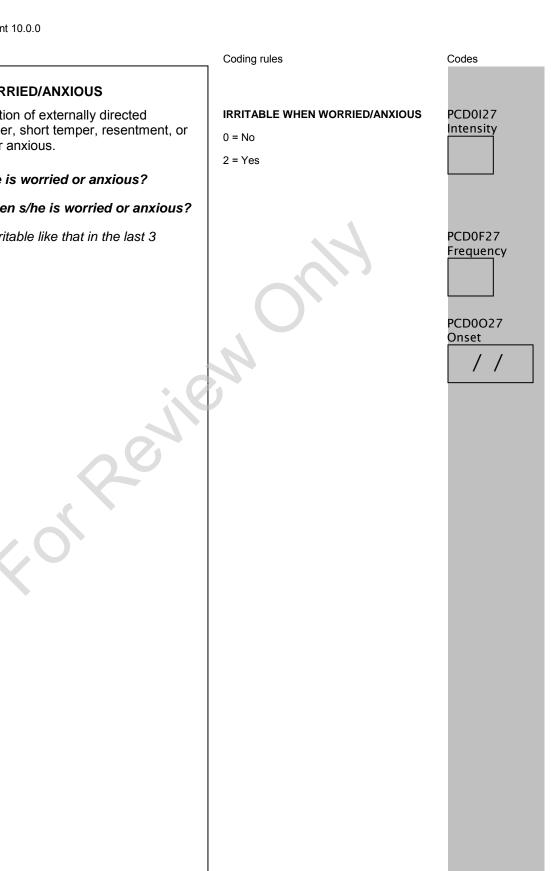
Increased ease of precipitation of externally directed feelings of anger, bad temper, short temper, resentment, or annoyance when worried or anxious.

Is s/he irritable when s/he is worried or anxious?

Is s/he easily angered when s/he is worried or anxious?

How often has s/he been irritable like that in the last 3 months?

When did this start?



finitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
ANXIOUS AUTONOMIC SYMPTOMS		
Autonomic symptoms accompanied by subjective anxious	AUTONOMIC SYMPTOMS	PCD0190
affect (occurs when child is frightened, worried or nervous).	0 = Absent	Intensity
CODE AS PRESENT AND CONTINUE.	2 = Present	
When s/he is "anxious" or frightened, does it affect	JUMPINESS	
him/her physically at all?	0 = Absent	PCD0I20
Does s/he get jumpy?	2 = Present	
Keyed up?	DIZZINESS/FAINTNESS	PCE5I01
Agitated? On edge?	0 = Absent	FCLSIOT
Does s/he get dizzy or giddy or faint?	2 = Present	
Does sine get dizzy of globy of family	FEELINGS OF CHOKING	PCE5I23
Does it affect his/her breathing?	0 = Absent	
-	2 = Present	
Does s/he act as if s/he is choking?	BUTTERFLIES OR PAIN IN THE STOMACH	PCE5111
Does s/he get butterflies in his/her stomach?	0 = Absent	
Does s/he get stomach pains?	2 = Present	
	SENSATIONS OF SHORTNESS OF	PCE5I22
Does s/he get sensations of shortness of breath?	BREATH OR SMOTHERING 0 = Absent	
Or feel as if s/he is smothering?	2 = Present	
	PALPITATIONS, POUNDING HEART, OR	PCE5106
Does it affect his/her heart?	ACCELERATED HEART RATE	PCESIUG
	0 = Absent	
Does s/he complain of his/her heart beating hard or fast?	2 = Present	
Can you feel his/her heart beating fast?	CHEST PAIN OR DISCOMFORT	PCE5I07
	0 = Absent	
Does s/he complain of a pain in his/her chest?	2 = Present	
	SWEATING	PCE5I08
	0 = Absent	
Does s/he get sweaty?	2 = Present	
	NAUSEA	PCE5I09
Does s/he complain of feeling sick to his/her stomach?	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	TREMBLING OR SHAKING	PCE5I13
	0 = Absent	

Definitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
Does s/he get shaky or twitch?	2 = Present	
	HOT FLUSHES OR CHILLS	PCE5I14
	0 = Absent	
Does s/he get hot flushes?	2 = Present	
	PARAESTHESIAE (NUMBNESS OR TINGLING SENSATIONS)	PCE5I16
Does s/he complain of funny feelings in his/her fingers	0 = Absent	
or toes?	2 = Present	
	ABDOMINAL CHURNING	PCE5I18
Does his/her stomach churn?	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	~	
]	

DEPRESSED AFFECT

DEPRESSED MOOD

Feelings of low mood. Includes feeling unhappy, miserable, blue, low spirited, being down in the dumps or dejected.

Distinguish from other unpleasant affects e.g. Nervous Tension or Anxiety, Apathy and Anhedonia. It is also important to make sure that it is the mood itself that is being rated and not its "expected" concomitants (such as apathy, self-depreciation or crying). Items such as these are rated separately. If they are used as evidence of depression as well, spurious relationships will be generated by the interviewer.

Now I am going to talk about some of your child's feelings.

Has s/he been feeling "down" at all?

Has s/he been feeling down in the dumps, unhappy, or depressed?

Does s/he cry because of this feeling? What made him/her feel "miserable"? If I had seen him/her then would I have been able to tell? Can you do anything to cheer him/her up? Can s/he do anything to cheer him/herself up? How often is s/he "down" like that at home? How often is s/he "down" like that at daycare/school? How often is s/he "down" like that elsewhere? Note: If child is depressed all day every day, code frequency as 90 times for each setting of home, school, and elsewhere.

When s/he feels "miserable", how long does it last?

When did s/he start to feel down like that?

Was there a week when s/he felt "miserable" most days? Were there 2 consecutive weeks when s/he was "miserable" on at least 8 days?

Has there been a period of at least 2 consecutive months in the last year when s/he did not feel "down" like that?

_	Coding rules	Codes
	DEPRESSED MOOD	PDA0101
	0 = Absent	Intensity
	2 = The depressed mood is sometimes intrusive but also sometimes alleviated by enjoyable events or activities.	
	3 = Scarcely anything is able to lift the mood.	
	номе	PDA0F01
		Home Frequency
	SCHOOL	PDA0F02
		School
		Frequency
	ELSEWHERE	PDA0F03
		Elsewhere
		Frequency
	HOURS : MINUTES	PDA0D01
		Duration
		PDA0001
		Onset
		//
	EPISODE OF DEPRESSED MOOD	
	0 = Absent	PDA0I02
	2 = At least 1 week with 4 days depressed mood.	
	3 = Period of 2 consecutive weeks where depressed mood present on at least 8 days.	
	PERIOD OF 2 CONTINUOUS MONTHS WITHOUT DEPRESSED MOOD IN LAST YEAR	PDA0I03
	0 = Yes	
	2 = No	

LOOKS UNHAPPY

Parent's evaluation that the child characteristically looks unhappy to an extent abnormal for the child's age or developmental stage.

Does s/he often look unhappy?

Does his/her face seem sad?

What about when nice things happen? Does she look more cheerful then? What is s/he doing at the time when she looks unhappy?

How often does s/he look unhappy at home?

How often does s/he look unhappy at daycare/school?

How often does s/he look unhappy elsewhere?

When s/he looks unhappy, how long does it last?

When did s/he first start to look unhappy?

IF "DEPRESSED MOOD" OR "LOOKS UNHAPPY" PRESENT, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "REPORTED TEARFULNESS AND CRYING", (PAGE 4).

	Coding rules	Codes
oks	LOOKS UNHAPPY	PDG0I01
	0 = Absent	Intensity
	2 = Child looks unhappy in at least 2 activities but looks more cheerful at times.	
	3 = Child hardly ever looks normally cheerful.	
	4	
opy?	номе	PDG0F01
		Home Frequency
1?		
	SCHOOL	PDG0F02 School
•.0		Frequency
	ELSEWHERE	PDG0F03 Elsewhere
		Frequency
	HOURS : MINUTES	
		PDG0D01 Duration
		PDG0001
		Onset
		//

AGITATION

Markedly changed motor activity associated with depressed mood. In moderate degree it is shown by fidgeting various parts of the body and an inability to stay still. In severe degree, it is expressed by pacing up and down and wandering about and an inability to sit down for very long. In all degrees, it must appear to be accompanied by unpleasant affect.

DO NOT INCLUDE SIMPLE RESTLESSNESS OR FIDGETINESS IN THE ABSENCE OF MOOD CHANGE.

Does s/he get very restless when s/he's "miserable?"

Does s/he have difficulty keeping still when depressed?

Does s/he wander about without seeming to have a purpose when s/he is depressed?

Can you calm him/her down? What was s/he doing at the time? Could s/he stop him/herself from feeling this way? Can s/he always stop feeling this way? Or just sometimes?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

How long does it last?

When did the "agitation" start?

activities and cannot be entirely controlled, but sometimes the child can inhibit his/her agitation with effort. 3 = Agitation almost entirely uncontrollable.

2 = Agitation is present in at least 2

Coding rules

AGITATION

0 = Absent

HOURS : MINUTES

PDA5F01 Frequency PDA5D01 Duration PDA5O01

Onset

Codes

PDA5I01 Intensity

Depression

REPORTED TEARFULNESS AND CRYING

Eves filling with tears or actual shedding of tears as a response to an internal state of unhappiness or misery.

Do not rate crying precipitated by usual precipitants (such as sad situations or anger or being spanked or disciplined).

Does s/he ever feel so "miserable" that s/he wants to cry?

Does s/he cry even when it seems that nothing has happened to warrant crying?

Does s/he actually cry? What was s/he doing at the time? Can s/he stop him/herself? Always? Or just sometimes? How often does this happen at home? How often does this happen at daycare/school? How often does this happen elsewhere?

Coding rules

Codes

PDA4I01

Intensity

REPORTED TEARFULNESS AND CRYING

0 = Absent

2 = When feeling miserable, the eyes fill with tears, or shed tears, at least sometimes uncontrollably, in at least 2 activities.

3 = When feeling miserable, the eyes nearly always uncontrollably fill with, or shed, tears in most activities.

HOME PDA4F01 Home SCHOOL **ELSEWHERE HOURS : MINUTES** Onset







How long does it last?

When did s/he start being tearful?

EASILY FRUSTRATED

The child is generally more prone to feelings of frustration, under minor provocation than most children.

This pattern need not represent a change in behavior.

Does s/he become frustrated very easily?

What sorts of things frustrate him/her? Does s/he get frustrated more easily than most children his/her age, do you think?

What happens?

How often does that sort of thing happen?

How long does s/he stay frustrated?

When was the first time you noticed this?

ANGER AND IRRITABILITY

The three items making up this section may lead to confusion unless careful attention is paid to the definitions. In essence, anger and irritability are being assessed at two levels: that of proneness to feelings of anger (as in Touchy or Easily Annoyed), and that of angry behavior (as in Angry or Resentful). For these first two items, a change does not have to have been noted, so that a child who had always been like this would be coded positively here. Irritability requires the presence of both increased proneness to feelings of anger and angry behavior. It also requires that a change must have been observed, but does not stipulate that the mood or behavior need occur more than in most children. Thus all three of these items may be rated as being present in the same person.

Coding rules Codes

EASILY FRUSTRATED
0 = Absent
2 = Present

PDF7F01
Frequency
HOURS : MINUTES

PDF7D01
Duration
PDF7C01
Onset
/ /

Coding rules	Codes
TOUCHY OR EASILY ANNOYED 0 = Absent 2 = Present HOME	PDA6I01 Intensity PDA6F01 Home Frequency
SCHOOL	PDA6F02 School Frequency
ELSEWHERE	PDA6F03 Elsewhere Frequency
HOURS : MINUTES	PDA6D01 Duration
	PDA6O01 Onset
OCCURS WITH SIBLING(S) 0 = No 2 = Yes	PDA6X01
OCCURS WITH PEERS 0 = No	PDA6X02
2 = Yes OCCURS WITH ADULTS 0 = No 2 = Yes	PDA6X03
	TOUCHY OR EASILY ANNOYED0 = Absent2 = PresentHOMESCHOOLELSEWHEREMOURS : MINUTESOCCURS WITH SIBLING(S)0 = No2 = YesOCCURS WITH PEERS0 = No2 = YesOCCURS WITH ADULTS0 = No2 = YesOCCURS WITH ADULTS0 = No

initions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
ANGRY OR RESENTFUL		
The child is generally more prone to MANIFESTATIONS of	ANGRY OR RESENTFUL	PDA7101
anger or resentment (such as snappiness, shouting,	0 = Absent	Intensity
quarreling or sulking) under minor provocation, than most children.	2 = Present	
This pattern need not represent a change in behavior.	НОМЕ	
		PDA7F01 Home
Does s/he get angry very often?		Frequency
What happens?		
Does s/he get "sulky" or "pout"?	SCHOOL	
What does s/he do?		PDA7F02 School
How often does this happen at home?		Frequency
How often does this happen at daycare/school?	<u>_</u>	
How often does this happen elsewhere?	ELSEWHERE	
		PDA7F03 Elsewhere
		Frequency
How long do those feelings last?		
How long do these feelings last?	HOURS : MINUTES	PDA7D01
		Duration
When was the first time you noticed this?		PDA7001
		Onset
		11
		/ /
Does this happen with sibling(s)?	OCCURS WITH SIBLING(S)	PDA7X01
	0 = No	
	2 = Yes	
Does this happen with peers?	OCCURS WITH PEERS	PDA7X02
	0 = No	
Does this happen with adults?	2 = Yes	
	OCCURS WITH ADULTS	PDA7X03
	0 = No	
	2 = Yes	

IRRITABILITY

Increased ease of precipitation of externally directed feelings of anger, bad temper, short temper, resentment, or annoyance. (Change may predate the primary period and continue into at least part of the primary period.)

Note that this rating is of a change in the child's usual liability to be precipitated into anger; it does not refer to the form of the anger once it has been precipitated.

N.B.: The irritable mood itself is being rated, not just its manifestations; thus, frequency and duration ratings refer to the number and length of episodes of the mood, not of the episodes of snappiness, shouting or quarrelsomeness.

N.B. INFORMATION OBTAINED HERE MAY ALSO BE RELEVANT TO LOSING TEMPER AND TEMPER TANTRUMS.

Has s/he been more irritable than usual in the last 3 months?

Or made angry more easily?

Has s/he had more tantrums than usual in the last 3 months?

Can you tell me about it? What has s/he been "touchy" about? Is that more than usual? Has s/he been snappy with people in the family? Has s/he gotten into arguments or fights lately? Has s/he hit or broken anything when s/he was angry? What was s/he doing at the time of this irritable mood? Could s/he stop him/herself from feeling this way? Always or just sometimes? How often does that happen at home? How often does that happen at daycare/school? How often does that happen elsewhere?

How long does it last when s/he feels like that?

When did s/he start to get "irritable" like that?

Was there a week when s/he felt "irritable" most days?

Were there 2 consecutive weeks when s/he was "irritable" on at least 8 days?

Has there been a period of at least 2 consecutive months in the last year when s/he didn't feel like that?

Coding rules	Codes
IRRITABILITY	PDA8101
0 = Absent	Intensity
2 = Irritable mood present in at least 2 activities manifested by at least one instance of snappiness, shouting, quarrelsomeness and at least sometimes uncontrollable by child.	
3 = Irritable mood present in most activities, accompanied by snappiness, shouting, quarrelsomeness, and nearly always uncontrollable by child.	
номе	PDA8F01 Home Frequency
SCHOOL	PDA8F02 School Frequency
ELSEWHERE	PDA8F03 Elsewhere Frequency
HOURS : MINUTES	PDA8D01 Duration
	PDA8001 Onset
	//
EPISODE OF IRRITABLE MOOD	PDA8102
0 = Absent	
2 = At least 1 week with 4 days irritable mood.	
3 = Period of 2 consecutive weeks where irritable mood present on at least 8 days.	
PERIOD OF 2 CONTINUOUS MONTHS WITHOUT IRRITABLE MOOD IN LAST YEAR	PDA8103
0 = Yes	
2 = No	

CONATIVE PROBLEMS

BOREDOM

Activities the child is actually engaged in are felt to be dull and lacking in interest while interest in other possible potential activities is expressed.

Everyone gets bored sometimes, so code a child positively here only if s/he is more often bored than not. But code positive even if the activities are truly dull. It must seem to the child that other potential activities would be of interest even if s/he is uncertain what those other activities might be.

Differentiate from anhedonia and loss of interest, where nothing seems to be of potential interest or likely to give pleasure.

Code even if the activities described are truly boring in your opinion.

How much of the time is s/he bored, do you think?

Does s/he get bored more than other people?

What activities are boring to him/her? Can s/he do anything to stop from being bored? Is there something that s/he would like to be doing?

How long has s/he been feeling so bored?

Coding rules

Codes

BOREDOM

- 0 = Absent
- 2 = More than half the time.
- 3 = Almost all the time.



PDB0O01 Onset



LOSS OF INTEREST

Diminution of the child's interest in usual pursuits and activities.

Either some interests have been dropped or the intensity of interest has decreased. Everyone has interests of some sort, but the extent of the diminution must be measured in the context of the range and depth of the child's usual activities. Take into account everyday daycare/school and home activities as well as watching TV, playing games, taking an interest in clothes, food, appearance, toys, etc. Inevitably, those with more intense and varied interests initially will have more room to lose interest than those who have never taken a great interest in things.

Distinguish from "growing out" of activities or giving up certain activities to take up new ones.

Have things been interesting him/her as much as usual?

Like his/her toys or friends?

Have you noticed that s/he isn't interested in doing things that s/he used to care a lot about?

Has s/he lost interest in anything?

What kinds of things has s/he lost interest in? Can you get him/her interested in anything? Can anybody?

When did s/he start to lose interest in things?

Coding rules

Codes

LOSS OF INTEREST

0 = Absent

2 = Generalized diminution in interest taken in normally interesting activities.

3 = The child is completely or almost completely uninterested in everything or nearly everything.



PDB1O01 Onset

LACK OF PROTEST

Near absence of child's resistance and/or reaction in situations when protest or reaction would be expected.

Change may predate the primary period, but must have continued into the primary period.

Have you noticed that s/he protests or resists less than other children his/her age?

Or less than s/he used to?

Is s/he overly compliant about things?

Like when you are putting him/her to bed? Or combing his/her hair? Is this a change for him/her?

When was the first time you noticed this?

 Coding rules
 Codes

 LACK OF PROTEST
 PDF9I01

 0 = Absent
 Intensity

 2 = Present
 Intensity

PDF9O01 Onset

| |

ANHEDONIA

A partial or complete loss or diminution of the ability to experience pleasure, enjoy things, or have fun. It also refers to basic pleasures like those resulting from eating favorite foods.

Anhedonia concerns the mood state itself. Loss of Interest, Loss of Initiative, Lack of Protest, inability to engage in activities, or loss of the ability to concentrate on looking at books, games, TV or school may accompany Anhedonia, so the interviewer may code different aspects under different items. Do not confuse this item with a lack of opportunity to do things or to excessive parental restriction. Comparison should be made with enjoyment when the child is normal. This may not be accessible in episodes of very long duration.

DISTINGUISH FROM BOREDOM AND LOSS OF INTEREST OR LACK OF OPPORTUNITIES FOR PARTICIPATION.

Can s/he have fun or enjoy him/herself?

Are there things s/he used to enjoy but doesn't anymore?

Like playing with certain toys? Or doing certain things with you? Does s/he seem to have lost enthusiasm for things that s/he used to enjoy?

When did s/he start to feel like that?

Coding rules

Codes

ANHEDONIA

0 = Absent

2 = Generalized diminution in pleasure taken in normally pleasurable activities.

3 = Almost nothing gives pleasure.



PDB2O01 Onset



ANERGIA

The child is markedly lacking in energy compared with usual state. The child is described as being easily fatigued and/or excessively tired. This is a general rating of child's overall energy level.

DIFFERENTIATE FROM MOTOR SLOWING (NEXT PAGE), AND FATIGABILITY (SLEEP SECTION), ALTHOUGH YOU MAY DOUBLE CODE IF CRITERIA FOR MORE THAN ONE ARE MET.

Does s/he have as much energy as s/he used to have?

Has s/he been as energetic as usual?

Has s/he been complaining of a lack of energy?

Has s/he lost any of his/her usual energy? Does s/he have enough energy to do things? Has s/he been taking naps more often than usual or going to sleep earlier than s/he used to? Does s/he choose not to do things because s/he hasn't got enough energy? Like swinging on a swing? Or starting a drawing?

When did s/he start feeling less energetic?

Coding	ru	les
County	1 u	100

Codes

ANERGIA

t

2 = A generalized listlessness and lack of energy.

3 = A report of being almost completely without energy.



PDB3O01 Onset

/ /

MOTOR SLOWING

The child is slowed down in movement AND speech compared with his/her usual condition.

Has s/he been moving more slowly than s/he used to?

Does s/he do things more slowly than s/he used to?

Or talk more slowly?

Are there long pauses in his/her speech? Or is s/he speaking so softly that you can't hear him/her? What is s/he doing at the time that s/he is moving slowly? Can s/he do anything to speed him/herself up? Does it help him/her speed up? Does it always help? Or just sometimes?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

How long does it last?

When did s/he start to feel slowed down?

INDECISIVENESS

Unpleasant difficulty in reaching decisions, even about simple matters. This is a general rating of child's ability to make decisions.

Is s/he good at making decisions?

Does s/he have trouble making up his/her mind?

Has s/he had any trouble making decisions?

What happens when s/he has to make up his/her mind? What things does s/he have difficulty deciding? Does s/he have trouble deciding on things at home? How about daycare/school? Is it really difficult for her to make up his/her mind at the

store?

When was the first time you noticed this?

Coding rules	Codes
MOTOR SLOWING	PDB4I01 Intensity
0 = Absent	
2 = Slowing present and cannot be overcome in at least 2 activities.	
3 = Slowing present and cannot be overcome in almost all activities.	
	PDB4F01 Frequency
HOURS : MINUTES	PDB4D01 Duration
	PDB4001 Onset
INDECISIVENESS 0 = Absent 2 = Sometimes uncontrollable in at least 2 activities. 3 = Almost always uncontrollable and occurring in relation to almost all decisions.	PDB6I01 Intensity
	PDB6O01 Onset

DEPRESSIVE THOUGHTS

In the definitions in this section the term "feeling" is frequently used, despite the fact that cognitions are being referred to. For most people, the term "feeling" carries both cognitive and affective components. However, these items refer not to mood states per se, but to certain cognitions, thoughts, opinions or attitudes. In other words, it is the content of the thought that is to be coded, not its affective tone.

LONELINESS

A feeling of being alone and/or friendless, regardless of the justification for the feeling.

Adult contacts and peer friendships should be considered. Differentiate from feeling unloved. A child may be lonely but still acknowledge being loved and vice versa.

NOTE RELEVANT INFORMATION FROM PEER RELATIONSHIPS.

Do you think s/he feels lonely?

Sometimes children feel that they have no one who would help them. Does s/he feel like that?

Does s/he feel lonely even though s/he has some friends?

Does s/he feel left out by adults? Does s/he get left out of other children's activities? How does s/he feel about that? What is s/he doing when s/he feels lonely? Can s/he stop him/herself from feeling lonely? Always or just sometimes?

When did s/he start to feel lonely like that?

 Coding rules
 Codes

 Image: Coding rules
 PDB9101

 Image: Codes
 Image: Codes

 0 = Absent
 2 = The child definitely feels intrusively and uncontrollably lonely, in at least 2 activities.

3 = S/he feels lonely almost all the time.

PDB9O01 Onset

FEELS UNLOVED

A generalized feeling of being unloved and uncared for, regardless of the justification for that feeling.

DIFFERENTIATE FROM LONELINESS.

RELEVANT INFORMATION TO CODE THIS ITEM MAY HAVE EMERGED IN THE FAMILY LIFE AND RELATIONSHIPS SECTION.

Sometimes children feel that no one loves them, even when they do. Does s/he feel like that at all?

What does s/he say? Does s/he feel like s/he is loved less than other people?

Is s/he completely convinced that no one loves him/her?

When did s/he start to feel like that?

SELF-DEPRECIATION AND SELF-HATRED

An unjustified feeling of inferiority to others (including unjustified feelings of ugliness). Self-hatred involves severe hostility directed by the child against him/herself, accompanied by expressed dislike or expressed criticism.

Do not rate delusional phenomena here.

How do you think s/he feels about him/herself?

Does s/he like him/herself?

If s/he had to choose, would s/he say s/he was goodlooking, average, or ugly?

Does s/he say that s/he is ugly? As a person does s/he feel as good as other people?

Does s/he say that s/he is "stupid"?

Or a "bad" person? Does s/he think everyone is better than s/he is? What things does s/he do that s/he is proud of? How much of the time does s/he feel like that?

When did s/he start to feel like this?

Coding rules

Codes

FEELS UNLOVED

0 = Absent

2 = The child feels that there are others who love him/her but that s/he is loved or cared for less than other people.

3 = The child feels that almost no one loves him/her, or hardly ever believes that anyone does.



PDC0001 Onset



SELF-DEPRECIATION

0 = Absent

2 = The child rates him/herself lower than seems justified, but does not see him/herself as being completely without value, since in some activities s/he does not feel inferior.

3 = The child feels almost entirely worthless and without saving graces, in nearly all activities, or inferior to everyone. Selfhatred is also rated here.

PDC1I01 Intensity

PDC1001 Onset



PATHOLOGICAL GUILT

Excessive self-blame for minor or non-existent wrongdoings. Child realizes that guilt is exaggerated (otherwise, code as Delusions of Guilt).

Does s/he feel bad or guilty about anything that s/he's done?

What? Does s/he say that s/he is a "bad" person?

Does s/he blame him/herself for things that aren't his/her fault?

Does s/he think s/he deserves to be punished, even when s/he has done nothing wrong?

Does s/he ever feel guilty about things that s/he knows aren't really his/her fault?

Does s/he feel that a lot of things that go wrong are his/her fault?

When did s/he start to feel that s/he was "to blame?

IF PATHOLOGICAL GUILT IS PRESENT, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "HOPELESSNESS", (PAGE 18). Coding rules

Codes

PATHOLOGICAL GUILT

0 = Absent

2 = At least partially unmodifiable excessive self-blame not generalized to all negative events.

3 = The child generalizes the feeling of selfblame to almost anything that goes wrong in his/her environment.



PDC3O01 Onset



DELUSIONS OF GUILT

Delusional self-blame for minor or non-existent wrongdoings. Child DOES NOT realize that guilt is exaggerated.

The child may believe that s/he has brought ruin to his/her family by being in his/her present condition or that his/her symptoms are a punishment for not doing better. Distinguish from pathological guilt without delusional elaboration, in which the child is in general aware that the guilt originates within him/herself and is exaggerated.

Does s/he believe that s/he has committed a crime?

Does s/he believe that s/he has sinned greatly?

Does s/he think that s/he deserves to be punished? Does s/he think that s/he might hurt or ruin other people? Can you persuade him/her that these things aren't his/her fault?

When was the first time this happened?

HOPELESSNESS

The child has a bleak, negative, pessimistic view of the future, and little hope that his/her situation will improve. This is a generalized feeling.

Does s/he seem hopeless about the future?

Does s/he think things will get better or worse for him/her when s/he's grown up?

Does s/he think anyone can help him/her? Does s/he believe things will be better? How often does s/he feel like that? Can you do anything about it?

When did s/he start to feel this way?

Coding	rules
counig	10100

Codes

DELUSIONS OF GUILT

0 = Absent

2 = The child has a delusional conviction of having done wrong but there is a fluctuating awareness that his/her feelings are an exaggeration of normal guilt.

3 = The child has an unmodifiable delusional conviction that s/he has sinned greatly, etc.



PDC4O01 Onset



HOPELESSNESS

0 = Absent

2 = The child feels hopeless and cannot always modify his/her feelings, but can report some positive expectations of the future.

3 = The child expresses almost no hope for the future at all.



PDC7O01 Onset

SUICIDE

Purposes of the Section

This section has 1 major function:

(1) To assess the suicidal and self-injurious intentions and actions of the child.

Organization of the Section

The section is organized in 2 sub areas:

(1) Suicidal ideation and behavior.

(2) Non suicidal deliberate self-harm.

DEATH THEMES IN PLAY: 3 MONTHS

Persistent preoccupation with themes of death in play (e.g., drawing pictures, imaginary play).

Distinguish from "Suicidal Themes in Play".

In the last 3 months, has s/he drawn pictures about death or dying?

Has s/he played games or told stories about death or dying?

Or about people who have died? Has s/he played games about killing him/herself?

Or about people who have killed themselves?

In the last 3 months, how often has s/he done this?

When was the first time this ever happened?

DEATH THEMES IN PLAY: LAST 3 MONTHS

0 = Absent

Coding rules

2 = Present

PDG1F01

PDG1101

Intensity

Codes

Frequency

PDG1001 Onset

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes SUICIDE THEMES IN PLAY: 3 MONTHS SUICIDE THEMES IN PLAY PDG2101 Persistent preoccupation with themes of suicide (e.g., subject or others attempting to or succeeding in killing self) Intensity 0 = Absent in play (e.g., drawing pictures, imaginary play). 2 = Present In the last 3 months, has s/he played games in which s/he or another character in the game kills him/herself? PDG2F01 How often has this happened in the last 3 months? Frequency When was the first time s/he has done this? PDG2001 Onset SUICIDE AND SELF-INJURIOUS BEHAVIOR: **EVER** Ever:PDC8E01 Has s/he EVER talked about death or dying? SUICIDE SCREEN: EVER Intensity 0 = Absent Has s/he EVER said s/he wanted to die? 2 = Present Has s/he EVER said life was not worth living? Has s/he EVER done anything that made people think s/he wanted to die? SUICIDE ATTEMPT: EVER Has s/he EVER tried to hurt or kill him/herself? SUICIDE SCREEN POSITIVE Ever:PDC8E02 Intensity 0 = Absent 2 = Present IF EVER SUICIDE SCREEN PRESENT, **CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO** "THINKING ABOUT DEATH", (PAGE 22).

SUICIDE AND SELF-INJURIOUS BEHAVIOR: 3 MONTHS

Has s/he talked about death or dying in the last 3 months?

In the last 3 months, has s/he said s/he wanted to die?

In the last 3 months, has s/he said life was not worth living?

In the last 3 months, has s/he tried to hurt or kill him/herself?

In the last 3 months, has s/he done anything that made people think s/he wanted to die?

IF 3 MONTH DEATH THEMES IN PLAY, SUICIDE THEMES IN PLAY, SUICIDE PRESENT, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "SUICIDAL ATTEMPT(S): EVER", (PAGE 25).

SUICIDE AND SELF-INJURIOUS	
BEHAVIOR: 3 MONTHS	

0 = Absent

Coding rules

2 = Present



Codes

THINKING ABOUT DEATH

Thoughts about death and dying, whether referred to self or others.

Include thoughts about not being able to go on any longer and life not being worth living. Include discussion about a grandparent who has died ("Do they go to heaven?" "What will happen when I die?") To code, thoughts must be intrusive into at least two activities.

CODE THOUGHTS ABOUT TAKING ONE'S OWN LIFE UNDER SUICIDAL THOUGHTS (NEXT PAGE).

Does s/he seem to think about death or dying?

Does s/he think a lot about other people who have died?

Like grandparents or other relatives? Does s/he sometimes wish that s/he were dead? Does s/he want to die? What does s/he think about? What is she doing when s/he is thinking about death or dying? Can s/he stop him/herself from thinking about death or dying? Can you stop him/her from thinking about it? Always or just sometimes?

How often does s/he think about death or dying?

When did s/he first start thinking about death or dying?

Coding rules

Codes

THINKING ABOUT DEATH

0 = Absent

2 = Present but not including thoughts about wanting to die. The thoughts should be intrusive into at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable.

3 = Including thoughts about wanting to die. The thoughts should be intrusive into at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable.



PDC9F01
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SUICIDAL THOUGHTS

Thoughts specifically about killing oneself, by whatever means, with some intention to carry them out.

This may accompany thinking about death in general, or may be present if a child has reported a suicidal plan or past attempt.

Do not include suicidal plans.

In the last 3 months, has s/he thought about killing him/herself?

Does s/he think about ending it all?

What does s/he say about it? Do you think s/he actually is going to do this? What is s/he doing when s/he is thinking about it? Can s/he stop him/herself from thinking about ending it all? Can you stop him/her from thinking about it? Always or just sometimes?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

When was the first time this happened?

IF SUICIDAL THOUGHTS PRESENT, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "SUICIDAL ATTEMPT(S): EVER", (PAGE 25). Coding rules

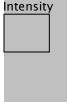
Codes

SUICIDAL THOUGHTS

0 = Absent

2 = At least sometimes uncontrollable suicidal thoughts, recurring in at least 2 activities.

3 = Usually uncontrollable suicidal thoughts intruding into most activities.



PDD0101

PDD0F01 <u>Frequen</u>cy





SUICIDAL PLANS

Suicidal thoughts that contain plans of a suicidal act and some intent to carry them out.

If suicidal attempt has been made, determine whether a plan was present prior to the attempt.

Has s/he thought about actually killing him/herself?

Has s/he had a plan?

Has s/he done anything to prepare for killing him/herself?

Like storing up pills to take? Has s/he said s/he was going to run into traffic? Do you think s/he might do any of these things? How did you find out?

How many times has this happened?

When was the first time s/he came up with a plan?

IF EVER SUICIDE ATTEMPT PRESENT, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO END.

Coding rules

Codes

SUICIDAL PLANS

0 = Absent

2 = A specific plan, considered on more than 1 occasion, over which no action was taken.

3 = A specific plan, considered on more than 1 occasion, with preparatory action taken, for example storing up pills.



PDD1F01 Frequency

PDD1001 Onset

finitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
SUICIDAL ATTEMPT(S): EVER		
Episodes of deliberately self-harmful behavior involving some intention to die at the time of the attempt. Rate here, no matter how unlikely the attempt was to cause death, so long as the child's intention was to die. If parent unsure about intention to die, code if the parent can describe a clear self-harmful event.	SUICIDAL BEHAVIOR: EVER 0 = Absent 2 = Present	Ever:PDD2E Intensity
Has s/he ever actually tried to kill him/herself?		
Did s/he really want to die? What happened? Where did s/he do it? Were there any people around at the time? Who found him/her? Did s/he go to the hospital?	OUN	
When did s/he first try to kill him/herself?	DATE OF FIRST ATTEMPT	Ever:PDD2C
When did s/he last try to kill him/herself?	DATE OF LAST ATTEMPT	Ever:PDD20
How many times has s/he EVER tried?		Ever:PDD2\ Frequency
IF SUICIDAL ATTEMPTS: EVER, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO END.		

SUICIDAL INTENT: EVER

Code the highest level of suicidal intent manifested in an attempt. Do not include potentially self-injurious behavior without suicidal intent here.

Which time was s/he most serious about killing him/herself?

Do you think s/he really wanted to die?

What did s/he do?

SUICIDAL ATTEMPT(S): 3 MONTHS

Episodes of deliberately self-harmful behavior involving some intention to die at the time of the attempt. Rate here, no matter how unlikely the attempt was to cause death, so long as the child's intention was to die. If parent unsure about intention to die, code if the parent can describe a clear self-harmful event.

Has s/he tried to kill him/herself in the last 3 months?

What happened? Did s/he go to the hospital? Does s/he still wish s/he were dead? Would s/he do it again if s/he had the chance?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

IF SUICIDE ATTEMPT(S) IN LAST 3 MONTHS, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO END.

	Coding rules	Codes
n or	SUICIDAL INTENT: EVER 1 = Child reports minimal intention to actually kill him/herself, but either revealed the attempt to others, or otherwise ensured that there was little risk to take his/her life.	Ever:PDD5E01 Intensity
	2 = Substantial intent to kill self, but associated with ambivalence to a sufficient degree that the intention was not absolute.	
	3 = Absolute (or almost absolute) intention to commit suicide, expressed with little or no ambivalence or uncertainty. If uncertain whether to code 2 or 3, code 2.	
	SUICIDAL BEHAVIOR: 3 MONTHS	PDD2I01
ere, so	0 = Absent	Intensity
	2 = Present	
7.		
s?		
		PDD2F01 Frequency
_		

SUICIDAL INTENT: 3 MONTHS

Code the highest level of suicidal intent manifested in an attempt. Do not include potentially self-injurious behavior without suicidal intent here.

Was s/he serious about killing him/herself when s/he tried in the last 3 months?

Do you think s/he really wanted to die?

What did s/he do?

Coding rules

SUICIDAL INTENT: 3 MONTHS

1 = Child reports minimal intention to actually kill him/herself, but either revealed the attempt to others, or otherwise ensured that there was little risk to take his/her life.

2 = Substantial intent to kill self, but associated with ambivalence to a sufficient degree that the intention was not absolute.

3 = Absolute (or almost absolute) intention to commit suicide, expressed with little or no ambivalence or uncertainty. If uncertain whether to code 2 or 3, code 2.

PDD5I01 Intensity

Codes



Coding rules

Codes

CONDUCT PROBLEMS

OPPOSITIONAL BEHAVIOR

Organization of the section

The section includes into 4 major sub areas:

(1) Oppositional Behavior

(2) Deception

(3) Conduct Problems Involving Violence Against People or Animals

(4) Conduct Problems Involving Violence Against Property

Situation

For most items in this section it is necessary to note the frequency of occurrence of the behaviors of interest. Three possible situations are coded:

Home

Daycare/School

Elsewhere

The overall intensity can be coded as present as long as the behavior is manifested either in two different situations (e.g. home and daycare/school) or in two different ways in the same situation.

If a behavior is present in only one situation, then that behavior (e.g., disobedience) must manifest itself in at least 2 different ways; for example, if a child is disobedient at home only when told to pick up his/her toys but obeys in every other situation at home, then it does not count. However, if at daycare/school s/he refuses (after being so asked) to stop talking in class and will not stop running around the room, then this does count. Further, if a child's only form of disobedience is talking during circle time, this does not count; however, if s/he talks in circle time and story time, it does count.

If the behavior is present in two or more locations then one manifestation of the behavior in each of two environments is sufficient for coding the overall intensity. If you had to go back in time for either the Home or Daycare/School section, those time periods are used in questioning about and rating the items in the Conduct Section.

For purposes of the PAPA interview, behaviors that occur with a nanny, sitter, or daycare provider in the child's home without a parent present will be considered as occurring in the daycare/school situation.

We will also assess with whom the child's behaviors occur. Does the behavior, such as disobedience, occur only with parent #1, or does it occur with parent #1, the caregiver/teacher, and the babysitter? Or does it occur with all adults?

Admonition

For symptoms which mention in the coding rule a stipulation about being admonished when caught; if the child has never been caught (e.g. for cheating, or disobedience) so that s/he cannot be admonished, the symptom is still regarded as being present, provided that it meets the other criteria.

Do not include accidental acts of destruction, such as breaking a window while playing ball.

RULE BREAKING

Violation of standing rules at home daycare/school or elsewhere.

How well does s/he follow your family's rules?

Has s/he broken rules at home in the last 3 months?

What sort of rules does s/he break? Has s/he broken the rules at daycare/school?

Do teachers/caregivers describe him/her as a troublemaker?

How do you hear about it? **'Does s/he break rules anywhere else like grandma's house or the grocery store?**

How often has s/he broken rules at home? How often has s/he broken rules at daycare/school? How often has s/he broken rules elsewhere?

Does s/he stop when you ask him/her to stop? Always or just sometimes?

When did s/he start to break rules at home, daycare/school and/or elsewhere?

Coding rules

RULE BREAKING

0 = Absent

2 = The child breaks rules relating to at least 2 activities, and at least sometimes responds to admonition by public failure to comply.

3 = Rule breaking occurs in most activities and the child sometimes responds to admonition by disputing or challenging the authority of the person admonishing him/her

HOME

SCHOOL

ELSEWHERE

PGA0F03 Home Frequency PGA0F04 School Frequency PGA0F05 Elsewhere Frequency

PGA0O01 Onset



Codes

PGA0101

Intensity

DISOBEDIENCE

Failure to carry out specific instructions when directly given.

NOTE: Failure to carry out instructions occurs after being told instructions three (3) or more times.

What happens when s/he is told to do things by you and s/he doesn't want to do them?

Is s/he disobedient to you (or parent #2)?

Is s/he disobedient with daycare/school teachers?

Is s/he disobedient in other places such as grandma's house or the store?

Can you give me some examples?

How many times must you tell him/her to do something before s/he will do it?

Does s/he ignore you when you give him/her instructions? Like continuing to play if you ask him/her to pick up his/her toys?

At other places, does s/he still pick things up when you ask him/her to put them down?

What about running in the store when you ask him/her to stop?

How often was s/he disobedient at home?

How often was s/he disobedient at daycare/school? How often was s/he disobedient at other places like grandma's house or the store?

When was the first time s/he was disobedient?

Codes

DISOBEDIENCE

0 = Absent

2 = Disobedience occurs in at least 2 activities.

3 = Disobedience occurs in most activities.



HOME

SCHOOL

ELSEWHERE

PGA1F01 Home Frequency

PGA1F02 School Frequency

PGA1F03 Elsewhere Frequency



DEFIANCE

Disrupting or challenging instructions or requests.

Is s/he defiant to you when asked to do something?

Is s/he defiant to "Parent #2"? Does s/he challenge your authority when you give him/her instructions?

Does s/he say "no" when you ask him/her to do something?

Does s/he do the opposite of what you ask? Such as throwing toys when you ask him/her to clean them up?

Is s/he defiant with daycare/school teachers?

What about at other places such as the supermarket or the mall?

How often was s/he defiant at home in the last 3 months? How often was s/he defiant at daycare/school in the last 3 months?

How often was s/he defiant at other places, like his/her grandparent's house or the grocery store?

When was the first time s/he was defiant?

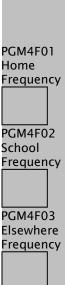
Oppositional Defiant Disorder/Conduct Problems

Codes

DEFIANCE

- 0 = Absent
- 2 = Defiance occurs in at least 2 activities.
- 3 = Defiance occurs in most activities.





PGM4001 Onset

J-4

HOME

SCHOOL

ELSEWHERE

ARGUMENTS WITH ADULTS

An argument is a negative verbal dispute in which there is strong disagreement or difference of opinion. An argument involves an interaction, or attempted interaction, between two people. An argument begins with a verbal exchange. The PAPA definition of argument implies anger and some form of verbal aggression (raised voices, name calling, taunting) or physical aggression directed towards the person the child is arguing with.

There are elements in common between temper tantrums and arguments. Temper tantrums may be triggered or preceded by an argument but once a tantrum starts, it almost has a "life of its own" that does not involve interaction or exchange with another person. It is a "display of temper". Physical aggression can be a common element to temper tantrums and arguments. Certainly, arguments and temper tantrums can both be coded.

Note: In order to distinguish from normative assertions of autonomy, persistence and intransigence need to be determined.

Does s/he argue with adults?

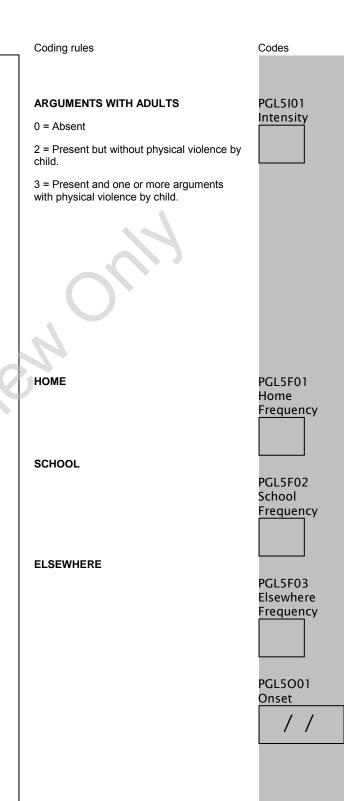
Does s/he disagree with you in a negative way?

Does s/he disagree with you in an angry way?

Does s/he disagree with you in a defiant way?

Does s/he shout? Name call? Does s/he hit during the argument? How often does s/he argue at home? Or daycare/school? Or elsewhere?

When did this start?



Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes LOSING TEMPER LOSING TEMPER PGE0101 Discrete episodes of temper manifested by shouting or name calling but without violence and not meeting criteria Intensity 0 = Absent for a temper tantrum. 2 = Present The behavior occurs with at least one individual who is NOT a sibling. HOME PGE0F02 Home What sort of temper has s/he got? Frequency Would you say his temper is hot, medium, or mild? What happens when s/he loses his/her temper? PGE0F03 SCHOOL Does s/he yell or shout? School Does s/he call people name? Frequency How often does s/he lose his/her temper at home? ELSEWHERE PGE0F04 How often does s/he lose his/her temper at Elsewhere daycare/school? Frequency How often does s/he lose his/her temper at other places like grandma's house or the store? PGE0001 Onset When did s/he first start to lose his/her temper? / / Does s/he lose his/her temper with sibling(s)? OCCURS WITH SIBLING(S) PGE0X01 0 = No 2 = Yes **OCCURS WITH PEERS** PGE0X02 Does s/he lose his/her temper with other kids? Like kids at school? 0 = NoOr kids in the neighborhood? 2 = YesOCCURS WITH ADULTS PGE0X03 0 = No Does s/he lose his/her temper with you (Parent #2)? Or his/her teachers? 2 = Yes Or other adults?

Definitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEMPER TANTRUMS		
Discrete episodes of excessive temper, frustration or upset, manifested by shouting, crying or stamping or non-	NON-DESTRUCTIVE TEMPER TANTRUMS	PGE1I01 Intensity
destructive violence directed against property.	0 = Absent	
The behavior occurs with at least one individual who is NOT a sibling.	2 = Excessive temper, upset, shouting, crying or non-destructive violence directed only against property, (e.g. stamping, kicking, throwing toys, hitting walls, spitting,	
<i>Has s/he had any temper tantrums in the last 3 months?</i>	holding breath, etc.).	PGE1F04
What has his/her temper been like in the past 3 months?		Home Frequency
What happens when something upsets him/her or s/he doesn't get what s/he wants?	SCHOOL	PGE1F05 School
Does s/he cry or shout or call you names? Does s/he stamp his/her feet? Does s/he kick things?	S	Frequency
Does s/he throw things, such as his/her toys? Does s/he spit when having a tantrum? Does s/he drop to the floor, and then kick his/her feet up in the air? How often has this happened at home in the last 3 months? How often has this happened at daycare/school in the last 3 months?	ELSEWHERE	PGE1F06 Elsewhere Frequency
How often has this happened elsewhere, grandma's house or the store? IF PRESENT, ASK:	HOURS : MINUTES	PGE1D02 Duration
Does s/he actually break toys or other property or is s/he violent against self or others? CODE EPISODES OF BREAKING TOYS OR PROPERTY DAMAGE AS DESTRUCTIVE TEMPER TANTRUMS.		PGE1002
How long does that tantrum last? That is, how long does it take him/her to return to his/her usual self?		Onset
When was the first time s/he had a temper tantrum?	OCCURS WITH SIBLING(S)	PGE1X01
Does s/he have temper tantrums with his/her sibling(s)?	0 = No 2 = Yes	
Does s/he have temper tantrums with other kids? Like kids at school? Or kids in the neighborhood?	OCCURS WITH PEERS 0 = No 2 = Yes	PGE1X02
Does s/he have temper tantrums with you (Parent #2)? Or with other adults?	OCCURS WITH ADULTS 0 = No 2 = Yes	PGE1X03

DESTRUCTIVE TEMPER TANTRUMS		
Discrete episodes of excessive temper, frustration or upset	DESTRUCTIVE TEMPER TANTRUMS	PGE1190
nanifested by shouting, crying or stamping with destructive	0 = Absent	Intensity
violence (e.g. breaking toys) or violence against oneself, other people, or property (e.g. hitting, biting, kicking, head	3 = With destructive violence (e.g. breaking	
panging).	toys) or violence against self or others (e.g. hitting, biting, kicking, head banging).	
The behavior occurs with at least one individual who is	НОМЕ	PGE1F07
NOT a sibling.		Home
Has also had any destructive temper tentrums in the		Frequency
Has s/he had any destructive temper tantrums in the ast 3 months?		
	SCHOOL	PGE1F08
Has s/he had any temper tantrums in which s/he "broke		School
hings" or hit others in the last 3 months?		Frequency
Nhat does s/he do?		
Does s/he break things? Does s/he hit others?	ELSEWHERE	PGE1F09
Or hit him/herself?		Elsewhere
Does s/he kick others?		Frequency
Does s/he bite?		
Or bang his/her head?		
n the past 3 months, how often does s/he have a destructive temper at home?	HOURS : MINUTES	PGE1D03 Duration
How often does s/he have a destructive temper at		
daycare/school?		
How often does this happen elsewhere, like grandma's nouse or the store?		
iouse of the store?		PGE1003
How long does the destructive tantrum last, that is, how		Onset
ong does it take him/her to return to his/her usual self?		/ /
How old was your child when s/he first began losing his/her		/ /
emper?		
	OCCURS WITH SIBLING(S)	PGE1X04
Does this happen with sibling(s)?	0 = No	
	2 = Yes	
	OCCURS WITH PEERS	PGE1X05
Does this happen with other kids? _ike kids at school?	0 = No	
Dr kids in the neighborhood?	2 = Yes	
Does this happen with you (Parent #2)?	OCCURS WITH ADULTS	PGE1X06
Or other adults?	0 = No	
	2 = Yes	

ANNOYING BEHAVIOR

Indulgence in active behaviors that annoy or anger peers, siblings, or adults. The child's intention need not be to annoy, but the behaviors would obviously annoy their recipient.

Do not include annoying behaviors that are the result of unintentional acts, for instance, annoyance caused by clumsiness, or failure to understand the rules of games.

Do not include behaviors that conform to the definitions of Rule Breaking and Disobedience.

Does s/he find that other people get annoyed by things s/he does?

Does s/he bother people a lot?

What does s/he do to annoy people? Does s/he do things deliberately to annoy other people?

Does s/he find that people get annoyed because of things s/he does for fun?

What happens? Will s/he stop when asked to stop? Always or just sometimes? How often does something like that happen at home? How often does that happen at daycare/school? How often does that happen elsewhere, like grandma's house or the store?

When did it start?

Does s/he annoy his/her sibling(s)?

Does s/he annoy other kids? Like kids at school? Or other kids in the neighborhood?

Does s/he annoy you (Parent #2)? Or other adults?

	Coding rules	Codes
r peers, e to neir sult of	 ANNOYING BEHAVIOR 0 = Absent 2 = Annoying behavior occurs in at least 2 activities and child is at least sometimes unresponsive to admonition. 	PGA2I01 Intensity
d by ames. itions of	3 = Annoying behavior occurs in most activities and the child sometimes responds to admonition by disputing or challenging the authority of the person admonishing him/her.	
y things		PGA2F01 Home Frequency
r	SCHOOL	PGA2F02 School Frequency
ne?	ELSEWHERE	PGA2F03 Elsewhere Frequency
lma's		PGA2O01 Onset
	OCCURS WITH SIBLING(S) 0 = No 2 = Yes	PGA2X02
	OCCURS WITH PEERS 0 = No 2 = Yes	PGA2X03
	OCCURS WITH ADULTS 0 = No 2 = Yes	PGA2X04

	Coding rules	Codes
SPITEFUL OR VINDICTIVE		
Spiteful: The child engages in deliberate actions aimed at	SPITEFUL OR VINDICTIVE	PGA3101
causing distress to another child or adult.	0 = Absent	Intensity
Vindictive: The child responds to failure to get his/her own way, disappointment, or interpersonal disagreement with adults or peers with deliberate attempts to hurt the other or gain revenge. For instance, by pinching, biting or attempting to get the other person into trouble.	2 = Present	
Do not include behaviors coded under Assault, Cruelty, Bullying, or Lying.	НОМЕ	PGA3F01 Home Frequency
Does s/he do things to upset other people on purpose?		
Like knocking over another child's tower or ripping up another child's drawing?	SCHOOL	PGA3F02 School Frequency
Does s/he try to hurt others on purpose?		
Such as pinching another child because s/he feels angry or disappointed?	ELSEWHERE	PGA3F03 Elsewhere
Does s/he try to get other people into trouble on purpose?		Frequency
What does s/he do? Whom has s/he tried to upset or hurt on purpose? Why does s/he do it? In the last 3 months, how often does this happen at home? How often does this happen at daycare/school? How often does this happen elsewhere, like grandma's house or the store? When was the first time you noticed this?		PGA3001 Onset
Is s/he spiteful or vindictive to his/her sibling(s)?	DIRECTED AGAINST SIBLING(S) 0 = No	PGA3X01
Is s/he spiteful or vindictive to other kids? Like other kids at school? Or kids in the neighborhood?	2 = Yes DIRECTED AGAINST PEERS 0 = No	PGA3X02
Is s/he spiteful or vindictive to you (Parent #2)? How about to his/her teachers?	2 = Yes DIRECTED AGAINST ADULTS 0 = No	PGA3X03

STEALING: EVER

Taking something belonging to another without permission and with the intention of depriving the owner of its use on more than one occasion.

Do not include items intended eventually for general distribution that will include the child (such as general food from the refrigerator or school erasers).

NB: Monetary value of the item not significant.

Has s/he EVER stolen anything?

Has s/he EVER stolen something from a family member? Has s/he EVER taken something like a toy or candy from a store without paying? Has s/he EVER stolen anything from daycare/school? Did s/he try to hide the thing(s) that s/he stole?

What did s/he steal?

How many times has s/he EVER stolen anything?

When was the first time s/he stole anything?

IF STEALING: EVER, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "LYING", (PAGE 13). Coding rules

Codes

STEALING: EVER

0 = Absent

- 2 = Present
- 3 = Present, with concealment.



Ever:PGL8V01		
Frequency		
Ever:PGL8001		
-		

Onset		
/	/	

STEALING: 3 MONTHS

Taking something belonging to another without permission and with the intention of depriving the owner of its use on more than one occasion.

Do not include items intended eventually for general distribution that will include the child (such as general food from the refrigerator or school erasers).

NB: Monetary value of the item not significant.

Has s/he stolen anything in the last 3 months?

Did s/he try to hide the thing(s) that s/he stole? How often has s/he stolen from home in the last 3 months? How often has s/he stolen from daycare/school in the last 3 months?

CORREN

In the last 3 months, how often has s/he stolen from anywhere else?

Coding rules	Codes
STEALING: 3 MONTHS 0 = Absent 2 = Present 3 = Present, with concealment.	PGL8I04 Intensity
номе	PGL8F01 Home Frequency
SCHOOL	PGL8F02 School Frequency
ELSEWHERE	PGL8F03 Elsewhere Frequency

Preschool Age Psychiatric Assessment DSM 5 10.0.0

Definitions and questions

DECEPTION

LYING

Distortion of the truth with intent to deceive others.

Do not include imaginary friends.

NOTE: IF BLAMING OTHERS, CODE IN BLAMING.

Has s/he told any lies in the last 3 months?

Does s/he lie to get out of trouble? Does s/he lie to get something that s/he wants?

What about? Does s/he ever tell lies to get out of things s/he doesn't want to do?

When something goes wrong that's his/her fault, does s/he lie it?

Is it usually obvious to you that s/he is lying or is it hard to tell?

How often does s/he tell lies at home? How often does s/he tell lies at daycare/school? How often does s/he tell lies anyplace else, like at grandma's house or the store?

When did s/he start telling lies?

Coding rules

Codes

LYING

0 = Absent

2 = Lies told for gain or to escape punishment, in at least 2 activities that do not result in others getting into trouble.



HOME

SCHOOL

ELSEWHERE



PGC3F03 Elsewhere Frequency



/ /

BLAMING

Falsely attributing misdemeanors to another so as to avoid reproach or punishment.

Does s/he lie if s/he thinks s/he can get out of trouble by blaming someone else?

, Ar

Does s/he blame others for things s/he has done wrong?

Do his/her lies get others into trouble? What does s/he do? What is the result? How often does s/he do this at home? How often does s/he do this at daycare/school? How about anywhere else?

When did s/he start blaming others?

Does s/he blame his/her sibling(s)?

Does s/he blame other kids? Like kids at school? Or other kids in the neighborhood?

Does s/he blame you (Parent #2)? Or his/her teachers? Or other adults?

	Coding rules	Codes
/oid	BLAMING	PGJ3I01
	0 = Absent	Intensity
ble	2 = Lies in at least 2 activities, that result in others being blamed for child's misdemeanors or otherwise getting into trouble or lies which, if believed, would have the same result.	
	HOME	PGJ3F01 Home Frequency
7	SCHOOL	PGJ3F02 School Frequency
	ELSEWHERE	PGJ3F03 Elsewhere Frequency
		PGJ3O01 Onset
	OCCURS WITH SIBLING(S)	, , PGJ3X02
	0 = No	
	2 = Yes	
	OCCURS WITH PEERS	PGJ3X03
	0 = No	
	2 = Yes	
	OCCURS WITH ADULTS	PGJ3X04
	0 = No	
	2 = Yes	

CONDUCT PROBLEMS INVOLVING VIOLENCE BULLYING

Attempts to force another to do something against his/her will by using threats or violence, or intimidation.

Do not include episodes that meet the criteria for stealing involving confrontation.

Differentiate from spiteful and vindictive which does not include attempts to force someone to do something against their wishes.

Has s/he tried to bully someone by threatening them?

Has s/he forced someone to do something they didn't want to do by threatening or hurting them?

Was there any actual violence involved? Whom did s/he bully? Why did s/he do it? How often does this happen at home? How often does this happen at daycare/school? How often does this happen elsewhere?

When was the first time this happened?

	Coding rules	Codes
~	BULLYING	PGF7I01
	0 = Absent	Intensity
	2 = Using threats only.	
	3 = With actual violence.	
	1	
ist		
?		
t		
	2	
0		
	НОМЕ	PGF7F01
	NOME	Home
		Frequency
	SCHOOL	PGF7F02 School
		Frequency
	ELSEWHERE	PGF7F03
		Elsewhere Frequency
		PGF7O01 Onset
		/ /

FIGHTS

Physical fights in which both (or all) combatants are actively initiating. Otherwise code as assault.

If child is a victim of an attack and fights back only to protect him/herself, do not rate here or under Assault.

Code worst result of fights in last 3 months.

Does s/he get into physical fights at all?

Has s/he gotten into any fights in the last 3 months?

Who with? Was it a friendly fight? What is the worst that's happened in a fight s/he was in? Did anyone get hurt? What happened? How often does this happen at home? How often does this happen at daycare/school? How often does this happen elsewhere?

When was the first time s/he got in a physical fight?

FIGHTS WITH A WEAPON: EVER

Ever use of a knife, scissors, bat, rock, toy or any other item as a weapon in a fight.

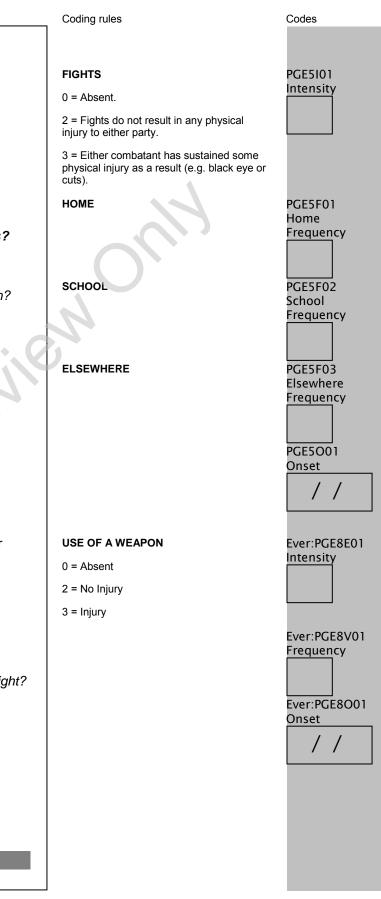
Has s/he EVER used a weapon in a fight?

Like a knife or stone or anything else? Or used a toy as a weapon? Was anyone injured?

How many times has s/he EVER used a weapon in a fight?

When was the first time this EVER happened?

IF EVER USE OF WEAPON IN FIGHT, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "SHOVING", (PAGE 18).



Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes **FIGHTS WITH A WEAPON: 3 MONTHS USE OF A WEAPON: 3 MONTHS** PGE8101 Use of a knife, scissors, bat, rock, toy or any other item as Intensity a weapon in a fight. 0 = Absent 2 = No Injury Has s/he used a weapon in a fight in the last 3 months? 3 = InjuryHow often has s/he used a weapon in the last 3 months? PGE8F01 Frequency TYPE OF WEAPON What type of weapon has s/he used? PGE8X01 1 = Knife 2 = Scissors PGE8X02 3 = Bat 4 = RockPGE8X03 tor Re 5 = Toy 6 = Sticks 7 = Pencil PGE8X04 8 = Other Specify PGE8X05 PGE8X06 PGE8X07 PGE8X08

Preschool Age Psychiatric Assessment DSM 5 10.0.0

Definitions and questions

Coding rules Codes ASSAULT Physical aggression, attack upon, or attempt to hurt another without the other's physical willful involvement in the contact. Code the worst result in the last 3 months. If child is the victim of an attack and fights back only to protect him/herself, do not rate here or under Fights. SHOVING SHOVING PGM6I01 Pushing or shoving of another child or adult without others willful involvement in the contact. Intensity 0 = Absent 1 = Shoving did not result in any physical Has s/he shoved anyone who didn't want to fight injury to either party. him/her? 2 = The victim sustained some physical Has s/he shoved someone who really wasn't doing injury as a result (e.g. bruise or wound). anything? HOME PGM6F01 Home Did s/he hurt him/her? Frequency In the last 3 months, how often has s/he done anything like that at home? SCHOOL PGM6F02 How about at daycare/school? School Frequency Or elsewhere? ELSEWHERE PGM6F03 Elsewhere Frequency PGM6001 Onset When was the first time this happened?

PINCHING

Pinching of another child or adult without others willful involvement in the contact.

Has s/he pinched somebody?

Did s/he hurt him/her?

How often has s/he done anything like that at home?

How about at daycare/school?

Or elsewhere?

When was the first time this happened?

Coding rules

1 = Isolated pinching with sufficient force to

2 = The victim sustained some physical injury as a result (e.g. bruise or wound).

PINCHING

0 = Absent

HOME

SCHOOL

cause pain to other.

Codes

PGM7I01 Intensity







| |

ELSEWHERE

Oppositional Defiant Disorder/Conduct Problems

HITTING OR PUNCHING

Hitting or punching of another child or adult without others willful involvement in the contact.

Has s/he hit or punched someone?

Did s/he hurt him/her?

How often has s/he done anything like that at home? How about at daycare/school? Or elsewhere?

When was the first time this happened?

Coding rules

Codes

PGM8101

Intensity

HITTING

0 = Absent

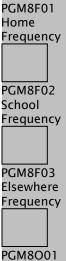
2 = Hitting did not result in any physical injury to either party.

3 = The victim sustained some physical injury as a result (e.g. black eye).

HOME

SCHOOL

ELSEWHERE



PGM8O01 Onset

KICKING

Kicking of another child or adult without others willful involvement in the contact.

Has s/he kicked someone?

Did s/he hurt him/her?

How often has s/he done anything like that at home? How about at daycare/school? Or elsewhere?

When was the first time this happened?

Coding rules

Codes

PMG9I01

Intensity

KICKING

0 = Absent

2 = Kicking did not result in any physical injury to either party.

3 = The victim sustained some physical injury as a result (e.g. bruises or cuts).

HOME

SCHOOL

ELSEWHERE



| |

BITING

Biting of another child or adult without others willful involvement in the contact.

Has s/he bitten someone?

Did s/he hurt him/her?

How often has s/he done anything like that at home? How about at daycare/school? Or elsewhere?

When was the first time this happened?

Coding rules

Codes

PGN0I01

Intensity

BITING

0 = Absent

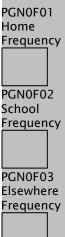
2 = Biting did not result in any physical injury to either party.

3 = The victim sustained some physical injury as a result (e.g. bruise or wound).

HOME

SCHOOL

ELSEWHERE





CHOKING

Choking another child or adult without others willful involvement in the contact.

Has s/he choked someone?

Did s/he hurt him/her? How often has s/he done anything like that at home? How about at daycare/school? Or elsewhere?

When was the first time this happened?

Coding rules

Codes

PGN1101

Intensity

CHOKING

0 = Absent

2 = Choking did not result in any physical injury to either party.

3 = The victim sustained some physical injury as a result (e.g. bruise or wound).

HOME

SCHOOL





PGN1F02 School Frequency



PGN1O01 Onset



ASSAULT WITH A WEAPON: EVER

Physical aggression, attack upon, or attempt to hurt another without the other's willful involvement in the contact using a weapon.

Has s/he EVER used an object like a toy or knife in hitting, kicking, punching, someone?

Or anything else? Was there any injury?

How many times has that EVER happened?

When was the first time this EVER happened?

IF EVER ASSAULT USING WEAPON, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "CRUELTY TO ANIMALS", (PAGE 25).

ASSAULT WITH A WEAPON

- 0 = Absent
- 2 = No Injury
- 3 = Injury



Ever:PGF2E01 Intensity



Ever:PGF2O01 Onset



initions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
ASSAULT WITH A WEAPON: 3 MONTHS		
Physical aggression, attack upon, or attempt to hurt another without the other's willful involvement in the contact using a weapon.	USE OF A WEAPON: 3 MONTHS 0 = Absent 2 = No Injury	PGF2I01 Intensity
Has s/he used a weapon in the last three months?	3 = Injury	
How often? Was anyone injured?	41	
In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?		PGF2F01 Frequency
What did s/he use as a weapon?	TYPE OF WEAPON	PGF2X01
	1 = Knife	
• (2 = Scissors	PGF2X02
	3 = Bat 4 = Rock	
	5 = Toy	PGF2X03
	6 = Sticks	
	7 = Pencil	PGF2X04
	8 = Other	
$\langle O \rangle$	Specify	PGF2X05
		PGF2X06
		PGF2X07
		PGF2X08

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

Deliberate activities involving hurting animals. Include reptiles, amphibians, snakes, and toads. Do not include hunting, fishing, or stomping on ants or other insects. May include smothering, choking, hard kicking.

Note: To distinguish from normative teasing and poorly modulated play, need to determine that the act was deliberate with the purpose of causing pain or distress.

N.B. "EVER" CODED IF NO CRUELTY TO ANIMALS IN LAST 3 MONTHS.

In the last 3 months, has s/he hurt an animal?

What happened? (Determine way of hurting) Has s/he killed an animal in the last 3 months? Were the police brought in? Why did s/he do it? What did you do about it? How often has s/he done that at home? How about daycare/school? How about elsewhere?

When did this start?

Coding rules

Codes

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

0 = Absent

HOME

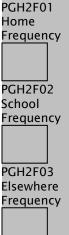
SCHOOL

ELSEWHERE

2 = Definite cruelty not resulting in obvious or permanent injury to the animal.

3 = Acts resulting in obvious or permanent injury.





PGH2O01 Onset

Oppositional Defiant Disorder/Conduct Problems

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS: EVER

Deliberate activities involving hurting animals. Include reptiles, amphibians, snakes, and toads. Do not include hunting, fishing, or stomping on ants or other insects. May include smothering, choking, hard kicking.

Note: To distinguish from normative teasing and poorly modulated play, need to determine that the act was deliberate with the purpose of causing pain or distress.

N.B. "EVER" CODED IF NO CRUELTY TO ANIMALS IN LAST 3 MONTHS.

Has s/he EVER seriously injured an animal on purpose?

Has s/he EVER killed an animal on purpose?

What happened? Were the police brought in?

How many times has s/he EVER done that?

When was the first time this EVER happened?

Coding	rules
obuilig	ruico

Codes

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS: LEVEL 3

0 = Absent

3 = Acts resulting in obvious or permanent injury.



Ever:PGH3V01 Frequency Ever:PGH3O01 Onset / /

CRUELTY TO PEOPLE: EVER

An assault involving the deliberate inflicting of pain or fear on the victim beyond the "heat of the moment". Include cutting or burning a person, holding a person's head underwater, forcing a child to do something with the purpose of causing physical pain or harm, ritualized infliction of pain, and sadistic violence or terrorization.

The most common thing to consider here is harming a child who is younger or more helpless than the child (e.g., an infant).

Note: To distinguish from normative teasing and poorly modulated play, need to determine that the act was deliberate with the purpose of causing pain or distress.

Has s/he ever tried to hurt or frighten someone very badly?

Such as a baby?

Or trying to drown someone?

Or burn someone?

Or smother someone?

What happened? Were the police involved?

How many times has this EVER happened?

When was the first time this EVER happened?

IF CRUELTY TO PEOPLE, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "VANDALISM ", (PAGE 29).

Codes

CRUELTY TO PEOPLE

0 = Absent

2 = Cruelty did not result in any physical injury to either party.

3 = The victim sustained some physical injury as a result (e.g. black eye or cuts).



Ever:PGF3V01 Frequency Ever:PGF3O01 Onset

/	/	

CRUELTY TO PEOPLE: 3 MONTHS

An assault involving the deliberate inflicting of pain or fear on the victim beyond the "heat of the moment". Include cutting or burning a person, holding a person's head underwater, forcing a child to do something with the purpose of causing physical pain or harm, ritualized infliction of pain, and sadistic violence or terrorization.

The most common thing to consider here is harming a child who is younger or more helpless than the child (e.g., an infant).

Note: To distinguish from normative teasing and poorly modulated play, need to determine that the act was deliberate with the purpose of causing pain or distress.

Has s/he tried to hurt anyone in the last 3 months?

How often has this happened at home? How often has this happened at daycare/school? How often has this happened anywhere else?

CRUELTY TO PEOPLE
0 = Absent
2 = Cruelty did not result in any physical injury to either party.
3 = The victim sustained some physical injury as a result (e.g. black eye or cuts).
OUH

Coding rules

PGF3I01 Intensity

PGF3F01 Home Frequency

PGF3F02 School Frequency

SCHOOL

HOME

ELSEWHERE

PGF3F03 Elsewhere Frequency

Codes

CONDUCT PROBLEMS INVOLVING VIOLENCE AGAINST PROPERTY

VANDALISM

Damage to, or destruction of, property without the intention of gain. Includes breaking, cutting or tearing up belongings.

Do not include instances in which parents allow children to write on certain walls in home (i.e., designated playroom walls, next to phone, etc.). Exclude writing on walls or similar actions which are not actually destructive to the function of the object.

Has s/he damaged or broken or smashed up anything on purpose?

What about breaking or smashing up things at daycare/school?

Has s/he broken his/her own toys or belongings?

Or other children's toys or belongings? What has s/he broken?

In the last 3 months, how often has this happened?

When was the first time this happened?

FIRE SETTING: EVER

Setting of unsanctioned fires with the intent of causing an object to burn. Intent to cause serious harm is not required.

Has s/he EVER started any fires in places where s/he is not supposed to?

Has s/he EVER caused any damage with fire? What happened? Were the police involved?

How many times has that EVER happened?

When was the first time this EVER happened?

IF FIRE SETTING: EVER, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO END.

Coding rules

Codes

PGE2101

Intensity

VANDALISM

0 = Absent

3 = Destructive acts involving damage to, or destruction of, property.



FIRE SETTING: EVER

0 = Absent

2 = Deliberate setting of unsanctioned fires, but without intent to cause damage.

3 = Deliberate setting of unsanctioned fires with deliberate intent to cause damage.



Ever:PGE4V01 Frequency



FIRE SETTING: 3 MONTHS

Setting of unsanctioned fires with the intent of causing an object to burn. Intent to cause serious harm is not required.

Has s/he started a fire in the last 3 months?

Did s/he cause any damage with fire? What happened? Were the police involved? Coding rules

Codes

FIRE SETTING: 3 MONTHS

0 = Absent

2 = Deliberate setting of unsanctioned fires, but without intent to cause damage.

3 = Deliberate setting of unsanctioned fires with deliberate intent to cause damage.



Preschool Age Psychiatric Assessment DSM 5 10.0.0

Definitions and questions

Coding rules

Codes

HYPERACTIVITY

OVERACTIVITY

Organization of the Section

The structure differs somewhat from the rest of the interview, on account of the requirements of different diagnostic systems. There are three subareas: overactivity, inattention, and impulsivity. Summary ratings are made for each subarea.

Note, however, that the concept of controllability has an additional feature here, as with many other items relevant to oppositional and conduct disorders, in that control by admonition by others is added to the usual notion of self-control. Thus it is necessary to find out whether being admonished or disciplined for the occurrence of these items brings them under control. Additionally, if a parent must exert a great amount of effort to control the child's behavior, or has given up trying to control the child's behavior, this is to be regarded as evidence of uncontrollability and intrusiveness.

We are looking here for patterns that are characteristic of the way that the child acts. Thus, if an example is given that happened only once or twice and was uncharacteristic of the child, it does not count here.

The question is does s/he control the behavior, not can/could s/he control it if s/he wanted to (or if s/he weren't disobeying or being naughty). Many parents are convinced that their children could exercise such control, if they only would; this belief is not to be regarded as evidence of controllability.

Ten minute rule

Some behaviors are not rated if the child is able to stop them, when told to, for at least 10 minutes (without being reminded within the 10 minutes). The 10 minute rule refers to an average of ten minutes. If the admonition must be repeated within a short space of time (10 minutes), then the child's behavior is regarded as not being responsive to admonition and therefore the behavior is not regarded as being controllable.

The 10 minute rule applies to Fidgetiness, Difficulty Remaining Seated When Required, and Difficulty Concentrating on Tasks Requiring Sustained Attention. It may be applied to Talks Excessively and Doing Things Quietly if one is having difficulty making a general determination. For the other generalized items and the items in the Impulsivity section, control for 10 minutes is not relevant.

Clearly, there is a great range in children of different ages regarding levels of activity, impulsivity, and the ability to control activity and impulsivity. For example, most two or three year olds have more difficulty sitting at the dinner table than five or six year olds. Nonetheless, code the behavior as described by the parent and defined in the Glossary.

FIDGETINESS

Child often fidgets with or taps hands or feet or squirms in seat. Unnecessary movements of parts of the body when stationary overall.

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

First, I'd like to talk about how active s/he is.

I want you to think about times OTHER than when s/he is watching TV, a movie, or playing video games.

How MUCH does s/he squirm or wiggle in his/her seat?

How MUCH does s/he fidget with his/her hands or feet?

Does s/he fidget more than other children?

Do teachers say that s/he is fidgety?

Can you give me some examples? How often does s/he fidget? Can s/he stop him/herself from fidgeting at times OTHER than when watching TV/ movie or playing a video game? What is s/he doing when s/he is fidgeting? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? All the time? Were there any times in the last 3 months when s/he couldn't stop him/herself?

Not including watching TV/movie or playing a video game, how long can s/he keep from fidgeting?

Is s/he like this at home?

Is s/he like this at daycare/school?

Is s/he like this elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

When did this start?

1	Coding rules	Codes
	FIDGETINESS	PRA0I01
	0 = Absent	Intensity
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
	β	
)	
	HOURS : MINUTES	PRA0D01 Duration
	OCCURS AT HOME	PRA0102
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRA0103
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRA0104
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRA0O01 Onset
		/ /

DIFFICULTY REMAINING SEATED WHEN REQUIRED (RESTLESSNESS)

Child often leaves seat in situations in which remaining seated is expected (e.g., leaves his or her seat in the classroom, restaurants, church, or other places that require remaining in place).

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Can s/he usually remain in his/her seat when s/he's supposed to?

Like at dinner?

Does s/he have difficulty remaining seated at times OTHER than when watching TV/movie or playing video games?

Do teachers say s/he has a difficult time sitting down?

Or to do a project at daycare/school? **Does s/he get up much more than other children his/her age?**

How often does this happen in the last 3 months? What is s/he doing when s/he has difficulty sitting down? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? Can s/he stop him/herself? Always or just sometimes? Where there any times in the last 3 months when s/he could not stop? What about if you ask him/her to stop?

Not including watching TV, a movie, or playing a video game, how long can s/he remain in his/her seat?

Is s/he like this at home?

Is s/he like this at daycare/school?

Is s/he like this elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

When did this start?

	Coding rules	Codes
	DIFFICULTY REMAINING SEATED	PRA2I01 Intensity
re	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
s,	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
- ,		
4	9	
0	HOURS : MINUTES	PRA2D01 Duration
0		
?		
	OCCURS AT HOME	PRA2102
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRA2103
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRA2104
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRA2O01 Onset
		/ /

RUSHES ABOUT OR CLIMBS ON THINGS **EXCESSIVELY (RESTLESSNESS)**

Child runs about or climbs in situations there it is inappropriate. Focus on the absence of a limited ability to have sustained periods of calm, well-controlled activity.

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movie video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Does s/he run around the house in situations when it not appropriate?

Or climb on things?

Is that more than other children? Is s/he still like this at times OTHER than when watching TV/movie or plaving video games? How often does this happen? What is s/he doing when s/he is acting this way? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? Can s/he stop him/herself? Always or just sometimes? What about if you ask him/her to stop? Were there any times in the last 3 months when s/he couldn't stop him/herself?

Is s/he like this at home?

Is s/he like this at daycare/school?

Is s/he like this elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

When did this start?

	Coding rules	Codes
C	RUSHES/CLIMBS EXCESSIVELY	PRA3I01 Intensity
5	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
es,		
410		
t's		
	OCCURS AT HOME	PRA3102
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRA3103
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRA3104
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRA3O01 Onset
		//

Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

ALWAYS ON THE GO

Child is often "on the go." Child acts as if "driven by a motor." Child is unable or uncomfortable being still for extended periods of time (e.g., restaurants, church). May be experienced by others as the child being restless or difficulty in keeping up with the child.

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Would you say s/he was "always on the go"?

Or as if s/he were "driven by a motor"?

What does s/he do? Is s/he still like this at times OTHER than when watching TV/movie or playing video games? How often does this happen in the last 3 months? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? Can s/he stop him/herself? Always or just some of the time? What about if you ask him/her to stop? Were there any times in the last 3 months when s/he couldn't stop him/herself?

Is s/he like this at home?

Is s/he like this at daycare/school?

Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

When did this start?

Coding rules ALWAYS ON THE GO 0 = Absent 2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition. 3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition. OCCURS AT HOME 0 = Absent 2 = Present **OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL** 0 = Absent 2 = Present **OCCURS ELSEWHERE** 0 = Absent 2 = Present

PRC4I01 Intensity

PRC4102

PRC4103

PRC4104

PRC4O01 Onset

Codes

TALKS EXCESSIVELY

Child talks excessively.

Do people complain that s/he talks too much?

Do you think s/he talks too much?

Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? Can s/he stop him/herself? All the time? Or just sometimes? What about if you ask him/her to stop?

Is s/he like this at home?

Is s/he like this at daycare/school?

Is s/he like this elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

Coding rules	Codes
TALKS EXCESSIVELY	PRA5I01
0 = Absent	Intensity
2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
OCCURS AT HOME	PRA5102
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRA5103
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRA5104
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
	PRA5O01 Onset
	//

DIFFICULTY DOING THINGS QUIETLY

Child often has difficulty playing or engaging in leisure activities quietly.

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

What happens if s/he is supposed to be doing things quietly?

Does s/he have a hard time doing things quietly?

Does s/he have a hard time doing things quietly EVEN WHEN watching TV, a movie, or playing a video game? How often does s/he have difficulty doing things quietly? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? Can s/he stop him/herself? All the time or just sometimes? What about if you ask him/her to stop?

Is s/he like this at home?

Is s/he like this at daycare/school?

Is s/he like this elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

	Coding rules	Codes
	DIFFICULTY DOING THINGS QUIETLY	PRA6101
	0 = Absent	Intensity
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
S,	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
0,		
	OCCURS AT HOME	PRA6102
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRA6103
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRA6104
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRA6O01 Onset
		//

INATTENTION

DIFFICULTY CONCENTRATING ON TASKS OR PLAY ACTIVITIES REQUIRING SUSTAINED ATTENTION - ALONE

Child often has difficulty sustaining attention in tasks or play activities (e.g., difficulty remaining focused while playing, or while reading or looking at books, etc.).

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Now I'd like to focus on how well s/he concentrates. Please think about what s/he is like in the activities that require concentration, both ones s/he is required to do and ones s/he chooses.

Is s/he able to concentrate on things when s/he has to?

Is s/he able to concentrate when doing something alone?

Like playing?

Does s/he have a hard time concentrating or focusing on things like coloring or looking at books?

Or writing his/her alphabet?

Do daycare providers/teachers tell you that s/he has a hard time concentrating?

Does s/he have more problems concentrating or focusing on things than other children his/her age?

How long can s/he concentrate for?

Is it hard for him/her to concentrate at times OTHER than when watching TV/movie or playing a video game? How often does s/he have difficulty concentrating? What is s/he doing at the time that s/he has difficulty concentrating? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? Can s/he make him/herself concentrate if s/he really tries? Always or just sometimes?

Not considering watching TV or playing a video game, how long can s/he concentrate when doing things alone?

Coding rules Codes DIFFICULTY CONCENTRATING ON PRA7101 TASKS OR PLAY ACTIVITY Intensity INDEPENDENTLY 0 = Absent 2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition. 3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition. **HOURS : MINUTES** PRA7D01 Duration

Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

finitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
Does this happen at home?	OCCURS AT HOME	PRA7I02
	0 = Absent	
Does this happen at daycare/school?	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRA7103
	0 = Absent	
Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRA7I04
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRA7O01 Onset
		//
When did that start?		/ /
	φ	

DIFFICULTY CONCENTRATING ON TASKS OR PLAY ACTIVITIES REQUIRING SUSTAINED ATTENTION - WITH ADULT

Child often has difficulty sustaining attention in tasks or play activities with adults (e.g., difficulty remaining focused during circle time, during conversations, reading or looking at books, or other tasks).

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Is s/he able to concentrate when doing things with an adult?

Can s/he play a game to the end with you?

How is s/he at practicing or writing his/her alphabet?

Can s/he sit and be read a book?

Do daycare providers/teachers tell you that s/he has a hard time concentrating?

Is it hard for him/her to concentrate at times OTHER than when watching TV/movie or playing a video game? **How long do you think s/he can concentrate?**

What is s/he doing at the time that s/he has difficulty concentrating? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? Can s/he make him/herself concentrate if s/he really tries? Always or just sometimes? How often does s/he have difficulty concentrating?

Not considering watching TV, a movie, or playing a video game, how long can s/he concentrate with adults?

Does this happen at home?

Does this happen at daycare/school?

Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

	Coding rules	Codes
sed	DIFFICULTY CONCENTRATING ON ADULT-DIRECTED TASKS OR PLAY ACTIVITIES	PRA7I05 Intensity
Ū	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
vies,	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
an	S	
t?	HOURS : MINUTES	PRA7D05 Duration
s a		
	OCCURS AT HOME	PRA7106
an	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRA7I07
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
es?		PRA7I08
	0 = Absent 2 = Present	
эо		
		PRA7O02 Onset
		//

DIFFICULTY ORGANIZING TASKS AND **ACTIVITIES**

Often has difficulty organizing tasks and activities when structure is not imposed by others (e.g., at a loss to sta structure a project; to have all the right materials on har play a game, build a train track; has difficulty managing sequential tasks; has difficulty keeping necessary mate and belongings in order; messy; disorganized work).

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, more video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Does s/he have difficulty organizing a task or activity

Like doing a project?

Are his/her belongings messy and disorganized?

Can s/he gather all materials needed to play a game

Or setting up a game? Does s/he know where to start?

If s/he gets started, does s/he then get disorganized

Is s/he able to organize a task if s/he really tries? Always or just sometimes? How often does this happen?

Is s/he like this at home?

Is s/he like this at daycare/school?

Is s/he like this elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

When did this start?

	Coding rules	Codes
n Int or nd to g erials	 DIFFICULTY ORGANIZING TASKS 0 = Absent 2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition. 3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition. 	PRC7I01 Intensity
vies,		
ity?		
e?	OCCURS AT HOME 0 = Absent 2 = Present OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRC7102
d?	0 = Absent 2 = Present OCCURS ELSEWHERE 0 = Absent 2 = Present	PRC7104
		PRC700 Onset



DIFFICULTY FOLLOWING THROUGH ON INSTRUCTIONS FROM OTHERS AND FAILS TO FINISH TASKS AND ACTIVITIES

Often does not follow through on instructions and fails to finish chores, or other duties (e.g., starts tasks but quickly loses focus and is easily sidetracked).

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

How good is s/he at following through on instructions from others?

Does s/he tend not to complete things s/he's been asked to do?

What about with things s/he has been told to do?

Is s/he easily sidetracked?

What was s/he doing at the time? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? Does s/he complete things if s/he makes an effort? Is that all the time? Or just sometimes? What about if you ask him/her to follow through? Does that happen at school as well as at home? How often does this happen?

Is s/he like this at home?

Is s/he like this at daycare/school?

Is s/he like this elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

	Coding rules	Codes
	DIFFICULTY FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS	PRA8l01 Intensity
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
,		
	S	
)	
	OCCURS AT HOME	PRA8102
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRA8103
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRA8104
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRA8O01 Onset
		//

AVOIDS TASKS REQUIRING SUSTAINED MENTAL EFFORT

Child often avoids, dislikes, or is reluctant to engage in tasks or activities that require sustained mental effort (e.g., schoolwork, homework, writing reports).

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Does s/he try to get out of things where s/he will have to concentrate?

Does s/he try to get out of practicing the ABC's or reading?

Or doing a puzzle or trying to write his/her name?

How often does that happen? Can you get him/her to do such things? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? What if you ask him/her to stop?

Is s/he like this at home?

Is s/he like this at daycare/school?

Is s/he like this elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

	Coding rules	Codes
	AVOIDS TASKS REQUIRING SUSTAINED MENTAL EFFORT	PRC5I01 Intensity
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
	01	
	OCCURS AT HOME	PRC5102
	0 = Absent	
1	2 = Present	
I	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRC5103
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRC5104
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRC5O01 Onset
		//

EASILY DISTRACTED BY EXTRANEOUS STIMULI

Child is often easily distracted extraneous stimuli.

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Is s/he easily distracted by things going on around her?

Does s/he have difficulty paying attention when s/he can look out of the window or hear other people talking in the next room?

Are these things that would distract anyone? How often does this happen? What was s/he doing at the time? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? Can s/he stop him/herself? Is that all the time or just sometimes? What about if you ask him/her to pay attention?

Is s/he like this at home?

Is s/he like this at daycare/school?

Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

	Coding rules	Codes
	EASILY DISTRACTED	PRA9101
	0 = Absent	Intensity
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
,	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
	OCCURS AT HOME	PRA9102
1	0 = Absent	
0	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRA9103
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRA9104
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRA9O01 Onset
		/ /

FORGETFUL IN DAILY ACTIVITIES

Child is often forgetful in daily activities (e.g., forgets to brush teeth or hair, to do simple chores, forgetting homework assignments or other things needed for school).

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Is s/he often forgetful in his/her daily activities?

Does s/he often forget to do his/her chores?

How about forget to brush his/her teeth?

Does s/he often forget to bring lunch or lunch money to school?

Can you give me some examples of things s/he forgets? Does s/he still forget if you remind him/her? How often does s/he forget things?

Is s/he like this at home?

Does this happen at daycare/school?

Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

Coding rules	Codes
 FORGETFUL IN DAILY ACTIVITIES 0 = Absent 2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition. 3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition. 	PRC8I01 Intensity
OCCURS AT HOME 0 = Absent 2 = Present OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL 0 = Absent 2 = Present	PRC8102 PRC8103 PRC8103
OCCURS ELSEWHERE 0 = Absent 2 = Present	PRC8I04 PRC800 Onset
	 0 = Absent 2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition. 3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition. 3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition. OCCURS AT HOME 0 = Absent 2 = Present OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL 0 = Absent 2 = Present OCCURS ELSEWHERE 0 = Absent

OFTEN LOSES THINGS THAT ARE **NECESSARY FOR TASKS/ACTIVITIES AT** DAYCARE/SCHOOL OR AT HOME

Child often loses things necessary for task and activities (e.g., school materials, pencils, books, tools, wallets, keys, paperwork, eyeglasses, mobile phone, handheld devices, or clothing).

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Does s/he lose things more than other kids do?

Does s/he lose things s/he needs for daycare/school like homework or books?

Does s/he lose things like pencils, keys, phone, or money?

Does s/he leave things, like clothing, at school or friend's house?

Does s/he get into trouble for losing things? Can s/he stop him/herself from losing things? Always or just sometimes? What if you remind him/her not to lose them? How often does s/he lose things?

Is s/he like this at home?

Does this happen at daycare/school?

Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

	Coding rules	Codes
	OFTEN LOSES THINGS	PRB2I01
	0 = Absent	Intensity
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
,		
	A	
	OCCURS AT HOME	PRB2I02
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRB2I03
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRB2I04
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRB2O01 Onset
		//



OFTEN DOES NOT SEEM TO LISTEN TO WHAT IS BEING SAID TO HIM/HER WHEN SPOKEN TO DIRECTLY

Child often does not seem to listen when spoken to directly (e.g., mind seems elsewhere even in the absence of any obvious distractions).

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Do you think s/he's good at listening to what you say to him/her?

Do teachers complain that s/he doesn't seem to listen to what they are saying to him/her?

Do other people complain that s/he doesn't seem to listen to what they are saying to him/her?

Is it like that in all activities? Or just some activities? Can you get him/her to listen? How often does this happen?

Does this happen at home?

Does this happen at daycare/school?

Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

	Coding rules	Codes
	DOES NOT LISTEN	PRB3I01
	0 = Absent	Intensity
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
	0	
		PRB3I02
1	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRB3I03
	0 = Absent 2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRB3104
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRB3O01 Onset
		//

FAILS TO PAY CLOSE ATTENTION TO DETAILS

Child often fails to give close attention to details or makes careless mistakes in schoolwork or other activities (e.g., overlooks or misses details, work is inaccurate).

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

How good is s/he at paying attention to details when s/he is working on something?

Does s/he tend to do things incorrectly or sloppily because s/he hasn't paid enough attention to the task?

Do his/her teachers say s/he doesn't pay attention?

Do his/her projects/homework show that s/he doesn't pay attention to details?

Can s/he make him/herself pay attention to details? What about if you ask him/her to pay attention? Is it like that in all activities? Or just some? How often does s/he fail to pay close attention to details?

Does this happen at home?

Does this happen at daycare/school?

Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

	Coding rules	Codes
	FAILS TO PAY ATTENTION TO DETAILS	PRB4I01 Intensity
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
	O`	
	OCCURS AT HOME	PRB4I02
4	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRB4I03
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRB4I04
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRB4O01 Onset
		/ /

IMPULSIVITY

DIFFICULTY WAITING FOR TURN IN GAMES OR IN GROUP SITUATIONS

Child often has difficulty waiting his/her turn (e.g., while standing in line). Distinguish from normative eagerness.

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting. engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Can s/he wait his/her turn for things?

Or wait for his/her turn to participate in circle time?

Can s/he stand in line and wait his/her turn?

As well as most children his/her age?

At daycare/school can s/he stand in line with the other children?

At home can s/he wait his/her turn during a game?

Why does s/he push in? Does it get him/her in trouble? Can s/he control it? What if others say something? How often does this happen?

Does this happen at home?

Does this happen at daycare/school?

Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

When did that start?

Coding rules Codes PRB7I01 **DIFFICULTY WAITING FOR TURN** Intensity 0 = Absent 2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition. 3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition. **OCCURS AT HOME** PRB7102 0 = Absent 2 = Present **OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL** PRB7I03 0 = Absent 2 = Present **OCCURS ELSEWHERE** PRB7104 0 = Absent 2 = Present Onset

PRB7O01

OFTEN BLURTS OUT ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Child blurts out answer before question has been completed (e.g., completes other people's sentences or cannot wait for turn in a conversation). Distinguish from normative eagerness.

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Does s/he tend to blurt out the answers before the person's finished asking the question?

In what situations does s/he blurt out answers? **Do teachers tell you this happens?**

Did it get him/her into trouble? Can s/he stop if s/he wants to? What if others say something? How often does that happen?

Does this happen at home?

Does this happen at daycare/school?

Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

Coding rules	Codes
OFTEN BLURTS OUT ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS	PRB8I01 Intensity
0 = Absent	
2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
O	
OCCURS AT HOME	PRB8102
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRB8103
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRB8I04
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
	PRB8O01 Onset
	/ /

OFTEN INTERRUPTS OR INTRUDES ON **OTHERS**

Child often interrupts or intrudes on others (e.g., butts conversations, games, or activities; may start using oth people's things, without asking or receiving permission may intrude into or take over what others are doing). Distinguish from normative eagerness/excitement and desire to participate in social interactions.

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, me video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situation (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Does s/he tend to interrupt other people when they talking to someone else?

What about butting into games without being invit join in?

Does s/he use other people's things without askin permission?

Can you give me an example? Does it happen as much as half of the time? Can s/he stop him/herself? What if others say something? How often does that happen?

Does this happen at home?

Does this happen at daycare/school?

Does this happen elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

When did that start?

	Coding rules	Codes
into her	OFTEN INTERRUPTS OR INTRUDES ON OTHERS	PRC1 Inten
ר;	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present in at least 2 activities and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition.	
	3 = Present in most activities and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition.	
ļ,		
l ovies,		
S		
	0	
y're	OCCURS AT HOME	PRC1
X	0 = Absent	
ed to	2 = Present	
	OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL	PRC1
g	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	OCCURS ELSEWHERE	PRC1
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
		PRC1 Onse
		/



1102







1001 et



BEHAVIORAL BLURTING

Child rarely or minimally stops and thinks before acting in response to stimuli.

Note: Symptoms may vary depending on context in a setting. Symptoms may be minimal or even absent if subject is receiving frequent rewards for appropriate behavior, is under close supervision, in a novel setting, engaged in interesting activities, has constant external stimulation (e.g., via electronic screens, that is, TV, movies, video games), or is interacting in one-on-one situations (e.g., tutoring session, the clinician's office, etc.).

Is s/he the kind of child who acts before thinking?

For example, does s/he dart away from you if s/he sees something interesting?

Or sees something s/he wants?

Will s/he stop to think about things before doing it? Always or just sometimes? How often does this happen?

Does this happen at home?

Does this happen at daycare/school?

Is s/he like this elsewhere? Like at the store or grandma's house?

When did this start?

Coding rules Codes **BEHAVIORAL BLURTING** PRD5101 Intensity 0 = Absent 2 = Present and at least sometimes uncontrollable by the child or by admonition. 3 = Present and almost never controllable by the child or by admonition. OCCURS AT HOME PRD5102 0 = Absent 2 = Present OCCURS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL PRD5103 0 = Absent 2 = Present **OCCURS ELSEWHERE** PRD5104 0 = Absent 2 = Present PRD5001 Onset

Coding rules

Codes

INCAPACITY SECTION

SUMMARY OF RULES FOR RATING INCAPACITY

Review briefly with the subject the areas where problems or symptoms have emerged during the interview. Taking one area at a time, review the areas of symptomatology to determine whether symptoms in that area have caused incapacity. Use this, and information collected throughout the interview, to complete the incapacity ratings. Remember, you need only to ask the specific questions if you have not already collected the information while covering the appropriate symptom section. If incapacity is present find out when it began. Remember to obtain separate timings for the onset of partial and severe incapacities.

IMPAIRMENT/INCAPACITY

Two levels of disturbance or impaired functioning are distinguished:

2 = Partial Incapacity; refers to a notable reduction of function in a particular area. If a person is still able to do things, but does them less well, or more slowly, then code as a Partial Incapacity.

3 = Severe Incapacity; refers to a complete, or almost complete, inability to function in a particular area.

With the exception of the lifelong symptoms mentioned below, most incapacities require a decrement or change in functioning. The decrement can predate the primary period but must still be present during the primary period.

SYMPTOM DEPENDENCE

For incapacity to be rated it must arise demonstrably from the presence of some particular symptoms or disordered behaviors. For instance, a child who has lost friends because his/her mother would not allow him/her to associate with them would not have that loss of friends rated as an incapacity here. Although, of course, it might have had crippling effects on her social life, it would not count as an incapacity because it was not secondary to any psychopathology of the child. However, it would count if the child was too frightened to leave the house and lost her friends because of it.

The specific area of psychopathology responsible for the secondary incapacity should be noted. It is not enough to record that a child was incapacitated in certain ways and that the child had certain psychopathological problems. The incapacity must be linked to the problems that seem to have generated it. Often this is difficult when children have multiple problems and incapacities, but the attempt should be made nevertheless. However, this does not mean that a particular incapacity has to be assigned to one single problem. It will sometimes be the case that several symptoms of different types will contribute to a particular incapacity. When this is the case, each contributing problem area should be recorded. It follows that if an incapacity is to be seen as being secondary to other symptoms, then those other symptoms must have been present before the onset of that incapacity. They must also have resulted in a fall-off from a previous level of attainment or proficiency if they are to be regarded as having resulted in an incapacity. Thus a child who had previously been able to function well enough in class might show a reduced ability to participate in group activities, because he felt too miserable to do so. This would be regarded as an incapacity secondary to the affective symptoms. On the other hand, if a child had always been unable to participate in group activities and later became depressed, an incapacity, secondary to depression, would be recorded only if his capacity to participate in group activities suffered a further decrement from its already low level. If there had been no further decrement, an incapacity in relation to depression would not be recorded.

Coding rules

Codes

LIFELONG SYMPTOMS/BEHAVIORS

In the case of symptoms that have been present throughout life, it will be impossible to show a decrement secondary to the symptoms, because both the symptoms and the putative incapacity will have been present simultaneously. In this situation, provided always that the incapacity can be directly related to the symptoms, it is acceptable to rate it as such. An example might be the social incapacities of a hyperactive child who had always shown such behavior from his earliest years and thus always had disturbed peer relationships.

SITUATION NOT ENTERED

If the subject has not entered a particular social situation (e.g. daycare/school) during the preceding three months, but there is clear evidence from past experience that incapacity would have been manifested had s/he been in the situation (e.g. discordant peer relationships would have been present) then that incapacity is rated as being present, and its date of onset should be determined. The intensity rating should not be higher than the previously actually occurring highest intensity. Quite often in such a situation, the incapacity will have been contributory to the failure to enter the social situation under consideration.

The incapacitating effects of the psychopathology do not have to be directly due to the behavior of the child but may be mediated by others. For instance, if a boy were excluded from school for constant fighting and trouble making, that would be counted as an incapacitation of school performance just as much as if the child had failed to attend because of his own anxiety about leaving home.

ONSETS

The rules for dating the onset of incapacities are essentially the same as those for dating symptom onsets. That is, the decision is first made as to whether or not a particular incapacity was present during the 3 month primary period. If it was, then its onset is coded as the date it appeared at the minimum criterion level required by the glossary definition. Once again, there is a proviso that if the incapacity has been present only intermittently, the onset is dated from when the incapacity began again following the last period of one year (or longer) without incapacity. The dates of exacerbations from partial to complete incapacity are also recorded.

Even if a child did not code for any problems in a particular section of the PAPA, the Incapacity section cannot be skipped. If you have enough information, not every question needs to be asked.

TREATMENT

Referrals to professional agencies or professional concerned with child's symptoms or behavior.

Note the name of the site where treatment was received and the professionals seen.

Treatment may be coded even if symptoms did not code in the PAPA.

PARENTAL RELATIONSHIPS - PARENT #1

A child should be able to maintain relationships with his/her parents that are relatively harmonious and capable of containing positive and nurturant communication. The number of arguments or fights that a subject is involved in is rated separately. A change in the relationships, temporally associated with other symptomatology, should ordinarily be expected in order to rate incapacity.

WITHDRAWAL: Incapacity involving refusal or inability to be involved with, or talk to, parent.

DISCORD: Incapacity involving aggression, arguments, fights, or disruptive behavior.

Now I'm going to ask about how any of his/her behaviors or behavior problems that we've talked about impact different aspects of his/her life.

Does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along with you?

Do you avoid each other because of any issue(s)? Do you refuse to talk to each other?

Do these difficulties cause any arguments?

Have any of the arguments gotten physical? Did anyone get injured? What happened?

Do you need to discipline him/her more because of this issue(s)?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What issue(s) is causing the problem between him/her and you?

When did this first become a problem?

When did this first become a big problem?

Coding rules

Codes

PMA0I01

PMA0102

WITHDRAWAL

0 = Absent

2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.

3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.

DISCORD

0 = Absent

2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.

3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.

SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY

- 0 = Absent
- 2 = Present

Daycare/School Attendance



PMA0X03

PMA0X04

PMA0X05

PMA0X06

Worries/Anxieties

Separation Anxiety

Depression

Food-Related Behavior

Hyperactivity





Definitions and questions FORENIE IF PARENT #2, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO OTHER PARENT #1", (PAGE 7)

	Coding rules	Codes
	Sleep Difficulties	PMA0X09
	Conduct	PMA0X10
	Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent	<u>PMA0X1</u> 1
	#2	
		PMA0X12
	Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2	
	~	
	<u> </u>	PMA0X13
D	Relationships with Other Adults	
		PMA0X14
	Sibling Relationships	
		PMA0X15
	Peer Relationships	
	ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY	PMA0O01
		//
	ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY	PMA0O02
		/ /

PARENTAL RELATIONSHIPS - PARENT #2

A child should be able to maintain relationships with his/her parents that are relatively harmonious and capable of containing positive and nurturant communication. The number of arguments or fights that a subject is involved in is rated separately. A change in the relationships, temporally associated with other symptomatology, should ordinarily be expected in order to rate incapacity.

WITHDRAWAL: Incapacity involving refusal or inability to be involved with, or talk to, parent.

DISCORD: Incapacity involving aggression, arguments, fights, or disruptive behavior.

Does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along with "Parent #2"?

Do they avoid each other because of any issue(s)?

Do they refuse to talk to each other?

Do these difficulties cause any arguments?

Have any of the arguments gotten physical?

Did anyone get injured? What happened?

Does "Parent #2" need to discipline him/her more because of this issue(s)?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What behavior(s) is causing the problem between him/her and "Parent #2"?

When did this first become a problem?

When did this first become a big problem?

WITHDRAWAL	PMA1101
0 = Absent	
2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.	
3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.	
DISCORD	PMA1102
0 = Absent	
2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.	
3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.	
SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY	
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
Daycare/School Attendance	PMA1X03
Separation Anxiety	PMA1X04
Worries/Anxieties	PMA1X05
Depression	PMA1X06
Food-Related Behavior	

Coding rules





A1X07



PMA1X08

Definitions and questions Foresile IF OTHER PARENT #1, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "SIBLING RELATIONSHIPS: IN THE HOME", (PAGE 11)

Coding rules	Codes
Sleep Difficulties	PMA1X09
Conduct	PMA1X10
Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2	PMA1X11
Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2	PMA1X12
Relationships with Other Adults	PMA1X13
Sibling Relationships	PMA1X14
] PMA1X15
Peer Relationships	
ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY	PMA1001
	//
ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY	PMA1002
	//

Defir

finitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
PARENTAL RELATIONSHIPS - OTHER PARENT #1		
A child should be able to maintain relationships with his/her parents that are relatively harmonious and capable of containing positive and nurturant communication. The number of arguments or fights that a subject is involved in is rated separately. A change in the relationships, temporally associated with other symptomatology, should ordinarily be expected in order to rate incapacity. WITHDRAWAL: Incapacity involving refusal or inability to be involved with, or talk to, parent. DISCORD: Incapacity involving aggression, arguments, fights, or disruptive behavior. Does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along with "Other Parent #1"? Do they avoid each other because of any issue(s)? Do they refuse to talk to each other? Do these difficulties cause any arguments with "Other	 WITHDRAWAL 0 = Absent 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly. 3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area. DISCORD 0 = Absent 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly. 3 = Severe Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly. 3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area. SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY 	PMA2I01
Parent #1"?	0 = Absent	
Does "Other Parent #1" need to discipline him/her more because of this issue(s)?	2 = Present Daycare/School Attendance	PMA2X03
What issue(s) is causing the problem between him/her and "Other Parent #1"?	Separation Anxiety	PMA2X04
When did this first become a problem?	Worries/Anxieties	PMA2X05
When did this first become a big problem?	Depression	PMA2X06
	Food-Related Behavior	PMA2X07
	Hyperactivity	PMA2X08

Definitions and questions Foresil IF OTHER PARENT #2, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "SIBLING RELATIONSHIPS: IN THE HOME", (PAGE 11)

Coding rules	Codes
Sleep Difficulties	PMA2X09
Conduct	PMA2X10
Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2	PMA2X11
Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2	PMA2X12
Relationships with Other Adults	PMA2X13
Sibling Relationships	PMA2X14
Peer Relationships	PMA2X15
ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY	PMA2001
ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY	PMA2002

PARENTAL RELATIONSHIPS - OTHER PARENT #2

A child should be able to maintain relationships with his/her parents that are relatively harmonious and capable of containing positive and nurturant communication. The number of arguments or fights that a subject is involved in is rated separately. A change in the relationships, temporally associated with other symptomatology, should ordinarily be expected in order to rate incapacity.

WITHDRAWAL: Incapacity involving refusal or inability to be involved with, or talk to, parent.

DISCORD: Incapacity involving aggression, arguments, fights, or disruptive behavior.

Does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along with "Other Parent #2"?

Do they avoid each other because of any issue(s)? Do they refuse to talk to each other?

Do these difficulties cause any arguments?

Have any of the arguments gotten physical?

Did anyone get injured? What happened?

Does "Other Parent #2" need to discipline him/her more because of this issue?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What issue(s) is causing the problem between him/her and "Other Parent #2"?

When did this first become a problem?

When did this first become a big problem?

	Coding rules	Codes
is/her	WITHDRAWAL	PMA3101
;	0 = Absent	
ed in	2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still	
ould	able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.	
y to	3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.	
	DISCORD	PMA3102
ts,	0 = Absent	
how	2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.	
?	3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.	
	SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY	
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	Daycare/School Attendance	PMA3X03
ore		
	Separation Anxiety	PMA3X04
er and	Worries/Anxieties	PMA3X05
	Depression	PMA3X06
	Food-Related Behavior	PMA3X07
	Hyperactivity	PMA3X08

IF CHILDREN IN HOUSEHOLD,
CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO
"SIBLING RELATIONSHIPS: OUT OF
HOME", (PAGE 13).

Coding rules	Codes
Sleep Difficulties	PMA3X09
Conduct	PMA3X10
Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2	PMA3X11
Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2	PMA3X12
Relationships with Other Adults	PMA3X13
Sibling Relationships	PMA3X14
Peer Relationships	PMA3X15
ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL ICAPACITY	PMA3O01
ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY	PMA3O02
	Sleep Difficulties Conduct Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2 Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2 Relationships with Other Adults Sibling Relationships Peer Relationships ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL ICAPACITY

SIBLING RELATIONSHIPS: IN HOME

A child should be able to live in reasonable harmony with a sibling or siblings. Some arguments and fights are to be expected, but harmonious conversations and interactions should predominate. They should not be in constant jealous competition for attention or parental time. A change in relationships, temporally associated with other symptomatology, should ordinarily be expected in order to rate incapacity.

WITHDRAWAL: Incapacity involving refusal or inability to be involved with, or talk to, sibling(s).

DISCORD: Incapacity involving aggression, arguments, fights, or disruptive behavior.

Does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along with his/her sibling(s)?

Do they avoid each other because of any issue(s)?

Do they refuse to talk to each other?

Do these difficulties cause any arguments?

Have any of the arguments gotten physical?

Did anyone get injured? What happened?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What issue(s) is causing the problem between him/her and the sibling(s)?

When did this first become a problem?

When did this first become a big problem?

Coding rules Codes WITHDRAWAL 0 = Absent 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly. 3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area. DISCORD PMA4102 0 = Absent 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction able to do things but does them less well or almost complete inability to function in a SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY 0 = Absent 2 = Present PMA4X03 PMA4X04 Separation Anxiety Worries/Anxieties Depression

Food-Related Behavior

Hyperactivity

PMA4I01

of function in a particular area. Child is still more slowly.

3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or particular area.

Daycare/School Attendance



PMA4X05

PMA4X06

PMA4X07



PMA4X08



Coding rules	Codes
Sleep Difficulties	PMA4X09
Conduct	PMA4X10
Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2	PMA4X11
Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2	PMA4X12
Relationships with Other Adults	PMA4X13
Sibling Relationships	PMA4X14
Peer Relationships	PMA4X15
ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY	PMA4O01
ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY	PMA4O02

IF CHILDREN OUT OF HOUSEHOLD, **CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO** "COOPERATIVE HELPING", (PAGE 15).

correvi

SIBLING RELATIONSHIPS: OUT OF HOME

A child should be able to live in reasonable harmony with a sibling or siblings. Some arguments and fights are to be expected, but harmonious conversations and interactions should predominate. They should not be in constant jealous competition for attention or parental time. A change in relationships, temporally associated with other symptomatology, should ordinarily be expected in order to rate incapacity.

WITHDRAWAL: Incapacity involving refusal or inability to be involved with, or talk to, sibling(s).

DISCORD: Incapacity involving aggression, arguments, fights, or disruptive behavior

Does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along with his/her sibling(s) who don't live at home?

Do they avoid each other because of any issue(s)?

Do they refuse to talk to each other?

Do these difficulties cause any arguments?

Have any of the arguments gotten physical?

Did anyone get injured? What happened?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What issue(s) is causing the problem between him/her and the sibling(s)?

When did this first become a problem?

When did this first become a big problem?

Coding rules Codes WITHDRAWAL PMA5101 0 = Absent 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly. 3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area. DISCORD PMA5102 0 = Absent 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly. 3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area. SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY 0 = Absent 2 = Present PMA5X03 Daycare/School Attendance PMA5X04 Separation Anxiety PMA5X05 Worries/Anxieties **PMA5X06** Depression PMA5X07 Food-Related Behavior PMA5X08 Hyperactivity

Definitions and questions Coding rules Sleep Difficulties Conduct Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2 Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2 Relationships with Other Adults Forber Sibling Relationships Peer Relationships **ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY**

Codes

PMA5X09

PMA5X10

PMA5X11

PMA5X12

PMA5X13

PMA5X14

PMA5X15

PMA5001

PMA5002

| |

| |

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes **COOPERATIVE HELPING PROBLEMS WITH COOPERATIVE** PMA7I01 A child should be able to follow parental directions, to clean HELPING up his/her toys, bring plate to sink, or put on pajamas. Child Intensity may perform task in concert with an adult. Remember that 0 = Absent in most cases a decrement in ability or willingness to 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction perform the tasks is required for an incapacity to be noted. of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or Will s/he help with chores around the house? more slowly. 3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or Like cleaning up his/her toys? almost complete inability to function in a Or cleaning up his/her plate from the tables? particular area. SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING Are there any things that s/he can't do properly or that INCAPACITY s/he has stopped doing because of the way s/he's been feeling? 0 = Absent2 = Present Would it make a difference if s/he didn't have "symptom"? **PMA7X02** Daycare/School Attendance IF PRESENT, CONTINUE: What issue(s) is causing the problem of not helping with chores? **PMA7X03** Separation Anxiety When did this first become a problem? When did this first become a big problem? **PMA7X04** Worries/Anxieties **PMA7X05** Depression PMA7X06 Food-Related Behavior **PMA7X07** Hyperactivity PMA7X08 Sleep Difficulties **PMA7X09** Conduct

	Coding rules	Codes
	Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2	PMA7X10
	Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2	PMA7X11
	Relationships with Other Adults	PMA7X12
	Sibling Relationships	PMA7X13
	Peer Relationships	PMA7X14
	ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY	PMA7001
Ro	ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY	/ / PMA7O02
<0.		

LEAVING HOUSE

A child should be able to leave his/her house without difficulty. Obviously the range of activities that might induce a child to go outside the house varies widely with age, and judgment must be used in deciding what is consonant with the child's developmental stage.

Does anything we have been talking about make it hard for him/her to leave the house?

Like to get ready to go outside? Or to go to school or daycare?

Tell me about it.

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What issue(s) is causing the problem of not wanting to leave the house? When did this first become a problem?

Coding rules Codes LEAVING HOUSE PMA9I01 Intensity 0 = Absent 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly. 3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area. SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY 0 = Absent 2 = Present PMA9X02 Daycare/School Attendance PMA9X03 Separation Anxiety PMA9X04 Worries/Anxieties PMA9X05 Depression PMA9X06 Food-Related Behavior PMA9X07 Hyperactivity PMA9X08 **Sleep Difficulties** PMA9X09 Conduct

	Coding rules	Codes
	Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2	PMA9X10
	Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2	PMA9X11
	Relationships with Other Adults	PMA9X12
	Sibling Relationships	PMA9X13
	Peer Relationships	PMA9X14
	ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY	PMA9001
	ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY	РМА9О02 ///
<0.		

DAYCARE/SCHOOL LIFE - PERFORMANCE

Deterioration in behavior or ability to participate in school/daycare routines (e.g. circle time, rest time, story time) is considered to be evidence of an incapacity. A description of things that the child used to be able to do but can do no longer is required for a rating here; do not include children whose low intelligence limits their ability to perform at daycare/school and have, therefore, always had poor results.

However, a child that has never been able to perform due to hyperactivity or chronic conduct problems would code if it is clear that these problems contribute to difficulties with school performance.

What about at daycare/school, does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along there?

Does anything affect how well s/he does at daycare/school?

How?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What issue(s) is causing the problem at daycare/school? When did this first become a problem?

	Coding rules	Codes
	DAYCARE/SCHOOL PERFORMANCE	PMB0190
	0 = Absent	Intensity
t	2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.	
4	3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.	
	SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY	
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	Daycare/School Attendance	PMB0X02
K	Separation Anxiety	PMB0X03
	Worries/Anxieties	PMB0X04
	Depression	PMB0X05
		PMB0X06
	Food-Related Behavior	
	Hyperactivity	PMB0X07
	Sleep Difficulties	PMB0X08
		<u>PMB0X0</u> 9
	Conduct	

	Coding rules	Codes
	Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2	PMBOX10
	Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2	PMBOX11
	Relationships with Other Adults	PMBOX12
	Sibling Relationships	PMBOX1 3
	Peer Relationships	PMBOX14
00	ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY	РМВОО01
	ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY	РМВОО02 //

SUSPENDED FROM DAYCARE/SCHOOL: EVER

Exclusion from daycare/school for any length of time.

Has s/he EVER been suspended from daycare/school?

How many times has s/he EVER been suspended from daycare/school? When was the first time s/he was EVER suspended? Coding rules

Codes

SUSPENSION FROM DAYCARE/SCHOOL: EVER

0 = Absent

2 = Present



Ever:PMB1E90

Intensity

Ever:PMB1O01 Onset

|--|

IF EVER SUSPENDED, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "EXPELLED FROM DAYCARE/SCHOOL: EVER", (PAGE 24).

DAYCARE/SCHOOL SUSPENSION: 3 MONTHS

Exclusion from daycare/school for any length of time.

Has s/he been suspended in the last 3 months?

How long was s/he suspended for in the last 3 months?

What issue(s) is causing him/her to get suspended?

	Coding rules	Codes
ISPENSION: 3 MONTHS		
school for any length of time.	SUSPENSION IN LAST 3 MONTHS	PMB1101
	0 = Absent	Intensity
led in the last 3 months?	2 = Present	
ended for in the last 3 months?	DURATION OF LONGEST SUSPENSION IN LAST 3 MONTHS (IN DAYS)	PMB1D01
him/her to get suspended?	SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING	
	INCAPACITY	
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	PMB1102
	Daycare/School Attendance	
	Separation Anxiety	PMB1103
	coparation whitely	
20		
	Worries/Anxieties	PMB1I04
		PMB1105
	Depression	
	Food-Related Behavior	PMB1106
		PMB1107
	Hyperactivity	
	Sleep Difficulties	PMB1108
	Sleep Difficulties	
	Conduct	PMB1109

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2 PMB1110 Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2 PMB1111 Relationships with Other Adults PMB1112 Sibling Relationships PMB1113 Forest Peer Relationships PMB1114

EXPELLED FROM DAYCARE/SCHOOL: EVER

Expulsion from daycare/school or asked to withdraw voluntarily.

Has s/he EVER been expelled from daycare/school?

How many times has s/he EVER been expelled?

When was the first time s/he was EVER expelled?

Coding rules

Codes

BEEN EXPELLED FROM DAYCARE/SCHOOL: EVER

0 = Absent

2 = Present



/ /

Ever:PMB3E90

Intensity

IF EVER EXPELLED, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO "DAYCARE PROVIDER/TEACHER RELATIONSHIPS", (PAGE 27).

DAYCARE/SCHOOL EXPULSION: 3 MONTHS

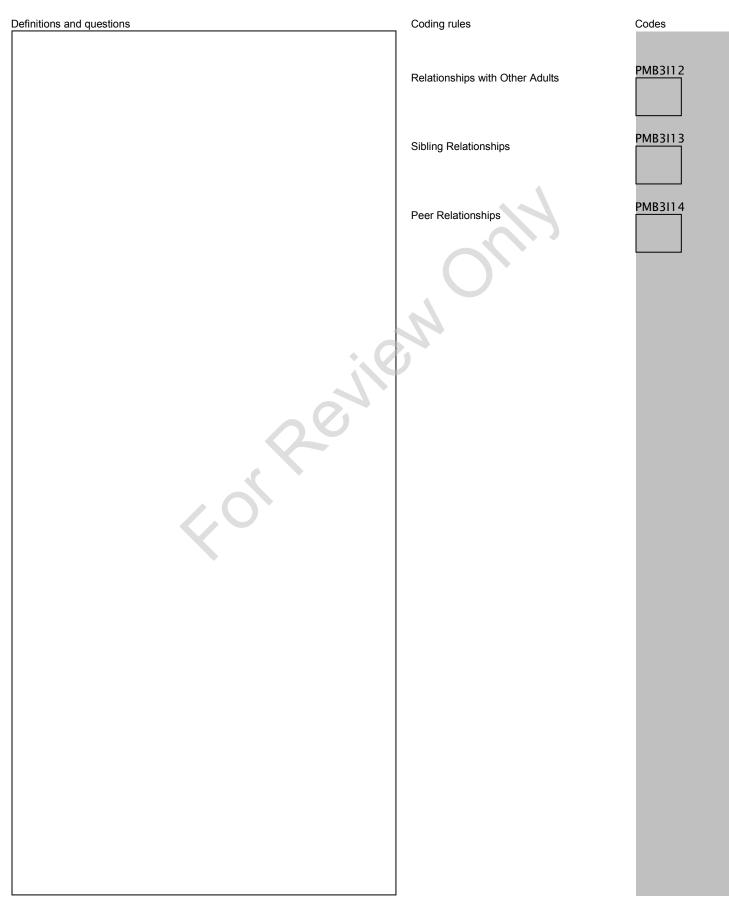
Expulsion from daycare/school or asked to withdraw voluntarily.

Forre

Has s/he been expelled in the last 3 months?

What issue(s) caused him/her to get expelled?

Coding rules Codes **EXPULSION IN LAST 3 MONTHS** PMB3101 Intensity 0 = Absent 2 = Present SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY 0 = Absent 2 = Present PMB3102 Daycare/School Attendance PMB3103 Separation Anxiety PMB3104 Worries/Anxieties PMB3105 Depression PMB3106 Food-Related Behavior PMB3107 Hyperactivity PMB3108 **Sleep Difficulties** PMB3109 Conduct PMB3I10 Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2 Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or PMB3I11 Other Parent #2



DAYCARE PROVIDER/TEACHER RELATIONSHIPS

A deterioration in a child's relationships with his/her daycare providers/teachers is regarded as an incapacity. The need to use increasing levels of disciplinary action or a withdrawal from contact with caregivers with whom the child has previously had good relationships is evidence of disturbance here. Include all non-parental caregivers (e.g. nanny) identified in the child care sections.

WITHDRAWAL: Incapacity involving refusal or inability to be involved with or talk to teachers.

DISCORD: Incapacity involving aggression, arguments, fights or disruptive behavior.

Does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along with teachers/daycare providers?

Do they avoid each other because of any issue(s)? Do they refuse to talk to each other?

Do these difficulties cause any arguments?

Do the teachers/daycare providers need to discipline him/her more because of this issue?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What behavior(s) is causing the problem between him/her and his/her teachers/daycare providers? When did this first become a problem?

	Coding rules	Codes
	WITHDRAWAL	PMB4101
а	0 = Absent	
	2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.	
	3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.	
	DISCORD	PMB4102
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.	
Q	3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.	
	SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY	
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	Daycare/School Attendance	PMB4X03
	Separation Anxiety	PMB4X04
	Worries/Anxieties	PMB4X05
	Depression	PMB4X06
	Food-Related Behavior	PMB4X07
	Hyperactivity	PMB4X08

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes PMB4X09 Sleep Difficulties PMB4X10 Conduct PMB4X11 Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2 Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or PMB4X12 Other Parent #2 PMB4X13 Relationships with Other Adults Fortes PMB4X14 Sibling Relationships PMB4X15 Peer Relationships **ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY** PMB4O01 / / **ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY** PMB4002 | |

PEER RELATIONSHIPS AT DAYCARE/SCHOOL

Children should be able to form mutually interested relationships and to undertake activities together (playing, chatting constitute activities in this setting). The loss of friends or withdrawal from peer activities indicates incapacity in this area.

WITHDRAWAL: Incapacity involving refusal or inability to be involved with or talk to peers.

DISCORD: Incapacity involving aggressions, arguments, fights or disruptive behavior.

Does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along with other children at daycare/school?

Do they avoid each other? Do they refuse to talk to each other?

Do these difficulties cause any arguments?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What issue(s) is causing the problem between him/her and the other children at daycare/school? When did this first become a problem?

When did this first become a big problem?

Coding rules

Codes

PMB5101

PMB5102

WITHDRAWAL

0 = Absent

2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.

3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.

DISCORD

0 = Absent

2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.

3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.

SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY

- 0 = Absent
- 2 = Present

Daycare/School Attendance



PMB5104

Separation Anxiety

Worries/Anxieties

Food-Related Behavior



PMB5106



PMB5107

Hyperactivity

Depression



Definitions and questions Coding rules Sleep Difficulties Conduct Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2 Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2 çorrê Relationships with Other Adults Sibling Relationships Peer Relationships **ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY**

Codes

PMB5109

PMB5110

PMB5111

PMB5112

PMB5113

PMB5114

PMB5115

PMB5001

PMB5O02

/ /

| |

PLAY (OUTSIDE OF DAYCARE/SCHOOL)

Reduction of spontaneous play by at least one third and to a degree outside their normal range of variation. Care should be taken to ensure that the subject has not lost interest I an activity for no particular reason. That is to say that the reduction in involvement must clearly be a response to some symptomatology.

Play here includes many activities: imaginary play; playing with dolls, cars, trains; outdoor play; playing on computer/Gameboy/Nintendo, etc.

Does it affect his/her playing time?

Or his/her ability to play either alone or with other kids?

Tell me about it.

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What issue(s) is affecting his/her play outside of daycare/school? When did this first become a problem?

	Coding rules	Codes
and to e st o say	 SPARE TIME ACTIVITIES 0 = Absent 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly. 	PMB6I01 Intensity
aying	3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.	
	SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING	
r	0 = Absent 2 = Present	
	Daycare/School Attendance	PMB6I02
J.	Separation Anxiety	PMB6I03
	Worries/Anxieties	PMB6I04
	Depression	PMB6105
	Food-Related Behavior	PMB6I06
	Hyperactivity	PMB6107
	Sleep Difficulties	PMB6108
	Conduct	PMB6109

 Coding rules	Codes
Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2	PMB6110
Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2	PMB6I11
Relationships with Other Adults	PMB6112
Sibling Relationships	PMB6113
Peer Relationships	PMB6114
ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY	PMB6O01
ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY	/ / РМВ6О02 / /

RELATIONSHIPS WITH ADULTS OUTSIDE THE HOME OR DAYCARE/SCHOOL

Both withdrawal from such relationships and disturbances of their harmony are evidence to be borne on mind for the purposes of a rating here.

WITHDRAWAL: Incapacity involving refusal or inability to be involved with or talk to adults.

DISCORD: Incapacity involving aggression, arguments, fights or disruptive behavior.

Does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along with other people outside the home or school, such as neighbors or people at the park (etc.)?

How about with grandparents? Has it made him/her see less of other adults or avoid them?

Do these difficulties cause any arguments?

Have any of the arguments gotten physical?

Did anyone get injured? What happened?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What behavior(s) is causing the problem between him/her and other adults?

When did this first become a problem?

	Coding rules	Codes
s e	WITHDRAWAL	PMB7I01
-	0 = Absent	
)	2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.	
	3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.	
v	DISCORD	PMB7102
or	0 = Absent	
)?	2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly.	
R	3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area.	
	SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY	
	0 = Absent	
	2 = Present	
	Daycare/School Attendance	PMB7X03
er	Separation Anxiety	PMB7X04
	Worries/Anxieties	PMB7X05
	Depression	PMB7X06
	Food-Related Behavior	PMB7X07
	Hyperactivity	PMB7X08

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes PMB7X09 Sleep Difficulties PMB7X10 Conduct PMB7X11 Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2 Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or PMB7X12 Other Parent #2 PMB7X13 Relationships with Other Adults Fortes PMB7X14 Sibling Relationships PMB7X15 Peer Relationships **ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY** PMB7001 / / PMB7002 **ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY** | |

RELATIONSHIPS WITH PEERS

Children should be able to form mutually interested relationships and to undertake activities together (chatter and playing constitute activities in this setting). The loss of friends or withdrawal from peer activities indicates incapacity in this area.

WITHDRAWAL: Incapacity involving refusal or inability to be involved with or talk to peers.

DISCORD: Incapacity involving aggression, arguments, fights or disruptive behavior.

Does anything we have been talking about affect how s/he gets along with other children outside of daycare/school?

Has it affected how s/he gets along with friends outside daycare/school?

Do they avoid each other because of any issue(s)?

Do they refuse to talk to each other?

Do these difficulties cause any arguments?

Have any of the arguments gotten physical?

Did anyone get injured? What happened?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What issue(s) is causing the problem between him/her and the other children outside of daycare/school?

When did this first become a problem?

When did this first become a big problem?

Coding rules Codes WITHDRAWAL PMB8101 0 = Absent 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly. 3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area. DISCORD PMB8102 0 = Absent 2 = Partial Incapacity: A notable reduction of function in a particular area. Child is still able to do things but does them less well or more slowly. 3 = Severe Incapacity: A complete or almost complete inability to function in a particular area. SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY 0 = Absent 2 = Present PMB8X03 Daycare/School Attendance PMB8X04 Separation Anxiety PMB8X05 Worries/Anxieties PMB8X06 Depression PMB8X07 Food-Related Behavior PMB8X08 Hyperactivity

Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes Sleep Difficulties PMB8X09 Conduct PMB8X10 Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2 PMB8X11 Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2 PMB8X12 Foreg Relationships with Other Adults PMB8X13 Sibling Relationships PMB8X14 Peer Relationships PMB8X15 **ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY** PMB8001 | | **ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY** PMB8002 | |

ABILITY TO ACT APPROPRIATELY OUTSIDE HOME OR DAYCARE/SCHOOL

Child has difficulty going places outside of the home (grocery store, restaurant, church, synagogue, and mosque) and acting appropriately and acting his/her age.

Do any of his/her behaviors make it hard for you to take him/her out in public?

Can you go out with him/her to places like the grocery store or to a restaurant?

Do you avoid taking him/her out in public places?

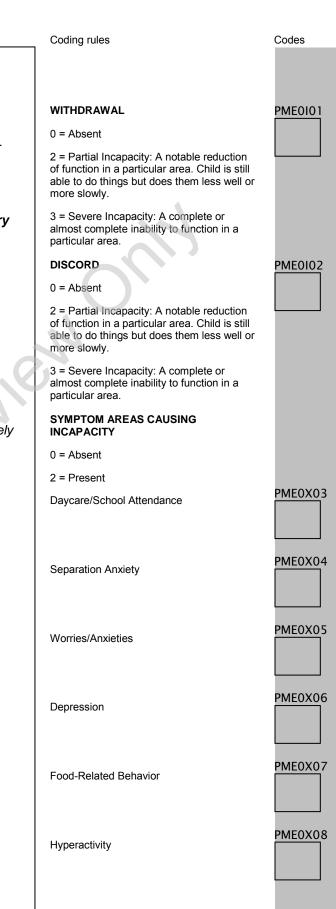
Do these difficulties cause any arguments?

Have any of the arguments gotten physical?

Did anyone get injured? What happened?

IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:

What issue(s) is affecting his/her ability to act appropriately out in public? When did this first become a problem?



Definitions and questions Coding rules Codes PME0X09 Sleep Difficulties PME0X10 Conduct PME0X11 Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent #2 Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or PME0X12 Other Parent #2 PME0X13 Relationships with Other Adults Fortes PME0X14 Sibling Relationships PME0X15 Peer Relationships PME0001 **ONSET OF FIRST PARTIAL INCAPACITY** / / PME0002 **ONSET OF FIRST SEVERE INCAPACITY** | |

Preschool Age Psychiatric Assessment DSM 5 10.0.0		
Definitions and questions	Coding rules	Codes
TREATMENT		
Referrals to professional agencies concerned with child	TREATMENT	PMD0I01 Intensity
psychopathology are coded here.	0 = Absent	
Has s/he received any treatment for any of the issues	2 = Present	
we have been talking about in the last 3 months?	SYMPTOM AREAS CAUSING INCAPACITY	
Like a doctor or anyone at daycare/school? Did s/he go to a clinic?	0 = Absent	
Or into a hospital?	2 = Present	
Who did s/he see? What did they do?	Daycare/School Attendance	PMD0X02
IF PRESENT, CONTINUE:		
	Separation Anxiety	PMD0X03
What issue(s) led you to seek treatment for him/her?		
When was the first time you sought help for him/her?	Worries/Anxieties	PMD0X04
	Depression	PMD0X05
		PMD0X06
	Food-Related Behavior	
		PMD0X07
	Hyperactivity	
	Sleep Difficulties	PMD0X08
	Conduct	PMD0X09
	Relationships with Parent #1 and/or Parent	PMD0X10
	#2	
	Relationships with Other Parent #1 and/or Other Parent #2	PMD0X11

Coding rules Relationships with Other Adults Sibling Relationships

Peer Relationships

20 = Speech Therapy

21 = Occupational/Physical Therapy

PMD0X16
PMD0001
/ /

Codes

PMD0X12

PMD0X13

PMD0X14

PMD0X15

BEGINNING OR FIRST TREATMENT

Forke

MEDICATION

Any medication prescribed by a medical practitioner (either mainstream or alternative) or given by parents or guardian. Do not include analgesics taken less than once per week for sporadic headaches, etc. However, such drugs should be included if they are taken more regularly than this.

Note: Type and daily dose if known for any medication mentioned.

Is s/he on any medication?

Or tablets or pills? Or anything from his/her doctor? What? Why is s/he taking it? IF PRESENT, COLLECT NAME OF MEDICATION AND ONSET. CODE AS PRESENT EVEN IF PRESCRIPTION WAS NEVER FILLED.

What is the name of the medication s/he is taking?

When did s/he start taking this medication?

What is the name of the medication s/he is taking?

When did s/he start taking this medication?

What is the name of the medication s/he is taking?

When did s/he start taking this medication?

What is the name of the medication s/he is taking?

When did s/he start taking this medication?

Coding rules	Codes
MEDICATION	PMC0190
0 = Absent	Intensity
2 = Present	
onix	
MINOR TRANQUILIZERS/SEDATIVES	PMC0I01
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
BEGINNING OF MINOR TRANQUILIZERS/SEDATIVES TREATMENT	РМС0001
ANTI-PSYCHOTICS/MAJOR TRANQUILIZERS	PMC1101
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
BEGINNING OF ANTI- PSYCHOTICS/MAJOR TRANQUILIZERS TREATMENT	РМС1001
STIMULANTS	PMC2101
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
BEGINNING OF STIMULANTS TREATMENT	РМС2О01
STRATTERA (ATOMOXETINE)/INTUNIV (GUANFACINE)/KAPVAY (CLONIDINE): NON-STIMULANT	PMC2I02
0 = Absent	
2 = Present	
BEGINNING OF NON-STIMULANT TREATMENT	РМС2002

What is the name of the medication s/he is taking?

When did s/he start taking this medication?

What is the name of the medication s/he is taking?

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When did s/he start taking this medication?

Coding rules

ANTIDEPRESSANTS

0 = Absent

2 = Present

BEGINNING OF ANTIDEPRESSANTS TREATMENT

LITHIUM

0 = Absent

2 = Present

BEGINNING OF LITHIUM TREATMENT

ANTICONVULSANTS

0 = Absent

2 = Present

BEGINNING OF ANTICONVULSANTS TREATMENT

ANTIBIOTICS

0 = Absent

2 = Present

BEGINNING OF ANTIBIOTICS TREATMENT

ASTHMA MEDICATION

0 = Absent

2 = Present

BEGINNING OF ASTHMA MEDICATION TREATMENT

OTHER MEDICATION

0 = Absent

2 = Present

BEGINNING OF TREATMENT

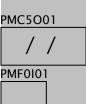














PMF1O01



PMC6001



ENDING THE INTERVIEW

Well, I think that's all I want to ask about, Thank you for being so helpful.

Is there anything else you'd like to add?

INTERVIEWER: WRITE DOWN THE TIME THE INTERVIEW ENDS!!!

AFTER FINISHING THE INTERVIEW, REMEMBER TO COMPLETE "ADEQUACY OF INTERVIEW."

.04



Codes

ADDITIONAL CONCERNS

0 = Absent

2 = Present

